

Mark Scheme (Results)

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Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Combined Science (1SC0) Paper 2BH

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain	
AO1		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	За	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)	Any one from:		(1)
	bacteria / fungi / decomposers / prokaryotes	accept microorganisms	AO1 1
		accept named decomposing organisms e.g. worms	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)	A description including two from:		(2)
	• (dissolved) in water (1)		AO2 1
	 diffusion through the root (1) 	accept active transport through the plant	
	 (so water moves) through the xylem (1) 	reject phloem	
	• by transpiration (stream) (1)	accept evaporated from the leaves	
	 into leaves by diffusion (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c) (i)	An explanation linking:		(2)
	 as light intensity decreases the number of (small) plants (per m²) decreases (1) 	accept reverse argument	AO3 1ab
	 because the (small) plants will not be able to photosynthesise enough (1) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c) (ii)	Any one from:		(1)
	• same time of day (1)		AO3 1ab
	• same meter (1)		
	 same position(s) in area / measure the same size area (1) 		
	 same person makes the readings (1) 		
	meter held vertically each time (1)	accept other valid variables that should be controlled	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(d)	A description including three from:		(3)
	 place a quadrat along a {rope / tape} measure (1) 	reject quadrant accept good descriptions of quadrats – e.g. ½ metre wire square	AO3 3a
	 tape measure to measure along the transect (1) 		
	 measure light intensity at different distances (from the wood) (1) 	accept use a light meter/lux meter	
	 measure the stinging nettles {along the transect / at different light intensities} (1) 		
	way of measuring growth of stinging nettles (in the quadrats) (1)	accept named examples – e.g. {height / mass/ dry mass / number of leaves / number of plants}	

(Total for question 1 = 9 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	 a diagram of the cell that reflects its shape and some of the structures (1) 	ignore a 'textbook' diagram that does not resemble cell A	(4) AO1 2
	 with any three cell structures from {nucleus / cytoplasm / membrane / cilia} (3) 		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	to {move/waft} {mucus / bacteria / dust}	ignore stop bacteria entering the body / trap bacteria	(1) AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	measurement		(2)
	(2.5 – 0 =) 2.5 (cm) (1)	accept 25 (mm)	
			AO1 1
	calculation		
	(25 ÷ 10 =) 2.5 (mm per minute)	ecf for incorrect reading divided by 10	
		award full marks	
		for correct	
		answer with no	
		working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	A description including:		(2)
	 apparatus set up as the initial investigation (1) 		AO1 1
	 using {no living organisms / glass beads} instead of living organisms (1) 	accept alternatives to glass beads / non living	

(Total for question 2 = 9 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	calculation		(2)
	(7.5 x 400 =) 3000 (1)		AO2 1
	(3000 ÷ 1000 =) 3 (mm)	ecf using 2.5 for 1 mark	
		award full marks for correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	An explanation linking:		(3)
	• the biconcave disc shape (1)	accept description of biconcave disc	AO1 1
	 results in a larger surface area (1) 		
	• so (more) oxygen can be carried (1)	accept (more) oxygen diffused	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(iii)	for oxygen to bind (inside the erythrocyte / red blood cell)	accept to carry oxygen	(1) AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)	An explanation linking three from:		(3)
	 water will move into the erythrocyte (1) by osmosis (1) 	accept red blood cell for erythrocyte	AO2 1
	down a concentration gradient (1)	accept from high water concentration to low water concentration	
	 causing the erythrocyte to {burst/lyse} (1) 		

(Total for question 3 = 9 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)(i)	B female condom	(1)
	The only correct answer is B	AO1 1
	A is incorrect because oral contraception contains hormones	
	C is incorrect because the rhythm (calendar) method does not involve a barrier	
	D is incorrect because the contraceptive implant contains hormones	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	barrier methods prevent the transmission of STIs	accept STDs / accept named STIs	(1) AO2 1
		accept for extra protection against pregnancy	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)(i)	ovary / ovaries	(1)
		AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	An explanation linking four from:		(4)
	 inhibits the production of FSH (1) 		AO1 1
	 FSH causes eggs to mature in the follicle / (no FSH means) no eggs will be matured (1) 		
	 high levels of progesterone inhibit the production of LH (1) 		
	 LH causes ovulation / (no LH) prevents ovulation (1) 		
	 if eggs are not matured and released they cannot be fertilised (1) 		
		accept thicker cervical mucus to prevent the sperm from reaching the egg (2)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)	An explanation linking four from:		(4)
	 Clomifene (maximum two marks) clomifene therapy introduces hormones into the body / stimulates hormones {LH / FSH} (1) 		AO1 1
	 to allow (more) eggs to {develop / be released} (1) 		
	IVF (maximum two marks)IVF involves fertilisation outside the body (1)		
	 so a fertilised egg cell can be implanted directly into the uterus (1) 	accept womb for uterus	
	 so if Fallopian tubes are blocked there can still be pregnancy (1) 	accept alternative reasons for using IVF	

