# 

## GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3H

Higher Tier Paper 3 Calculator

### Mark scheme

November 2022

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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#### **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≼ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

#### Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

#### Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

#### Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

#### Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

#### Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

#### Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

#### Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

#### Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

#### Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

#### Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

#### **Continental notation**

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
1	5	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
2	0.000 18	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
3	$6x^5 + 12x^2$	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
4	15 < <i>y</i> < 150	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts
	$\frac{1}{2} \times (14 + 20) \times 11$ or 187M1oe any correct method to the trapezium			find the area of
	$\frac{1}{2}$ × 10 × 7 or 35	M1	oe eg $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 7 \times \sin 90$	
	222	A1		
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance	
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
5	Ignore Pythagoras' theorem, trigonon	erimeter calculations		
	$14\times11+\frac{1}{2}\times6\times11$			M1
	Missing brackets must be recovered			
	eg1 $\frac{1}{2} \times 20 + 14 \times 11$ and 187			
	eg2 $\frac{1}{2} \times 20 + 14 \times 11$			MO
	20 × 11 = 220			M0M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	Alternative method 1			
	72 ÷ 6 × 5 or 60	M1	oe 72÷6×11 or 132 imp	blies M1
	72 × 1.5 or 108	or 108 M1 oe eg 72 × 3 ÷ 2 14 × 12 implies M2		
	60 and 108 and 240 or 250 – 60 – 108 = 82	A1	oe eg1 168 and 240 eg2 60 and 108 and 10 eg3 168 and (250 – 72 =) 178	
	Alternative method 2			
	6 × 1.5 or 9	M1	oe eg1 6 × 3 ÷ 2 eg2 6 : 5 : 9	
	72 ÷ 6 × (6 + 5 + their 9) or 72 ÷ 6 × 5 and 72 ÷ 6 × their 9	M1dep	oe eg  12 × 20 14 × 12  implies M2	
6	9 and 240 or 60 and 108 and 240 or 250 – 60 – 108 = 82	A1	oe eg1 168 and 240 eg2 60 and 108 ar eg3 168 and (250 -	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct even if this is seen amongst multiple			
	In Alt 1 the 2nd mark is not depender In Alt 2 the 2nd mark is dependent			
	240 alone or 240 with no correct m	MO		
	$72 \div 6 \times 11 = 132$ and $132 + 108 = 240$			M1M1A1
	$1\frac{1}{2} \times 72 = 36$ and $72 + 36 = 108$ a	M1M1A1		
	$1\frac{1}{2} \times 72 = 36$			M1
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ of $72 = 36$			МО
	72 ÷ 11		MO	

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Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	Alternative method 1			
	20		B2 53 or 33 + 20 or 7	3 – 20
		B3	or $\frac{73-33}{2}$ or $\frac{40}{2}$	
			B1 73-33 or 40	
	Alternative method 2			
	33 + x or $73 - x$	M1	oe	
7(a)	x + 33 + x = 73		oe eg $33 + x = 73 - x$	
	or			
	2x + 33 = 73	M1dep		
	or			
	$\frac{73-33}{2}$ or $\frac{40}{2}$			
	20	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	33 + x = 73			M1

