

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

) 1	CANDIDATE NAME			
(CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	MATHEMATIC	S		0580/42
	Paper 4 (Extend	ded)		May/June 2021
				2 hours 30 minutes
	You must answe	er on the question paper.		

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions. •
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. •
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page. •
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid. •
- Do not write on any bar codes. •
- You should use a calculator where appropriate. •
- You may use tracing paper. •
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in • degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

(a)	A 2 In a	.5-litre tin of paint costs \$13.50. sale, the cost is reduced by 14%.
	(i)	Work out the sale price of this tin of paint.
		\$[2]
	(ii)	Work out the cost of buying 42.5 litres of paint at this sale price.
		\$[2]
(b)	Her	ri buys some paint in the ratio red paint : white paint : green paint = $2:8:5$.
	(i)	Find the percentage of this paint that is white.
	(ii)	Henri buys a total of 22.5 litres of paint.
		Find the number of litres of green paint he buys.
		litres [2]
(c)	Mar The	ria paints a rectangular wall. length of the wall is 20.5 m and the height is 2.4 m, both correct to 1 decimal place.

One litre of paint covers an area of exactly 10 m².

Calculate the smallest number of 2.5-litre tins of paint she will need to be sure all the wall is painted. Show all your working.

1

2 The table shows some values for $y = 2 \times 0.5^{x} - 1$.

x	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
У	3	1.83		0.41	0	-0.29	

(a) (i) Complete the table.

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2 \times 0.5^x - 1$ for $-1 \le x \le 2$.



(b) By drawing a suitable straight line, solve the equation $2 \times 0.5^{x} + 2x - 3.5 = 0$ for $-1 \le x \le 2$.

- (c) There are no solutions to the equation $2 \times 0.5^{x} 1 = k$ where k is an integer.

Complete the following statements.

The highest possible value of *k* is

[Turn over

[2]

- 3 (a) Simplify, giving your answer as a single power of 7.
 - (i) $7^5 \times 7^6$ (ii) $7^{15} \div 7^5$ (iii) 42 + 7[1]
 - **(b)** Simplify. $(5x^2 \times 2xy^4)^3$
-[3]
- (c) $P = 2^5 \times 3^3 \times 7$ Q = 540
 - (i) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of P and Q.
 -[2]
 - (ii) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of P and Q.

(iii) $P \times R$ is a cube number, where *R* is an integer. [2]

Find the smallest possible value of *R*.

- (d) Factorise the following completely.
 - (i) $x^2 3x 28$

......[2]

(ii)
$$7(a+2b)^2 + 4a(a+2b)$$

.....[2]

(e)
$$3^{2x-1} = \frac{1}{9^x} \times 3^{2y-x}$$

Find an expression for y in terms of x.

y = [4]

4 (a) The mass, *m* kg, of each of 40 parcels in a warehouse is recorded. The table shows information about the masses of these parcels.

Mass (<i>m</i> kg)	$0.5 < m \le 1$	$1 \le m \le 2$	$2 < m \leq 4$	$4 < m \leq 7$	$7 < m \leq 12$
Frequency	4	7	15	10	4





(ii) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass of the parcels.

..... kg [4]

(iii) A parcel is picked at random from the 40 parcels.

Find the probability that this parcel has a mass of 2 kg or less.

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......[1]

(iv) Two parcels are picked at random without replacement from those with a mass greater than 2 kg.

Work out the probability that one of them has a mass greater than 7 kg and the other has a mass of 4 kg or less.

.....[3]

(b) A van delivers parcels from a different warehouse. The box-and-whisker plot shows information about the masses of the parcels in the van.

5

Mass (kg)

6

7

8

9

(i) Find the median.

0

1

2

3

4

..... kg [1]

(ii) Find the interquartile range.

..... kg [1]

(iii) Two parcels are removed from the van at the first delivery. The masses of these parcels are 2.4kg and 5.8kg.

Describe the effect that removing these parcels has on the median mass of the remaining parcels. Give a reason for your answer.

5 (a)
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
(i) Find
(a) $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$,
(b) $2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$,
(c) $|\mathbf{b}|$.
(c) $|\mathbf{b}|$.

8

(ii) $\mathbf{a} + k\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 13\\ m \end{pmatrix}$, where k and m are integers. [2]

Find the value of *k* and the value of *m*.

<i>k</i> =	
<i>m</i> =	[3]



[Turn over



The diagram shows a quadrilateral ABCD made from two triangles, ABD and BCD.

(a) Show that BD = 16.9 m, correct to 1 decimal place.

(b) Calculate angle *CBD*.

6

Angle $CBD = \dots$ [4]

[3]

(c) Find the area of the quadrilateral *ABCD*.

..... m² [3]

(d) Find the shortest distance from *B* to *AD*.







8 (a) A cuboid has length $L \operatorname{cm}$, width $W \operatorname{cm}$ and height $H \operatorname{cm}$.

The diagram shows the net of this cuboid. The ratio W: L = 1: 2.

Find the value of L, the value of W and the value of H.

<i>L</i> =	
<i>W</i> =	
<i>H</i> =	[5]



The diagram shows a solid pyramid with a rectangular base *ABCD*. *E* is vertically above *D*. Angle *EDC* = angle *EDA* = 90°. AB = 18 cm, BC = 15 cm and EC = 24 cm.

(i) The pyramid is made of wood and has a mass of 800 g.

Calculate the density of the wood. Give the units of your answer.

[The volume, V, of a pyramid is $V = \frac{1}{3} \times \text{area of base} \times \text{height.}$] [Density = mass ÷ volume]

(ii) Calculate the angle between *BE* and the base of the pyramid.

13

(b)

- 9 (a) (i) The equation $y = x^3 4x^2 + 4x$ can be written as $y = x(x-a)^2$. Find the value of a.

 - (ii) On the axes, sketch the graph of $y = x^3 4x^2 + 4x$, indicating the values where the graph meets the axes.



(b) Find the equation of the tangent to the graph of $y = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x$ at x = 4. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

y =[7]

Question 10 is printed on the next page.

Sequence	1st term	2nd term	3rd term	4th term	5th term	<i>n</i> th term
A	1	8	27	64		
В	5	11	17	23		
С	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	
D	4.75	10.5	16	21		

10 The table shows four sequences A, B, C and D.

Complete the table.

[9]

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