## GCSE <br> MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator
Mark scheme
June 2022
Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.

M dep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe $\quad$ Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b] Accept values between $a$ and $b$ inclusive.
[a, b) $\quad$ Accept values $a \leqslant$ value $<b$
3.14... $\quad$ Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $25 \%$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 5 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\frac{9}{100}$ | B1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $8 c$ | B 1 |  |




| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | $8 \times(0)$.60 or 480 or $4.8(0)$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { - their } 4.8(0) \text { or } 5.2(0) \\ & \text { or } \\ & 1000 \text { - their } 480 \text { or } 520 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe <br> $0.6(0) \leqslant$ their $4.8(0)<10$ <br> $60 \leqslant$ their $480<1000$ <br> 5.2(0) or 520 implies M2 |  |
|  | 26 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | $60 \div 8=7.50$ then $10-7.50$ |  |  | M0M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a) | 3 | B1 | allow answer in words |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
|  | $2+6+9$ <br> or 17 (2008) <br> or $5+8+3$ <br> or 16 (2012) | M1 | oe |  |
|  | 17 and 16 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $2-5+6-8+9-3$ <br> or $-3-2+6$ <br> or $5-2+8-6+3-9$ <br> or $3+2-6$ | M1 | oe eg 3 more gold, 2 more silver, 6 fewer bronze |  |
|  | Indication that there was 1 more medal in 2008 | A1 | oe indication the | ss in 2012 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 17 must not be linked with 2012, 16 must not be linked with 2008 |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore further work after correct answer seen |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(c) | Valid reason | B1 | eg 25 is not a multiple of 3 <br> or <br> $25 \div 3$ is not a whole number <br> or $8+8+8=24 \text { or } 9+9+9=27$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect or irrelevant statements alongside correct statements, unless contradictory |  |  |  |
|  | 3 is not a factor of 25 |  |  | B1 |
|  | $(25 \div 3=) 8.3(\ldots)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $(25 \div 3=) 8 \frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $3 \times 8=24$ or $3 \times 9=27$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | It would have to be 8, 8 and 9 |  |  | B1 |
|  | 25 divided by 3 is a decimal |  |  | B1 |
|  | 25 can't be (fully) divided by 3 | (ondone) |  | B1 |
|  | 3 doesn't go into 25 | ondone) |  | B1 |
|  | 25 doesn't fit evenly into 3 | ondone) |  | B1 |
|  | The three equal totals would not add up to 25 |  |  | B1 |
|  | None of the equal totals would add up to 25 |  |  | B0 |
|  | There are not 3 whole numbers that add to make 25 |  |  | B0 |
|  | 25 is not a factor of 3 |  |  | B0 |
|  | The difference between the possible answers is 3 |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $5.6 \div 7$ or 0.8 | M1 | oe |
|  | 5.6 + their 0.8 or 6.4 | M1 | oe <br> their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6 |
|  | their $6.4-6$ or 0.4 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on 2nd M1 |
|  | 400 | A1 | SC1 any correct conversion litres to millilitres with M0 scored |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $5.6 \times 1000$ or 5600 <br> or $6 \times 1000$ or 6000 <br> or $5.6 \div 7$ or 0.8 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $5600 \div 7$ <br> or their $0.8 \times 1000$ <br> or 800 | M1 | oe <br> their 5600 must include the digits 56 consecutively <br> their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6 |
|  | their $5600+$ their $5600 \div 7$ <br> or <br> their $5600+$ their $0.8 \times 1000$ <br> or <br> 6400 | M1dep | oe <br> their 5600 must include the digits 56 consecutively <br> their 0.8 must not be 0.4 and must be less than 5.6 <br> dep on 2nd M1 |
|  | 400 | A1 | SC1 any correct conversion litres to millilitres with M0 scored |

