

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2022

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1	25%	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	5	B1	

Q		Answer	Mark	Comments
3	9		B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4	8 <i>c</i>	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	centimetres or millimetres or inches	B1	allow abbreviations eg cm, r	mm, in
	grams or milligrams or ounces	B1	allow abbreviations eg g, m	g, oz
5(a)	Additional Guidance			
	Mark intention eg condone ou or incorrect spellings			
	Ignore any numbers with correct units			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
5(b)	20 + 40 or 60 or 90 or 1 (h) + 1 (h) + 30 (m) or 150 or 2 (h) 30 (m)	M1		
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ or 2.5	A1	oe answer in hours eg two SC1 2.3(0)	and a half
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore rounding attempt to 2 or 3 after	er correct	answer seen	
	eg 2.5 in working with answer 2			M1A1
	2 h 30 min in working with answer 2			M1A0
	1.9(0)			MO

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	8 × (0.)60 or 480 or 4.8(0)	M1	oe	
6	10 – their 4.8(0) or 5.2(0) or 1000 – their 480 or 520	M1 A1	oe $0.6(0) \leqslant \text{their } 4.8(0) < 10$ $60 \leqslant \text{their } 480 < 1000$ $5.2(0)$ or 520 implies M2	
	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct even if this is seen amongst multiple			
	$60 \div 8 = 7.50$ then $10 - 7.50$			M0M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7(a)	3	B1	allow answer in words

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	2+6+9 or 17 (2008) or 5+8+3 or 16 (2012) 17 and 16	M1	oe		
	Alternative method 2				
7(b)	2-5+6-8+9-3 or $-3-2+6$ or $5-2+8-6+3-9$ or $3+2-6$	M1	oe eg 3 more gold, 2 more silver, 6 fewer bronze	6	
	Indication that there was 1 more medal in 2008	A1	oe indication there was 1 less in 2012		
	Additional Guidance				
	17 must not be linked with 2012, 16 must not be linked with 2008				
	Ignore further work after correct answer seen				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Valid reason		eg 25 is not a multiple of 3	
			or	
		B1	25 ÷ 3 is not a whole numbe	r
			or	
			8+8+8=24 or $9+9+9$	= 27
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	Ignore incorrect or irrelevant stateme unless contradictory	nts along	side correct statements,	
	3 is not a factor of 25			B1
	(25 ÷ 3 =) 8.3()			B1
	$(25 \div 3 =) 8\frac{1}{3}$			
7(c)	$3 \times 8 = 24$ or $3 \times 9 = 27$	B1		
	It would have to be 8, 8 and 9		B1	
	25 divided by 3 is a decimal		B1	
	25 can't be (fully) divided by 3 (o	condone)		B1
	3 doesn't go into 25 (d	condone)		B1
	25 doesn't fit evenly into 3 (d	condone)		B1
	The three equal totals would not add	up to 25		B1
	None of the equal totals would add u	p to 25		В0
	There are not 3 whole numbers that a	add to ma	ke 25	В0
	25 is not a factor of 3			В0
	The difference between the possible	answers i	s 3	В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	5.6 ÷ 7 or 0.8	M1	oe		
	5.6 + their 0.8 or 6.4		oe		
		M1	their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6		
	their 6.4 – 6 or 0.4	M1dep	oe		
			dep on 2nd M1		
	400	A1	SC1 any correct conversion litres to millilitres with M0 scored		
	Alternative method 2				
	5.6 × 1000 or 5600		oe		
8	or 6 × 1000 or 6000 or 5.6 ÷ 7 or 0.8	M1			
	their 5600 ÷ 7		oe		
	or their 0.8 × 1000 or 800	M1	their 5600 must include the digits 56 consecutively		
			their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6		
	their 5600 + their 5600 ÷ 7		oe		
	or their 5600 + their 0.8 × 1000	M1dep	their 5600 must include the digits 56 consecutively		
	or	wirdep	their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6		
	6400		dep on 2nd M1		
	400	A1	SC1 any correct conversion litres to millilitres with M0 scored		

