Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information				
Candidate surname			Other names	
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)	Cer	ntre Number	Candidate Number	
<b>Time</b> 1 hour 30 minutes		Paper reference	1GB0/01	
Geography B PAPER 1: Global Geog	rap	ohical Iss	sues	
You must have: Calculator			Total Marks	

# **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Where asked you must show all your working out with your answer clearly identified at the end of your solution.

# **Information**

- The total mark for this paper is 94.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- The marks available for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology are clearly indicated.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

Turn over ▶







### **SECTION A**

### **Hazardous Earth**

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then mark your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

1 Study Figure 1, which shows changing levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere between 1960 and 2020.

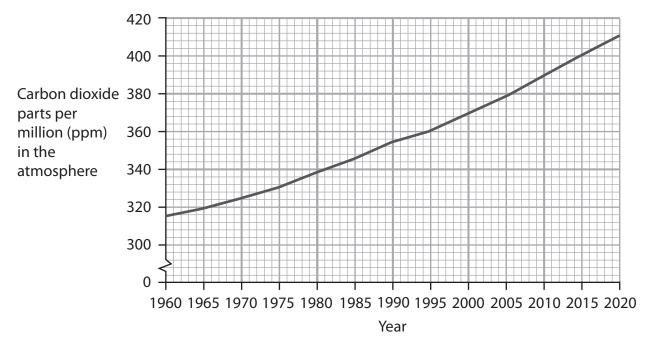


Figure 1

(a) (i) Identify the year in which the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere reached 400 parts per million (ppm).

(1)

- B 2000
- □ 1990
- (ii) Calculate the amount by which carbon dioxide (ppm) increased between 1960 and 2020.

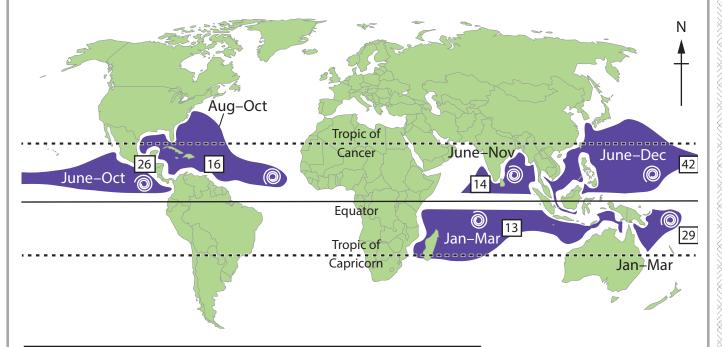
			_		
- 1	1	۲		٦	
				п	

 . ppm



(iii) State <b>two</b> human activities which cause the enhanced greenhouse effect. (2)	
2	
<ul><li>(b) Explain <b>one</b> piece of evidence which suggests human activity is causing climate change.</li><li>(2)</li></ul>	

(c) Study Figure 2, which is a map showing the distribution of tropical cyclone source areas and the number of tropical cyclones in 2018.



Key:

Source areas of tropical cyclones

Number of tropical cyclones in the source area in 2018

June–Oct Months when tropical cyclones are most likely

Figure 2

(i)			y the period when tropical cyclones are most likely to affect the East of the USA.	(1)
	×	Α	June-Oct	. ,
	×	В	Aug-Oct	
	X	C	Jan–Mar	
	X	D	June-Dec	
(ii)	Th	ere ۱	was a global total of 140 tropical cyclones in 2018.	
			ate the percentage of tropical cyclones occurring in the northern ohere in 2018.	(2)
	Sh	ow y	our working.	
				%
(111	) Us	ing i	Figure 2, explain the distribution of tropical cyclone source areas.	(3)
 (iv		scrik	be how satellite imagery can be used to assess the impact of tropical es.	(2)



(d) Study Figure 3, which is a map showing the Indonesian earthquake and tsunami which occurred in September 2018.

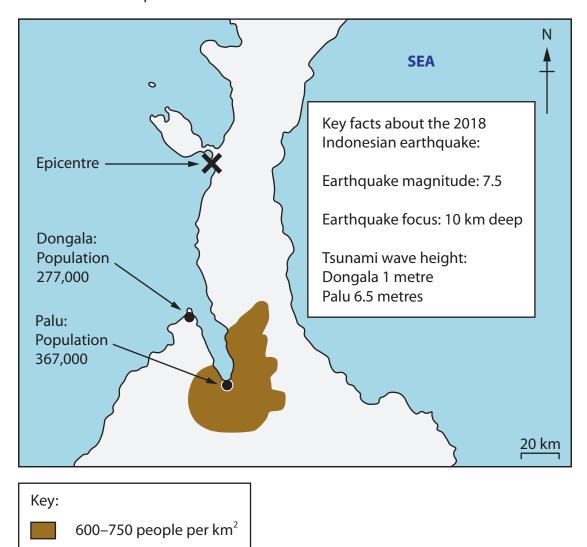
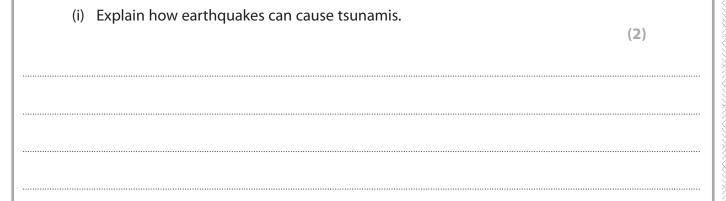