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

| $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |
|  | Beware of 0.4 or 400 from incorrect working |  |
|  | 6400 or 0.4 (not from incorrect working) | M1M1M1 |
|  | 0.9 and 6.5 and 0.5 or 0.9 and 6.5 and 500 ( 500 implies 0.5 ) | M0M1M1A0 |
|  | $560 \div 7$ and $560+80$ (560 includes the digits 56 consecutively) | M0M1M1A0 |
|  | 560 and 80 and 640 | M0M1M1A0 |
|  | 560 and 600 and 80 and 40 | M0M1M1A0 |
|  | In Alt $2,0.0056 \div 7 \quad$ ( 0.0056 includes the digits 56 consecutively) | M0M1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(a) | 8 in Time exercising Less than 1 hour | B1 |  |  |
|  | 23 in Exercise taken No | B1 |  |  |
|  | 58 in Total number of students | B1ft | $\mathrm{ft} 35+$ their 23 or $27+$ th | their 23 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 8 in Time exercising Less than 1 hour 47 in Exercise taken No 82 in Total number of students |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} 1 \\ \mathrm{~B} 0 \\ \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{ft} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 7 in Time exercising Less than 1 hour <br> 25 in Exercise taken No <br> 59 in Total number of students |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { B0 } \\ \text { B0 } \\ \text { B1ft } \end{gathered}$ |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(b) | $\frac{27}{35}$ or $0.77(\ldots)$ or $77(. \ldots) \%$ | B1 | oe fraction |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore attempts to simplify or convert after correct fraction seen eg1 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer $\frac{5}{7}$ <br> eg2 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer $7.7 \%$ |  |  | B1 <br> B1 |
|  | Ignore words if correct answer seen eg1 $\frac{27}{35}$ seen, answer 27 out of 35 eg2 77\%, unlikely |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Answer given as ratio (even if correct answer also seen) eg 27:35 |  |  | B0 |
|  | Answer only in words eg 27 out of 35 |  |  | B0 |
|  | Only 77 (without \%) |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( a )}$ | Hexagon | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer $\quad$ Mark |  | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(b) | Valid reason | B1 | eg sides are not equal or angles are not equal |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect or irrelevant statements alongside correct statements, unless contradictory |  |  |  |
|  | There are no lines of symmetry |  |  | B1 |
|  | It has reflex angles |  |  | B1 |
|  | Regular polygons must have equal sides |  |  | B1 |
|  | All sides are different (condone) |  |  | B1 |
|  | Some sides are more than 1 cm |  |  | B1 |
|  | It doesn't have a line of symmetry |  |  | B1 |
|  | It doesn't have one line of symmetry |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2} \mathbf{1 0}(\mathrm{c})$ | 2 | B1 | allow in words |
|  | 4 | B1 | allow in words |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( a )}$ | 4 | B1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  | B1 |
|  | 4 in output oval with answer line blank | B0 |  |
|  | 4 in output oval with different answer on answer line |  |  |


| Q | Answer ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mark |  | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11(b) | $d=3 c-5$ <br> or $d=3 \times c-5$ | B2 | oe eg $d=-5+3 c$ <br> B1 $d=3 c \ldots$ or $d=3 \times c \ldots$ <br> or $3 c-5$ or $3 \times c-5$ <br> $\operatorname{SC} 1 c=\frac{d+5}{3}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1 eg $d=3 c-5$ followed by $d=-15 c$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1 eg $3 c-5$ followed by $-15 c$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Condone $3 c-5$ on answer line if $d=3 c-5$ seen in working |  |  | B2 |