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

	Additional Guidance	
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts	
	Beware of 0.4 or 400 from incorrect working	
	6400 or 0.4 (not from incorrect working)	M1M1M1
8 cont	0.9 and 6.5 and 0.5 or 0.9 and 6.5 and 500 (500 implies 0.5)	M0M1M1A0
	560 ÷ 7 and 560 + 80 (560 includes the digits 56 consecutively)	M0M1M1A0
	560 and 80 and 640	M0M1M1A0
	560 and 600 and 80 and 40	M0M1M1A0
	In Alt 2, 0.0056 ÷ 7 (0.0056 includes the digits 56 consecutively)	M0M1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	8 in Time exercising Less than 1 hour	B1		
	23 in Exercise taken No	B1		
	58 in Total number of students	B1ft	ft 35 + their 23 or 27 + their	r 8 + their 23
	Additional Guidance			
9(a)	8 in Time exercising Less than 1 hou	r		B1
	47 in Exercise taken No			В0
	82 in Total number of students			
	7 in Time exercising Less than 1 hou	r		В0
	25 in Exercise taken No			В0
	59 in Total number of students			B1ft

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	27/35 or 0.77() or 77()% B1 oe fraction				
	Ade	ditional G	Guidance		
	Ignore attempts to simplify or convert	after corr	rect fraction seen		
	eg1 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer $\frac{5}{7}$			B1	
	eg2 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer 7.7%				
9(b)	Ignore words if correct answer seen				
	eg1 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer 27 out of 35				
	eg2 77%, unlikely Answer given as ratio (even if correct answer also seen) eg 27:35 B1 B0				
	eg 27 out of 35				
	Only 77 (without %)			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
10(a	Hexagon	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Valid reason		eg sides are not equal		
		B1	or		
			angles are not equal		
	Add	ditional G	Guidance		
	Ignore incorrect or irrelevant statements alongside correct statements, unless contradictory				
40/5)	There are no lines of symmetry				
10(b)	It has reflex angles				
	Regular polygons must have equal sides				
	All sides are different (cond	one)		B1	
	Some sides are more than 1 cm			B1	
	It doesn't have a line of symmetry	B1			
	It doesn't have one line of symmetry			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
10(0)	2	B1	allow in words
10(c)	4	B1	allow in words

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
11(a)	4	B1			
	Add				
	4 in output oval with answer line blank				
	4 in output oval with different answer on answer line				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$d = 3c - 5$ or $d = 3 \times c - 5$	B2	oe eg $d = -5 + 3c$ B1 $d = 3c$ or $d = 3 \times c$ or $3c - 5$ or $3 \times c - 5$ SC1 $c = \frac{d+5}{3}$	
	Additional Guidance			
	Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1			
11(b)	eg $d = 3c - 5$ followed by $d = -15c$			B1
	Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1 eg $3c-5$ followed by $-15c$			
	Condone $3c-5$ on answer line if d	=3c-5	seen in working	B1 B2
	3c - 5 = d		B2	
	$d = c \times 3 - 5$			B2
	d = c3 - 5			B1
	c3 – 5			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	3x + 2y	B2	either order B1 $3x$ or $2y$		
	Additional Guidance				
12(a)	2(a) Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1				
	eg $3x + 2y$ followed by $5xy$ Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1				
	eg $15x + 2y$ followed by $30xy$			B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
12(b)	8 × 25 or 200 or 25 ² or 625	M1	oe	
	8×25 or 200 and $25^2 - b$ or $625 - b$ or $25^2 - 8 \times 25$ or $625 - 200$	M1dep	oe may be seen in an equation	
	425	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	Embedded answer			M1M1A0

