

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

A-level MATHEMATICS

Paper 2

Time allowed: 2 hours

Materials

- You must have the AQA Formulae for A-level Mathematics booklet.
- You should have a graphical or scientific calculator that meets the requirements of the specification.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do **not** write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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19	
TOTAL	



Section AAnswer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** A circle has centre $(4, -5)$ and radius 6

Find the equation of the circle.

Tick (✓) **one** box.**[1 mark]**

$$(x - 4)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 6$$

$$(x + 4)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 6$$

$$(x - 4)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 36$$

$$(x + 4)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 36$$

- 2** State the value of

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(\pi + h) - \sin \pi}{h}$$

Circle your answer.

[1 mark] $\cos h$

-1

0

1

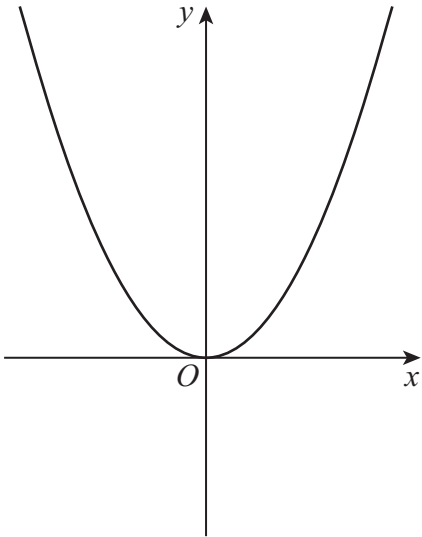


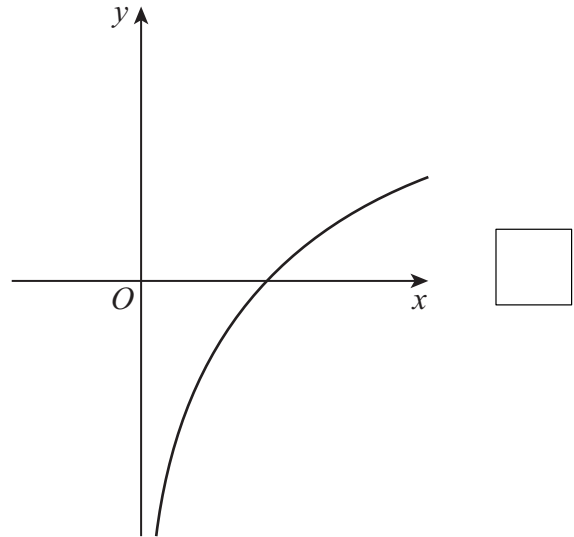
3 The function f is concave and is represented by one of the graphs below.

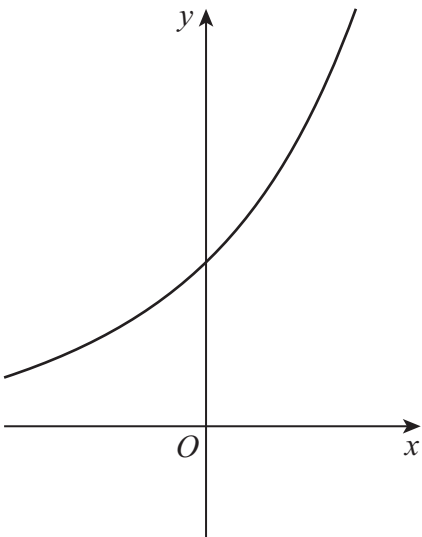
Identify the graph which represents f .

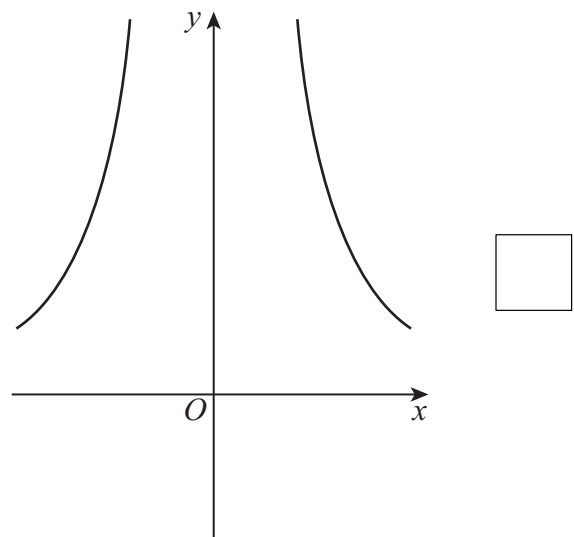
Tick (✓) **one** box.