|  | $3 c-5=d$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $d=c \times 3-5$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $d=c 3-5$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $c 3-5$ |  |  | B0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(a) | $3 x+2 y$ | B2 | either order $\text { B1 } 3 x \text { or } 2 y$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1 eg $3 x+2 y$ followed by $5 x y$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1 eg $15 x+2 y$ followed by $30 x y$ |  |  | B1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(b) | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \times 25 \text { or } 200 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 25^{2} \text { or } 625 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | $8 \times 25 \text { or } 200$ and $25^{2}-b$ or $625-b$ or $25^{2}-8 \times 25 \text { or } 625-200$ | M1dep | oe may be seen in an equation |  |
|  | 425 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Embedded answer |  |  | M1M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(c) | $3 w+5$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | True <br> Cannot tell | B2 |  | B1 one correct |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | A tick and a cross in the same row - mark the tick |  |  |  |
|  | Allow any unambiguous indication |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(a) | 8 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(b) | $1 \times 7$ and $2 \times 5$ and $3 \times 4$ and $4 \times 1$ and $5 \times 3$ <br> or <br> 7 and 10 and 12 and 4 and 15 or <br> 48 | M1 | oe <br> allow one error or omission |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (7+10+12+4+15) \div 20 \\ & \text { or } 48 \div 20 \\ & \text { or their } 48 \div 20 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe eg $\frac{48}{20}$ or $\frac{12}{5}$ or $2 \frac{2}{5}$ <br> without working their 48 must be the correct sum of their products |  |
|  | 2.4 | A1 | SC1 33.75 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $48 \div 5$ |  |  | M1M0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 7+2 \times 5+3 \times 4+4 \times 1+5 \times 5 \quad(5 \times 5 \text { is one error }) \\ & 58 \div 20=2.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 <br> M1A0 |
|  | $8+10+12+4+15 \quad(8 \text { is one error })$$49 \div 20=2.45$ |  |  | M1 <br> M1A0 |
|  | Answer 2 after 2.4 seen |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $7+10+12+4+15 \div 20$ not recovered |  |  | M1M0 |
|  | Correct products or values seen but a different method used is a choice of methods <br> eg $7 \quad 10 \quad 12 \quad 4 \quad 15$ followed by $20 \div 5$ or $20 \div 15$ |  |  | M0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(a) | $300 \text { or } 360 \text { or } 480$ <br> or $7(\times 60)$ or 7 th or any 3 multiples of 60 that are greater than 60 | M1 |  |  |
|  | 420 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 420 in working with answer 7 | $7 \times 6$ |  | M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(b) | 6 | B2 | B1 answer 2 or answer 3 or answer $2(x) 3$ <br> or answer 2, 6 or answer 3, 6 or answer 2, 3, 6 or <br> (1) 2346 <br> or <br> (1) 2369 <br> or <br> $(12=) 2(x) 2(x) 3$ or $2^{2}(x) 3$ <br> or $(18=) 2(x) 3(x) 3 \text { or } 2(x) 3^{2}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | If correct answer 6 is obtained from a list of factors, then the list must contain no errors |  |  |  |
|  | For use of prime factors, allow in repeated division or a factor tree or a Venn diagram or inclusion of 1 |  |  |  |
|  | List of factors may be seen in factor pairs (allow repeats) eg ( $1 \times 12$ ) $2 \times 6 \quad 3 \times 4$ |  |  | B1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | $2 \times 3.5$ or 7 | M1 | oe <br> implied by 5.7(...) or 5 r |  |
|  | Ticks No and 5.7(...) or Ticks No and 42 | A1 | oe eg $\frac{40}{7}$ is less than 6 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore area and volume calculations |  |  |  |
|  | Ticks No and 5 r 5 |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | Ticks No and $5 \frac{5}{7}$ |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | Ticks No and 2 cm too short |  |  | M1A1 |