Q		Answer	Mark	Comments
12(c	3w + 5	;	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	True Cannot tell	B2	B1 one correct		
13	Additional Guidance				
	A tick and a cross in the same row – mark the tick				
	Allow any unambiguous indication				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
14(a)	8	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	1×7 and 2×5 and 3×4 and 4×1 and 5×3 or 7 and 10 and 12 and 4 and 15 or 48	M1	oe allow one error or omission	
	or 48 ÷ 20 M1dep with		oe eg $\frac{48}{20}$ or $\frac{12}{5}$ or $2\frac{2}{5}$ without working their 48 mus correct sum of their products	
	2.4 A1 SC1 33.75			
14(b)	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	48 ÷ 5			M1M0
	$1 \times 7 + 2 \times 5 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 1 + 5 \times 5$ $58 \div 20 = 2.9$	5 (5 × 5	is one error)	M1 M1A0
	8 + 10 + 12 + 4 + 15 (8 is one error) $49 \div 20 = 2.45$ Answer 2 after 2.4 seen $7 + 10 + 12 + 4 + 15 \div 20 \text{ not recovered}$			
	Correct products or values seen but a methods			
	eg 7 10 12 4 15 followed by	20 ÷ 5	or 20 ÷ 15	M0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	300 or 360 or 480 or 7 (× 60) or 7th or	M1		
15(a)	any 3 multiples of 60 that are greater than 60			
	420	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	420 in working with answer 7 or 7th or 7 × 60			M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
15(b)	6	B2	B1 answer 2 or answer 3 or answer 2 (×) 3 or answer 2, 6 or answer 3, 6 or answer 2, 3, 6 or (1) 2 3 4 6 (12) or (1) 2 3 6 9 (18) or (12 =) 2 (×) 2 (×) 3 or 2 ² (× or (18 =) 2 (×) 3 (×) 3 or 2 (×)	
	Ado	ditional G	Guidance	
	If correct answer 6 is obtained from a contain no errors	list of fac	ctors, then the list must	
	For use of prime factors, allow in repeding diagram or inclusion of 1	eated divi	sion or a factor tree or a Venn	
	List of factors may be seen in factor μ eg (1 × 12) 2 × 6 3 × 4	oairs (allo	w repeats)	B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2 × 3.5 or 7	M1	oe implied by 5.7() or 5 r5 c	or 42
	Ticks No and 5.7() or Ticks No and 42	A1	oe eg $\frac{40}{7}$ is less than 6	
	Ade	ditional G	Guidance	
16	Ignore area and volume calculations			
	Ticks No and 5 r 5			M1A1
	Ticks No and $5\frac{5}{7}$			M1A1
	Ticks No and 2cm too short			M1A1
	Ticks Yes and 5.7()			M1A0
	12 × 3.5			M1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17(a)	3200	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17(b)	12	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
18	b and c	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Straight line from (0, 0) to (10, 35)	B2	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square B1 one correct point $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ sq from (2, 7) to (10, 35) seen or one correct ratio apart from 2 or one correct pair of amounts 2 juice 7 water	or plotted 2:7	
19(a)	Ado	ditional G	Guidance		
19(a)	Mark intention				
	If no points plotted, a correct point from (2, 7) to (10, 35) can be implied be straight line with positive gradient				
	Two points plotted with the same <i>x</i> -codrawn through one of the points	oordinate	is choice unless the line is		
	Condone straight line from (2, 7) to (1	10, 35)		B2	
	(2, 7) seen with graph not drawn or ir	ncorrect		B1	
	10 : 35 seen with graph not drawn or		B1		
	6 juice 21 water with graph not drawr	or incorr	ect	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1 – uses the gi	ven ratio			
	17.5	B1			
	Alternative method 2 – uses their graph				
19(b)	Correct water reading for 5 litres of juice from their straight line	B1ft	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square		
	Additional Guidance				
	17 or 18 from a correct straight line			B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Ticks Yes and valid reason	B1	eg ticks Yes and she has thr often	own more
	Ado	ditional C	Guidance	
	Ignore incorrect or irrelevant stateme unless contradictory	nts along	side correct statements,	
	Ticks No			В0
	Ticks Yes and 60 is more than 40			B1