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	No and gives valid reason	o and gives valid reason B1 $B1$ $B1$ $B1$ $B1$ $B1$ $B1$ $B1$		
	Ad	ditional G	Buidance	
	Ignore incorrect or irrelevant stateme	ents along	side correct statements	
	Ignore all other statements and evalu	uations if 1	- 1 <sup>2</sup> =0 seen	
	Ticks Yes			B0
	No and 0, -2, -6,	B1		
	No and $1 - 1^2 = 0$ with $2 - 1^2 = 1$	B1		
7(1-)	No and $1 = 1^2$	B1		
7(b)	No and $1-1=0$ (0 is positive) (cor	B1		
	No and $n^2$ can be equal to $n$ and 1	B1		
	No and $n^2$ can be equal to $n$	B0		
	No and <i>n</i> could equal 1 which canned	B1		
	No and if you put $n = 1$ it's not negative			B1
	No and $n = 1$ and $n^2 = 1$			B1
	No, all the terms are negative except when $n = 1$			B1
	No and if $n = 1$ it creates 0			B1
	No, not when $n = 1$			В0
	No, it doesn't work for the first term			В0
	No and 0.5-0.5 <sup>2</sup> =0.25			В0
	No and when $n = 0$ it won't be negative			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	its
	24 × 1.8 or 43.2 or 20 × 1.92 or 38.4 or $\frac{432}{384}$ or $\frac{9}{8}$ or $1\frac{1}{8}$	M1	oe eg1 24 × 180 or 43 eg2 20 × 192 or 38	
	1.125 or 1.13	A1	accept 1.1 with M1 awar	ded
	Ad			
	M1 may be awarded for correct work if this is seen amongst multiple attem			
8	Ignore attempts at rounding after corr			
	Condone use of units in answer			
	eg 1.125m	M1A1		
	$\frac{9}{8} = 1.125$ on answer line			M1A1
	$\frac{9}{8}$ and 1.125 on answer line			M1A0
	$\frac{43.2}{38.4}$			M1A0
	$\frac{1.92}{1.8} = 1.1$			M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	its
	$-\frac{5}{4}$ or $-1\frac{1}{4}$ or $-1.25$	B2	B1 $\frac{5}{4}$ or $1\frac{1}{4}$ or 1.25 or x + 4 and $y - 5orpossible coordinates foror shown on a diagrameg P(0, 5) and Q(4, 0)orright-angled triangle shohorizontal length and 5 a$	wn with 4 as
	Additional Guidance			
	B1 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
9	Ignore attempts at rounding after corre			
	Accept $\frac{-5}{4}$			B2
	Condone $\frac{5}{-4}$			B2
	(x + 4) (y - 5)			B1
	x + 4 and $y - 5$ may be seen embedded in a fraction			
	eg $\frac{y - (y - 5)}{x - (x + 4)}$ or $\frac{y - (y - 5)}{x + (x + 4)}$			B1
	$-\frac{4}{5}$			B0
	4 5			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	S
	Alternative method 1	I		
	0.49 × (250 + 50)		ое	
	or	M1		
	0.49 × 300 or 147			
	their 147 – 128 or 19	M1dep		
	19 : 31	A1	SC2 answer 31 : 19	
	Alternative method 2			
	(1-0.49) × (250 + 50)		oe	
	or	M1		
10	0.51 × 300 or 153			
10	their 153 – 122 or 31	M1dep		
	19 : 31	A1	SC2 answer 31 : 19	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	147 : 153 or 153 : 147	M1M0A0		
	0.49 : 0.51	M0M0A0		
	Beware of 147 and 153 from incorrec			
	122 + 25 = 147			MO
	128 + 25 = 153			M0