(Total for question 4 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	substitution	award 2 marks for correct answer with no working	(2)
	$124 \div 1.8^2(1)$	answer with no working	AO1 1
	evaluation BMI = 38.27	accept 38 / 38.3	
		accept 68.9 / 68.89 for 1 mark	
		accept answers correctly rounded to any number of decimal places	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	 A description including: blood glucose concentration increased from {0 - 8 hours / from 100 to 139 / by 39 mg/dL} (1) 		(3) AO3 1 a + b
	then blood glucose concentration decreased [at 12 hours / to 90 mg/dL / by 49 mg/dL) (1)		
	blood glucose concentration increased {at 20 hours / after 12 hours / to 134 mg/dL / by 44 mg/dL} (1)	accept blood glucose concentration increased {at 24 hours / to 137 mg/dL / by 47 mg/dL} accept other calculated increases between 12 and 24 hours	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	An explanation linking:		(3)
	• the pancreas produced insulin (1)		AO2 1
	 but the cells in the {liver / muscles} were resistant to insulin (1) 	accept but there is insulin resistance	
	 so glucose was not taken up by the {liver / muscles / cells} (1) 	accept so the glucose is not converted to glycogen in the {liver / muscles}	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(iii)	An explanation linking:the blood glucose concentration decreased (at		(3) AO3 2ab
	 12 hours) (1) because the patient has used up the glucose in his blood (1) 	accept glucose used by {muscles / cells}	
	 due to increased respiration (during exercise) (1) 		

(Total for question 5 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	selection		(3)
	(1200 - 800 =) 400 (1)		
	calculation 400 ÷ 1200 = 33.33 (1)		AO2 1
	significant figures (-) 33%	ecf for incorrect calculation rounded to a whole number	
		award full marks for correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(ii)	Any two from:		(2)
	length of exercise (1)		AO2 2
	intensity of exercise (1)		
	• type of exercise (1)		
	BMI of volunteer / body mass of volunteer (1)	accept weight / height	
	• diet / food intake (1)		
	• fitness levels (1)	accept lifestyle similarities	

Question number	Indicative content	Mark	
6*(a)(iii)	AO2 increased blood flow	(6)	
	 pump more blood increased blood flow to the heart muscle increased blood flow to the other muscles to deliver more oxygen and glucose for increased respiration releasing more energy for exercise to remove more carbon dioxide to remove more lactic acid increased blood flow to the skin to help cool the body decreased blood flow decreased blood flow to the kidney decreased blood flow to the stomach to allow more blood to flow to the working muscles 		
	same blood flow		
	 blood flow to the brain remains the same as the brain needs a constant amount of oxygen and glucose to function 		

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1–2	The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic consequences connections made between elements in the context of the question.
Level 2	3–4	The lines of reasoning are unsupported or unclear. The explanation is mostly supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. Lines of reasoning are mostly supported through the
		application of relevant evidence.
Level 3	5-6	The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question.
		Lines of reasoning are supported by sustained application of relevant knowledge.

Level	Mark	
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1–2	A simple statement, referencing whether the blood through an organ is increased, decreased OR remained the same.
		Linked to a simple explanation.
Level 2	3–4	References to whether blood flow is increased, decreased or remained the same for TWO scenarios.
		Linked to two or more reasons.
Level 3	5-6	References to the blood through organs where it has increased, decreased AND remained the same.
		Linked to the need for more oxygen and glucose to the muscles / heart for increased respiration.

(Total for question 6 = 11 marks)