	Ticks Yes and 60 is 20 more than 40			B1
	Ticks Yes and 60 is 10 more than 40	(igno	re incorrect value 10)	B1
	Ticks Yes and she has more data to	ook at		B1
20	Ticks Yes and her number of throws	r number of throws is higher		
_•	Ticks Yes and Bianca used more throws which gives her a higher chance of getting heads			B1
	Ticks Yes and Adam has less number of throws and has more heads (ignore irrelevant has more heads)			
	Ticks Yes and Bianca throws more co	oins		B1
	Ticks Yes and she threw it 60 times,	Adam onl	y 40	B1
	Ticks Yes and she threw it 60 times,	Adam 40		В0
	Ticks Yes and she threw it 60 times and got 20			
	Ticks Yes and the probability is $\frac{20}{60}$			В0
	Ticks Yes and because her total is hi	gher		В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	tan identified	M1	oe eg tan ⁻¹	
	$\tan x = \frac{10}{4} \text{ or } \tan x = \frac{5}{2}$ or $\tan x = 2.5$	M1dep	oe eg $\tan^{-1} \frac{10}{4}$	
	or taris = Lio		or $90 - \tan^{-1} \frac{4}{10}$	
	[68, 68.2]	A1	SC1 [21.8, 22]	
	Alternative method 2			
	$\sin x = \frac{10}{\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}}$		oe eg sin $x = \frac{10}{\sqrt{116}}$	
	or $\cos x = \frac{4}{\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}}$	M2	or $\sin^{-1} \frac{10}{\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}}$	
	$\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}$		or $\cos x = \frac{4}{\sqrt{116}}$ or \cos^{-1}	$\frac{4}{\sqrt{4^2+10^2}}$
21			or $90 - \sin^{-1} \frac{4}{\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}}$	
			or $90 - \cos^{-1} \frac{10}{\sqrt{4^2 + 10^2}}$	
	[68, 68.2]	A1	SC1 [21.8, 22]	
	Additional Guidance			
	Accept 10.77 or 10.8 or 2√29 for	√116		
	Tan can be identified by, for example	, circling	ΓΟΑ in SOHCAHTOA	
	Answer from accurate drawing			M0M0A0
	$\sin x = \frac{10\sin 90}{\sqrt{116}}$			M2
	$(x =) \tan 2.5$ or $(x =) \tan 0.4$ or $(x =) \tan \left(\frac{10}{4}\right)^{-1}$ unless recovered			M1M0A0
	$\tan = \frac{10}{4}$ or $\tan = \frac{4}{10}$ or $\tan x = \frac{4}{10}$	1 0 with no	further correct working	M1M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	3 + 2 or 5 and $5\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } 9$ or $5\frac{1}{2} - 3 \text{ or } 2\frac{1}{2}$ and $3\frac{1}{2} - 2 \text{ or } 1\frac{1}{2}$ or 4	M1	oe eg 180 + 120 or 300 and 330 + 210 or 540 implied by $5\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2} - 3 - 2$		
22	$\frac{9-5}{5} \text{ or } \frac{2\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}}{3+2} \text{ or } \frac{4}{5} \text{ or } 0.8$ or $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}+3\frac{1}{2}}{3+2} \text{ (× 100) or } \frac{9}{5} \text{ (× 100)}$ or 1.8 (× 100) or 180	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{5\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2} - 3 - 2}{3 + 2}$ eg $\frac{540 - 300}{300} \text{ or } \frac{240}{300}$ or $1.8 - 1$		
	80	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Allow working fully in minutes but units must be consistent in a single calculation eg 2h 30 and 1h 30 eg $3+2=5$ and $330+210=540$ eg $3+120$ and $330+3\frac{1}{2}$ unless recovered $3+2=6, \ 5\frac{1}{2}+3\frac{1}{2}=9, \ 9-6=3, \ 3=50\%$ $3+2=6, \ 5\frac{1}{2}+3\frac{1}{2}=9, \ \text{answer 50\% (3 is implied)}$			M1 M1 M0 M1M1A0	
	9 - 6 = 3, $3 = 50%$ (no method show	n for 6)		M0M0A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
99(1)	_1 and 5	B1	either order	
	Ad			
23(a)	Ignore $x =$ written before answers			
	(-1, 0) or (5, 0)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	(2, -9)	B2	B1 $x = 2$ or $(2,)$ or $y = -9$ or $(, -9)$ or $(x - 2)^2 - 9$ B1ft correct y-coordinate coordinate with $x \neq -1$, $(x \neq -1)$		
	Additional Guidance				
23(b)	If answer line is blank, check diagram for indication of x or y values				
	(3, –9)			B1	
	(3, -8)			B1ft	
	(1, -8)			B1ft	
	(2.5, -8.75)			B1ft	
	(0, -5)			B0ft	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(8th term =) 2 ⁸ or 256	M1	oe may be implied	