Q	Answer	Mark	Commen	its
	$0.5 \times \pi \times 45$ or $0.5 \times [141, 141.4]$ or [70.5, 70.7] or $0.5 \times \pi \times 45 + 75$ or [145.5, 145.7]	M1	ое ед 22.5π	
	(0.5 × π × 45 + 75) ÷ 18 or their [145.5, 145.7] ÷ 18	M1	oe their [145.5, 145.7] can b	be any value
	8.08() or 8.09() A1 may be implied by 8.1			
11	8.1	B1ft	ft any answer seen with greater than 2 sf SC2 3.9	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts, B1ft may also be awarded			
$\frac{120}{18}$ = 6.67 answer 6.7				M0M1A0B1ft
	$\frac{120}{18} = 6.7$			M0M1A0B0ft
	$0.5 \times \pi \times 45$ and $70.7 \div 18 = 3.93$ answer 3.9			M1M1A0B1ft
	SC2 for an answer of 3.9 without working is when 75 is not used			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	Alternative method 1: ABC to DEF			
	Translation and $\begin{pmatrix} 6\\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ or 6 right and 4 up	B2	B1 translation or $\begin{pmatrix} 6\\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ or 6 right and 4 u	ıp
	Alternative method 2: DEF to ABC		L	
	Translation and $\begin{pmatrix} -6\\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ or 6 left and 4 down	B2	B1 translation or $\begin{pmatrix} -6\\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ or 6 left and 4 of	down
12	Additional Guidance			
	Do not accept 'across' for left or right			
	Do not accept (6, 4) or $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$			
	Do not accept any contradicting desc			
	Ignore fraction line shown in a correc			
	Accept the vector implied by addition to each coordinate oe			
	eg Translation and A to $D \rightarrow -4 + 6 = 2$ and $1 + 4 = 5$			B2
	<i>B</i> to $E \rightarrow -5 + 6 = 1$ and $-3 + 4 = 1$			
	C to $F \to -2 + 6 = 4$ and $-3 + 4 = 1$			
	More than one transformation used			B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt	
	The probabilities sum to 1	B1	oe eg 0.1 + 0.3 + 0.6 = 1		
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance		
	Ignore comments about the dice, eg	0.5 + 0.5	= 1		
	Do not accept an incorrect statement alongside a correct one				
13(a)	eg they add up to 1 and $0.1 + 0.4 + 0.6 = 1$			B0	
13(a)	All probabilities add up to 100%			B1	
	It doesn't include any other colours			B0	
	They add to a whole number		B0		
	The probabilities are not zero			B0	
	The only colours on the tree diagram are red, blue and green			B0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
13(b)	0.4	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
13(c)	0.15	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	$\sqrt{784}$ or 28	M1		
	(their 28) <sup>3</sup> or 21952	M1dep	21952 implies M1M1	
	10.976 ÷ their 21952 or 0.0005		oe eg 5 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
4.4(-)	or	M1dep		
14(a)	digits 10976 ÷ their 21952		eg 1097.6 ÷ their 21	952
	0.5	A1	oe	
	Additional Guidance			
	784 × 6 or 784 ÷ 6 or 784 ÷ 2			M0M0M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
14(b)	It is less than the answer to part (a)	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
15(a)	Vertical line drawn from correct point on graph to horizontal axis or [25, 27]	M1	implied by mark on horizontal axis
	[10.25, 10.27] (am)	A1	SC1 10.23 (am)

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
15(b)	80	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
	Correct tangent drawn where charge is 90%	M1	
15(c)	Correct gradient for their tangent	A1	
	Ac	ditional G	Guidance
	No tangent drawn		M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	Alternative method 1			
	$H \alpha \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$ or $H = \frac{k}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$	M1	oe equation any letter implied by $7 = \frac{k}{\sqrt[3]{64}}$	
	$(k = ) 7 \times \sqrt[3]{64}$ or $(k =) 28$	M1dep	oe	
	$H = \frac{28}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$	A1	oe equation SC1 $H = \frac{7}{4}\sqrt[3]{L}$ or $\frac{4}{7}H = \sqrt[3]{L}$	
	Alternative method 2			
	$H \alpha \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$ or $cH = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$	M1	oe equation any letter	
			implied by $7c = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{64}}$	
16(a)	$(c = ) \frac{1}{7 \times \sqrt[3]{64}}$ or $(c = ) \frac{1}{28}$	M1dep	oe	
	$\frac{H}{28} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$	A1	oe equation SC1 $H = \frac{7}{4}\sqrt[3]{L}$ or $\frac{4}{7}H$	$=\sqrt[3]{L}$
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	$(k =) 28 \text{ or } (k \alpha) 28 \text{ or } (c =) \frac{1}{28} \text{ or } (c \alpha) \frac{1}{28}$			M1M1
	Condone use of $\alpha$ for up to M1M1A0 eg			
	$H \alpha \frac{k}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$			M1
	<i>k</i> α 28			M1dep
	$H \alpha \frac{28}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$			A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	$\frac{\text{their 28}}{\sqrt[3]{2744}} \text{ or } \frac{\text{their 28}}{14}$	M1	oe	
	2		ft their equation of the fo	$\text{rm } H = \frac{k}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$
16(b)		A1ft	or $cH = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{L}}$	
			SC1 24.5	
	Addition			
	$k = 56$ in part (a) then $H = \frac{56}{\sqrt[3]{2744}}$ a	nd <i>H</i> = 4		M1A1ft