[1 mark]









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5 The binomial expansion of $(2 + 5x)^4$ is given by

$$(2 + 5x)^4 = A + 160x + Bx^2 + 1000x^3 + 625x^4$$

5 (a) Find the value of A and the value of B .

[2 marks]

5 (b) Show that

$$(2 + 5x)^4 - (2 - 5x)^4 = Cx + Dx^3$$

where C and D are constants to be found.

[2 marks]



5 (c) Hence, or otherwise, find

$$\int \left((2 + 5x)^4 - (2 - 5x)^4 \right) dx$$

[2 marks]

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6 (a) Asif notices that $24^2 = 576$ and $2 + 4 = 6$ gives the last digit of 576

He checks two more examples:

$$27^2 = 729$$

$$2 + 7 = 9$$

Last digit 9

$$29^2 = 841$$

$$2 + 9 = 11$$

Last digit 1

Asif concludes that he can find the last digit of any square number greater than 100 by adding the digits of the number being squared.

Give a counter example to show that Asif's conclusion is **not** correct.

[2 marks]

6 (b) Claire tells Asif that he should look only at the last digit of the number being squared.

$$27^2 = 729$$

$$7^2 = 49$$

Last digit 9

$$24^2 = 576$$

$$4^2 = 16$$

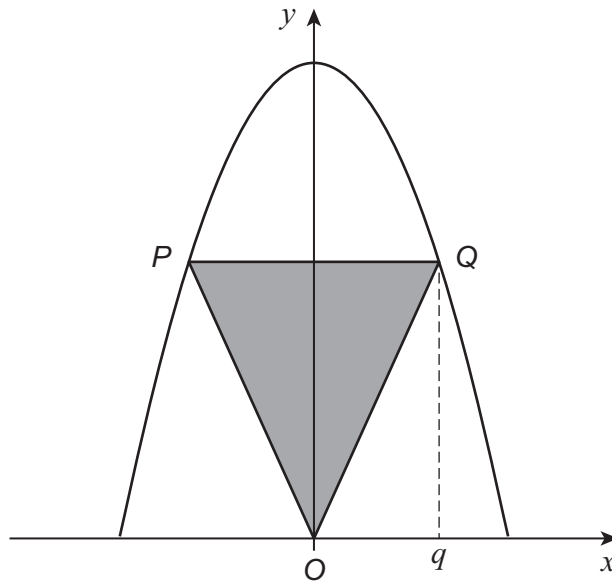
Last digit 6

Using Claire's method determine the last digit of 23456789^2

[1 mark]



- 7 The curve $y = 15 - x^2$ and the isosceles triangle OPQ are shown on the diagram below.



Vertices P and Q lie on the curve such that Q lies vertically above some point $(q, 0)$

The line PQ is parallel to the x -axis.

- 7 (a) Show that the area, A , of the triangle OPQ is given by

$$A = 15q - q^3 \quad \text{for } 0 < q < c$$

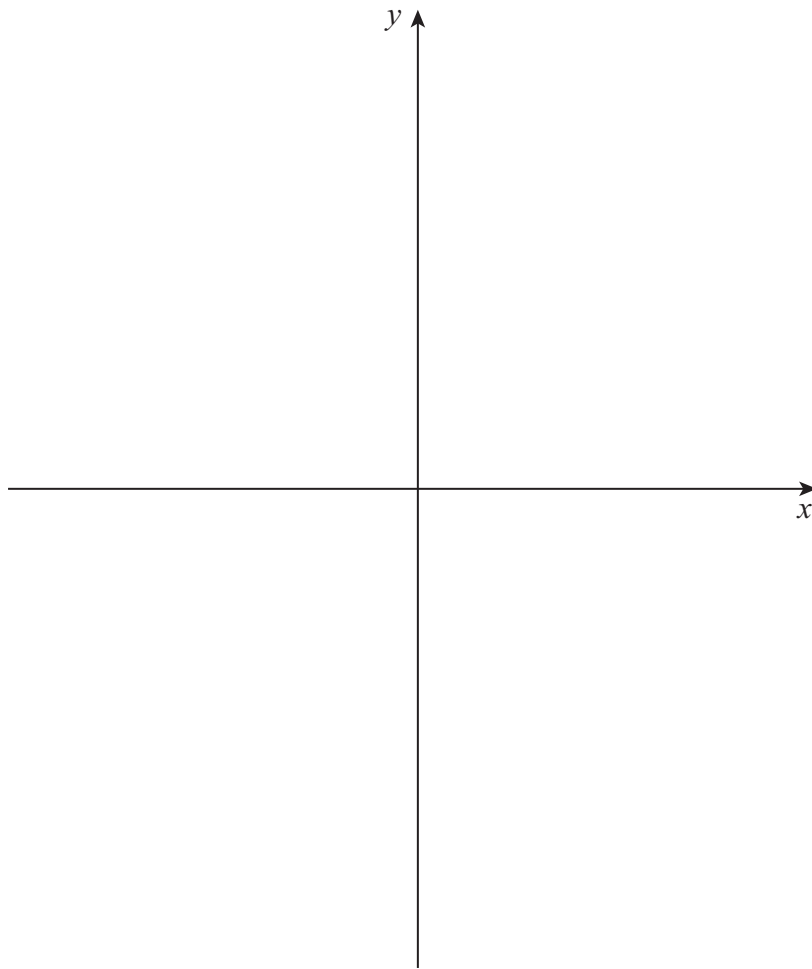
where c is a constant to be found.