|  | Ticks Yes and 5.7(...) |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $12 \times 3.5$ |  |  | M1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17(a) | 3200 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17(b) | 12 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $b$ and $c$ | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19(a) | Straight line from $(0,0)$ to $(10,35)$ | B2 | $\pm \frac{1}{2} \text { square }$ <br> B1 one correct point $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square from $(2,7)$ to $(10,35)$ seen or plotted or one correct ratio apart from 2:7 or one correct pair of amounts apart from 2 juice 7 water |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Mark intention |  |  |  |
|  | If no points plotted, a correct point from $(2,7)$ to $(10,35)$ can be implied by a straight line with positive gradient |  |  |  |
|  | Two points plotted with the same $x$-coordinate is choice unless the line is drawn through one of the points |  |  |  |
|  | Condone straight line from $(2,7)$ to $(10,35)$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $(2,7)$ seen with graph not drawn or incorrect |  |  | B1 |
|  | 10:35 seen with graph not drawn or incorrect |  |  | B1 |
|  | 6 juice 21 water with graph not drawn or incorrect |  |  | B1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19(b) | Alternative method 1 - uses the given ratio |  |  |  |
|  | 17.5 | B1 |  |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 - uses their graph |  |  |  |
|  | Correct water reading for 5 litres of juice from their straight line | B1ft | $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 17 or 18 from a correct straight line |  |  | B1 |




| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | $3+2 \text { or } 5$ <br> and $5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}$ or 9 <br> or <br> $5 \frac{1}{2}-3$ or $2 \frac{1}{2}$ <br> and <br> $3 \frac{1}{2}-2$ or $1 \frac{1}{2}$ <br> or <br> 4 | M1 | oe eg $180+120$ or 300 and $330+210$ or 540 implied by $5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}-3-2$ |  |
|  | $\frac{9-5}{5}$ or $\frac{2 \frac{1}{2}+1 \frac{1}{2}}{3+2}$ or $\frac{4}{5}$ or 0.8 or $\frac{5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}}{3+2}(\times 100) \text { or } \frac{9}{5}(\times 100)$ <br> or $1.8(\times 100)$ <br> or 180 | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe eg } \frac{5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}-3-2}{3+2} \\ & \quad \text { eg } \frac{540-300}{300} \text { or } \frac{240}{300} \\ & \text { or } 1.8-1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 80 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Allow working fully in minutes but units must be consistent in a single calculation <br> eg 2 h 30 and 1 h 30 <br> eg $3+2=5$ and $330+210=540$ <br> eg $3+120$ and $330+3 \frac{1}{2}$ unless recovered |  |  | M1 <br> M1 <br> M0 |
|  | $3+2=6,5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}=9,9-6=3,3=50 \%$ |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $3+2=6,5 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}=9$, answer $50 \%$ ( 3 is implied) |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | $9-6=3,3=50 \%($ no method shown for 6$)$ |  |  | MOMOAO |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 23(a) | -1 and 5 | B1 | either order |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore $x=$ written before answers | B0 |  |  |
|  | $(-1,0)$ or $(5,0)$ |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer $\quad$ Mark |  | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(b) | $(2,-9)$ | B2 | B1 $x=2$ or $(2, \ldots)$ <br> or $y=-9$ or (..., <br> or $(x-2)^{2}-9$ <br> B1ft correct $y$-coor coordinate with $x \neq$ <br> SC1 $(-9,2)$ | ir $x$ - |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | If answer line is blank, check diagram for indication of $x$ or $y$ values |  |  |  |
|  | $(3,-9)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $(3,-8)$ |  |  | B1ft |
|  | $(1,-8)$ |  |  | B1ft |
|  | (2.5, -8.75) |  |  | B1ft |
|  | $(0,-5)$ |  |  | B0ft |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
|  | $4 \times 2$ or 8 | M1 | oe <br> may be seen in an equation <br> eg $3 \times x+4 \times 2=44$ |  |