	Common difference of A indicated as 3	M1	may be implied eg $3n \dots$ or $\dots + 3(n-1)$	
	$3n + 10 = $ their 256 or (their 256 – 10) \div 3	M1dep	oe equation eg $13 + 3(n - 1)$ dep on 2nd M1 their 256 may be any number	
	or (their 256 – 13) ÷ 3 or 81		be in index form	
	82	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	n + 3 implies 2nd M1			
24	Do not award M1 for 256 if it is in a list of powers of 2 unless it is indicated or it is the highest power evaluated			
	Common difference of 3 may be shown on the progression for the 2nd M1			
	10, (13, 16, 19, 22), 25 without common difference of 3 shown does not imply 2nd M1			
	82 from trial and improvement			M3A1
	Embedded answer 3 × 82 + 10 = 256			
	$3n + 10 = 256$ or $3n + 10 = 2^8$ or $3n = 246$			M1M1M1
	3n - 10 = 256			M1M1M0
	$3n + 10 = 16 (2^8 \text{ not seen})$			M0M1M1
	$3n + 6 = 2^8$			M1M1M0
	$256 - 22 = 234$, $234 \div 3$ (indicating common difference of 3)			M1M1M0
	$3n - 8 = 128 (2^8 \text{ not seen})$			M0M1M0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	4 × 2 or 8	M1	oe may be seen in an equation eg $3 \times x + 4 \times 2 = 44$		
	$\frac{44-4\times 2}{3}$ or $\frac{36}{3}$ or 12	M1dep	oe		
	38	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
25	7 × 2 or 14	M1	oe may be seen in an equation eg $7 \times 2 + 3 \times y = 44$		
	$\frac{44-7\times 2}{3}$ or $\frac{30}{3}$ or 10	M1dep	oe		
	38	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
	Working for up to M2 may be seen on the diagram				
	Beware of 38 from incorrect working $7 + 3 + 7 + 3 = 20$, $7 + 2 + 7 + 2 = 18$, $20 + 18 = 38$			МОМОАО	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 23 \end{pmatrix}$	B1		
26	26 Additional Guidance			
	Condone $\left(\frac{5}{23}\right)$			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	330 ÷ (3 + 2) or 330 ÷ 5 or 66	M1	oe eg $\frac{330}{5}$	
	their 66 × 2 or 132	M1dep	oe $\frac{2}{5} \times 330$ scores M2	
27	294 ÷ 7 or 42 or 294 ÷ 7 × 3 or 126	M1	oe eg $\frac{294}{7}$ or $\frac{3}{7} \times 294$	
	132 and 126 and A	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	132 and 88.2 and A			M1M1M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1 – compares speeds in m/s			
	200 ÷ 24 or 8.3(3)	M1	oe eg $\frac{200}{24}$ or $8\frac{1}{3}$	
	28.8 × 1000 ÷ 60 ÷ 60 or 8	M1	oe eg 28 800 ÷ 3600 or 28.8 ÷ 3.6	
	8 and 8.3(3) and Tom	A1	oe eg 8 and $8\frac{1}{3}$ and Tom	
	Alternative method 2 – compares s	speeds in	km/h	
	200 ÷ 24 or 8.3(3)	M1	oe eg $\frac{200}{24}$ or $8\frac{1}{3}$	
	their 8.3(3) ÷ 1000 × 60 × 60 or 30	M1dep	oe eg 0.0083(3) × 3600	
	30 and Tom	A1		
	Alternative method 3 – time for Adil starting with m/s			
28	28.8 × 1000 ÷ 60 ÷ 60 or 8	M1	oe eg 28 800 ÷ 3600	
	200 ÷ their 8 or 25	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{200}{8}$	
	25 and Tom	A1	oe eg Tom by 1s	
	Alternative method 4 – time for Adil starting with km/h			
	$\frac{200 \div 1000}{28.8}$ or [0.0069, 0.007]		oe eg $\frac{0.2}{28.8}$	
	or	M1		
	$\frac{200}{28.8}$ or [6.9, 7]		eg 125 18	
	their [0.0069, 0.007] × 60 × 60 or	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{0.2}{28.8} \times 3600$	
	their [6.9, 7] ÷ 1000 × 60 × 60 or 25			
	25 and Tom	A1	oe eg Tom by 1s	

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 5 – distance for Adil in 24s				
	28 800 × 24 or 691 200 or		oe eg $\frac{3456}{5}$		
	28.8 ÷ 60 ÷ 60 or 0.008 or 28.8 × 24 or 691.2	M1			
	their 691 200 ÷ 60 ÷ 60 or		oe eg 28 800 × 24 ÷ 3600		
	their 0.008 × 1000 × 24 or their 691.2 × 1000 ÷ 60 ÷ 60	M1dep			
28	or 192				
cont	192 and Tom	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
	Ignore all units				
	Allow other correct comparisons eg 500 and 480 (this eg 500 and 480 and Tom	per minute)	M1M1 M1M1A1		
	$200 \text{m} = 0.2 \text{km}, 24 \text{s} = 24 \div 60 \div 60 = \frac{1}{150} \text{hour}, 0.2 \div \frac{1}{150} = 30 \text{ and Tom}$			M1M1A1	
	$\frac{200 \div 1000}{24} = \frac{1}{120} \text{ (or } 0.0083)$			M1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
29	3.55 ≤ mass < 3.65	B1	