[3 marks]



8 (a) Sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$

[2 marks]



8 (b) The graph of $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ can be transformed onto the graph of $y = \frac{9}{x^2}$ using a stretch in one direction.

Beth thinks the stretch should be in the y -direction.

Paul thinks the stretch should be in the x -direction.

State, giving reasons for your answer, whether Beth is correct, Paul is correct, both are correct or neither is correct.

[3 marks]

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Section B

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

11 A moon vehicle has a mass of 212 kg and a length of 3 metres.

On the moon the vehicle has a weight of 345 N

Calculate a value for acceleration due to gravity on the moon.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

0.614 m s^{-2}

1.63 m s^{-2}

1.84 m s^{-2}

4.89 m s^{-2}

12 A car is travelling along a straight horizontal road with initial velocity $u \text{ m s}^{-1}$

The car begins to accelerate at a constant rate $a \text{ m s}^{-2}$ for 5 seconds, to reach a final velocity of $4u \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Express a in terms of u .

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$a = 0.2u$

$a = 0.4u$

$a = 0.6u$

$a = 0.8u$

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13 (c) Nisha claims that the larger the size of the ball, the greater the maximum vertical height will be.

State whether Nisha is correct, giving a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

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14 A £2 coin has a diameter of 28 mm and a mass of 12 grams.

A uniform rod AB of length 160 mm and a fixed load of mass m grams are used to check that a £2 coin has the correct mass.

The rod rests with its midpoint on a support.

A £2 coin is placed face down on the rod with part of its curved edge directly above A .

The fixed load is hung by a light inextensible string from a point directly below the other end of the rod at B , as shown in the diagram.



14 (a) Given that the rod is horizontal and rests in equilibrium, find m .

[3 marks]

14 (b) State an assumption you have made about the £2 coin to answer **part (a)**.

[1 mark]



16 Two particles, P and Q , move in the same horizontal plane.

Particle P is initially at rest at the point with position vector $(-4\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j})$ metres and moves with constant acceleration $(3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-2}$

Particle Q moves in a straight line, passing through the points with position vectors $(\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j})$ metres and $(10\mathbf{i} + c\mathbf{j})$ metres.

P and Q are moving along parallel paths.

16 (a) Show that $c = -13$

[4 marks]

16 (b) (i) Find an expression for the position vector of P at time t seconds.

[1 mark]



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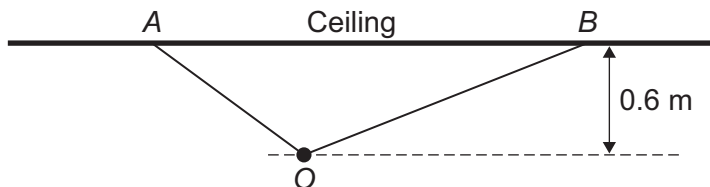
18

An object, O , of mass m kilograms is hanging from a ceiling by two light, inelastic strings of different lengths.

The shorter string, of length 0.8 metres, is fixed to the ceiling at A .

The longer string, of length 1.2 metres, is fixed to the ceiling at B .

This object hangs 0.6 metres directly below the ceiling as shown in the diagram.



18 (a)

Show that the tension in the shorter string is over 30% more than the tension in the longer string.

[4 marks]



19 (b) (i) The crate takes 3.8 seconds to reach the top of the ramp.

Find the distance OA .

[3 marks]

19 (b) (ii) Other than air resistance, state **one** assumption you have made about the crate in answering part **(b)(i)**.

[1 mark]

END OF QUESTIONS



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