	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	$BOD = 2 \times 32$ or 64	M1	oe eg <i>BOC</i> = 64 may be seen on diagram	
	<i>OBD</i> = 90	M1	may be seen on diagram or implied by further working or answer	
17	26	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	90 can be implied by a square angle sign			
	180 – 154 implies M1M1			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt
	8 <i>m</i> – 4	B1		
	$9m + \text{their } 8m - pm = p^2 + \text{their } 4$ or $17m - pm = p^2 + \text{their } 4$	M1	collects terms after expansion	
	$m(9 + \text{their } 8 - p) = p^{2} + \text{their } 4$ or $m(17 - p) = p^{2} + \text{their } 4$ or $\frac{p^{2} + 4}{17 - p}$ $p^{2} + 4$	M1dep	factorises p oe in the form $m =$	
18	$m = \frac{p^2 + 4}{17 - p}$	A1	eg $m = \frac{-p^2 - 4}{p - 17}$	
	Additional Guidance			
	$m = \frac{p^2 + 4}{17 - p}$ in working, with $\frac{p^2 + 4}{17 - p}$ on answer line			B1M1M1A1
	$8m - 1$ $17m - pm = p^{2} + 1$ $m(17 - p) = p^{2} + 1$ $m = \frac{p^{2} + 1}{17 - p}$			B0 M1 M1 A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	
	$x^2 + y^2 = 121$ or $x^2 + y^2 = 11^2$	B1	oe equation	
40	Ade			
19	$(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 = 11^2$			B1
	$x^2 + y^2 = 11^2$ followed by incorrect working			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	
20(a)	$0.9 \times 0.8^2$ or $0.9 \times 0.64$	M1	ое	
	0.576 or 0.58 or $\frac{72}{125}$	A1	oe fraction decimal or percentage	
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore any attempt to convert a correct answer			M1A1

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	nt	
	Alternative method 1				
	(late, on time =) (1 − 0.65) × 0.65 or  0.35 × 0.65  or  0.2275 or	M1	may be seen on tree dia	gram	
	(on time, late =) 0.65 × (1 − 0.8) or  0.65 × 0.2  or  0.13				
	$(1 - 0.65) \times 0.65 + 0.65 \times (1 - 0.8)$ or $0.2275 + 0.13$	M1dep	oe		
	0.3575 or $\frac{143}{400}$	A1	oe fraction, decimal or pe Accept 0.358 or 0.36 wi	c	
	Alternative method 2				
20(b)	(late, late =) $(1 - 0.65)^2$ or 0.35 <sup>2</sup> or 0.1225		may be seen on tree diag	gram	
	or (on time, on time =) 0.65 × 0.8 or 0.52	M1			
	$1 - (1 - 0.65)^2 - 0.65 \times 0.8$ or $1 - 0.1225 - 0.52$	M1dep	oe		
	0.3575 or $\frac{143}{400}$	A1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage Accept 0.358 or 0.36 with M1 scored		
	Ad	uidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
	Ignore any attempt to convert a corre	ct answer		M1M1A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
21(a)	$-\frac{1}{2}$	B1	may be seen on diagram

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
21(b)	(2, -1)	B1	may be seen on diagram