|  | $\frac{44-4 \times 2}{3}$ or $\frac{36}{3}$ or 12 | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 38 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $7 \times 2$ or 14 | M1 | oe <br> may be seen in an equation eg $7 \times 2+3 \times y=44$ |  |
|  | $\frac{44-7 \times 2}{3}$ or $\frac{30}{3}$ or 10 | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 38 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | Working for up to M2 may be seen on the diagram |  |  |  |
|  | Beware of 38 from incorrect working$7+3+7+3=20,7+2+7+2=18,20+18=38$ |  |  | MOM0A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | $\binom{5}{23}$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  | B1 |
|  | Condone $\left(\frac{5}{23}\right)$ |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | $330 \div(3+2)$ or $330 \div 5$ or 66 | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{330}{5}$ |  |
|  | their $66 \times 2$ or 132 | M1dep | oe <br> $\frac{2}{5} \times 330$ scores M2 |  |
|  | $294 \div 7 \text { or } 42$ <br> or $294 \div 7 \times 3 \text { or } 126$ | M1 | oe eg $\frac{294}{7}$ or $\frac{3}{7} \times 294$ |  |
|  | 132 and 126 and $A$ | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 132 and 88.2 and $A$ |  |  | M1M1M0A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | Alternative method 1 - compares speeds in m/s |  |  |
|  | $200 \div 24$ or 8.3(3...) | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{200}{24} \text { or } 8 \frac{1}{3}$ |
|  | $28.8 \times 1000 \div 60 \div 60$ or 8 | M1 | oe eg $28800 \div 3600$ or $28.8 \div 3.6$ |
|  | 8 and 8.3(3...) and Tom | A1 | oe eg 8 and $8 \frac{1}{3}$ and Tom |
|  | Alternative method 2 - compares speeds in km/h |  |  |
|  | $200 \div 24$ or 8.3(3...) | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{200}{24} \text { or } 8 \frac{1}{3}$ |
|  | their $8.3(3 \ldots) \div 1000 \times 60 \times 60$ or 30 | M1dep | oe eg $0.0083(3 \ldots) \times 3600$ |
|  | 30 and Tom | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 3-time for Adil starting with m/s |  |  |
|  | $28.8 \times 1000 \div 60 \div 60$ or 8 | M1 | oe eg $28800 \div 3600$ |
|  | $200 \div$ their 8 or 25 | M1dep | $\text { oe eg } \frac{200}{8}$ |
|  | 25 and Tom | A1 | oe eg Tom by 1 s |
|  | Alternative method 4 - time for Adil starting with km/h |  |  |
|  | $\frac{200 \div 1000}{28.8} \text { or }[0.0069,0.007]$ <br> or $\frac{200}{28.8} \text { or }[6.9,7]$ | M1 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { oe eg } \frac{0.2}{28.8} \\ \quad \text { eg } \frac{125}{18} \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their }[0.0069,0.007] \times 60 \times 60 \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { their }[6.9,7] \div 1000 \times 60 \times 60 \\ & \text { or } 25 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | $\text { oe eg } \frac{0.2}{28.8} \times 3600$ |
|  | 25 and Tom | A1 | oe eg Tom by 1 s |

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 28 \\ \text { cont } \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 5 - distance for Adil in 24s |  |  |  |
|  | $28800 \times 24$ or 691200 or $28.8 \div 60 \div 60$ or 0.008 or $28.8 \times 24$ or 691.2 | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{3456}{5}$ |  |
|  | their $691200 \div 60 \div 60$ or <br> their $0.008 \times 1000 \times 24$ or their $691.2 \times 1000 \div 60 \div 60$ or $192$ | M1dep | oe eg $28800 \times 24 \div 3600$ |  |
|  | 192 and Tom | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore all units |  |  |  |
|  | Allow other correct comparisons <br> eg 500 and 480 <br> (this is metres per minute) <br> eg 500 and 480 and Tom |  |  | M1M1 <br> M1M1A1 |
|  | $200 \mathrm{~m}=0.2 \mathrm{~km}, 24 \mathrm{~s}=24 \div 60 \div 60=\frac{1}{150}$ hour, $0.2 \div \frac{1}{150}=30$ and Tom |  |  | M1M1A1 |
|  | $\frac{200 \div 1000}{24}=\frac{1}{120}(\text { or } 0.0083 \ldots)$ |  |  | M1 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | $3.55 \leqslant$ mass $<3.65$ | B1 |  |


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