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
	$\frac{6}{3(x+1)}$ or $\frac{(7-5x)(x+1)}{3(x+1)}$ or $\frac{3 \times 4x(x+1)}{3(x+1)}$	M1	oe one correct term with possible common denominator
22	$\frac{6}{3(x+1)}$ and $\frac{(7-5x)(x+1)}{3(x+1)}$ and $\frac{3 \times 4x(x+1)}{3(x+1)}$	M1dep	oe all terms correct with common denominator may be a single fraction
	$\frac{6}{3(x+1)} + \frac{7x+7-5x^2-5x}{3(x+1)} + \frac{12x^2+12x}{3(x+1)}$	M1dep	oe all terms correct with common denominator and brackets on numerator expanded
	$\frac{7x^2 + 14x + 13}{3(x+1)}$	A1	SC3 $7x^2 + 14x + 13 (= 0)$ or $\frac{7x^2 + 14x + 13}{3x + 1}$
	Additional Guidance		
	Do not award A mark if further incorrect simplification is seen after a correct answer		
	3(x + 1) can be $3x + 3$ throughout		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment	
	$\frac{1}{3} \times 9^2 \times 30 \times \pi$ or 810 $\pi$ or [2543, 2545.1]	M1	oe	
	$\frac{2}{3} \times 6^3 \times \pi$ or 144 $\pi$ or [452.1, 452.5]	M1		
	$30 \times \frac{6}{9}$ or 20 or $\left(\frac{6}{9}\right)^3$	M1	oe implied by 240π or [753.6, 754.1]	
23	$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{3} \times 9^2 \times 30 \times \pi  -  \frac{1}{3} \times 6^2 \times \text{their} \\ 20 \times \pi \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{3} \times 9^2 \times 30 \times \pi  -  \frac{1}{3} \times 9^2 \times 30 \times \\ \left( \frac{6}{9} \right)^3 \times \pi \\ \text{or} \\ 810\pi - 240\pi \\ \text{or} \\ \text{their} \left[ 2543, 2545.1 \right] -  \text{their} \left[ 753.6, 754.1 \right] \\ \text{or} \\ 570\pi \text{ or} \left[ 1788.9, 1791.5 \right] \end{array}$	M1dep	dep on 1st and 3rd M1	
	426π or [1336, 1339.4]	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	All values may be seen on diagrams			

Q		Answer	Mark	Comme	ent
	0.65 or 0.9	or 1.04	M1	oe	
	14000 × 0.65	or 9100	M1	M3 for	
	or	).9 <sup>3</sup> or 6633.9(0) ).9 <sup>4</sup> or 5970.51	M1dep	14000 × 0.65 × 0.9 <sup>3</sup> or 6633.9(0) or 14000 × 0.65 × 0.9 <sup>4</sup> or 5970.51 oe	
	or	or 5849.29 or 6083.26	M1		
	6633.9(0) an and 5849.29 ar		A1	value of car at years 4 and 5 value of painting at years 4 and 5	
	5970.51 and	M4A0			
24	6083.26 or evaluations	M1M0M0M1A0			
	9100 implies				
	7000 + 1400	M1M1			
	7000 + 1400	M0M1			
	Values by year				
	Year	Car value (£)	Paintin	ng value (£)	
	1	9100		5200	
	2	8190		5408	
	3	7371	5	624.32	
	4	6633.9(0)	5	849.29	
	5	5970.51	6	083.26	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comme	nt	
	7.15 or 7.25 or 13.55 or 13.65 or 109.5 or 110.5	B1			
	7.25 and 13.65 and 109.5 chosen	B1			
	0.5 × their 7.25 × their 13.65 × sin their 109.5	M1	their 7.25 must be [7.2, 7.25] their 13.65 must be [13.6, 13.65] their 109.5 must be [109.5, 110] or 110.5		
25	46.6(4) with correct bounds seen	A1ft	cored nin M1 ranges .6 or 110		
	Additional Guidance				
	Accept 7.249 for 7.25 or 13.649 for 13.65 or 110.49 for 110.5				
	7.25 and 13.65 and 110.5 used and a	B1B0M1A1ft			
	7.25 and 13.65 and 110 used and an	B1B0M1A0ft			
	7.2 and 13.6 and 110 used, with or without answer 46(.0)			B0B0M1A0ft	
	46.6(4) or 47 with no working			B0B0M0A0	