Figure 3

Urban areas

Sea

0–100 people per km<sup>2</sup>



<ul><li>(ii) Using Figure 3, suggest two reasons why many deaths occurred in Pal following the earthquake.</li></ul>	u (4)
(e) Explain <b>one</b> difference between shield and composite volcanoes.	(2)
You may use a diagram to help your answer.	



(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of the management of a volcanic or earthquake in <b>either</b> a named emerging <b>or</b> developing country.	hazard (8)
Named emerging or developing country	

(Total for Ougstion 1 - 20 marks)
(Total for Question 1 = 30 marks)
TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 30 MARKS

### **SECTION B**

# **Development Dynamics**

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then mark your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

Spelling, punctuation, grammar and the use of specialist terminology will be assessed in (e).

2	(a) (i) Identify	which <b>one</b> of the following is a political measure of development.	(1
	⊠ A	gross domestic product (GDP) per capita	•
	⊠ B	corruption index	
	<b>⊠</b> C	life expectancy	
	⊠ D	fertility rate	
	(ii) Identify	which <b>one</b> of the following is a definition of <b>infant mortality rate</b> .	(1
	⊠ A	The number of deaths per 1000 women while pregnant in a year.	
	⊠ B	The number of deaths per 1000 school children in a year.	
	<b>⊠</b> C	The number of deaths per 1000 of the population in a year.	
	⊠ D	The number of deaths per 1000 children under the age of 1 in a year.	

(b) Study Figure 4, which shows GDP per capita (US\$) and life expectancy (years) for South American countries.

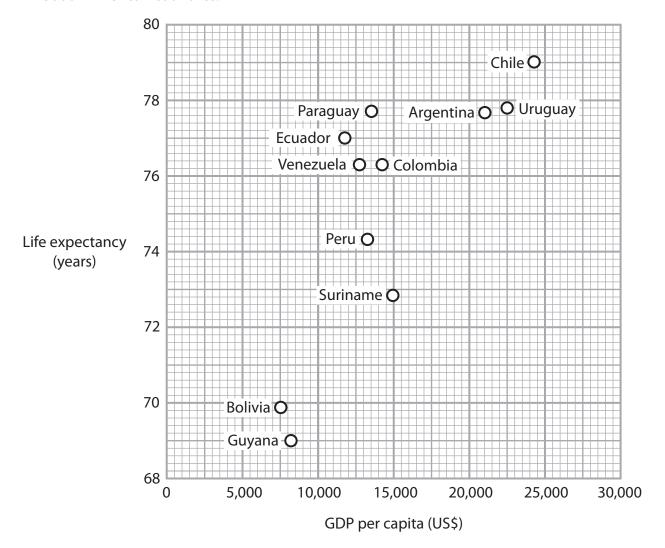


Figure 4

Brazil has a GDP per capita (US\$) of 15,600 and a life expectancy (years) of 74.3.

(i) Plot this data on Figure 4.

(1)

(ii) Calculate the range of the life expectancy in the countries of South America. Show your workings.

(2)

.....(years)

(iii) Using Figure 4, draw a line of best fit.

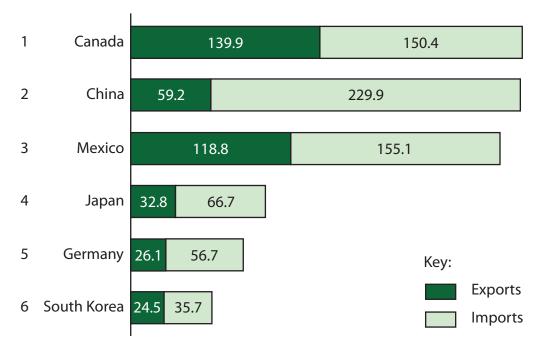
(1)



<ul><li>(iv) Explain one reason why life expectancy often rises as the GDP per cap country increases.</li></ul>	
	(2)
Study Figure 5, which gives information about The Gambia, which is a couin Africa.	intry
Factfile: The Gambia	
The Gambia is the smallest country in mainland Africa. The country has a climate, with a rainy season from June to November. There is very little ra other months. In 2018, The Gambia had a human development index sco which was the 16th lowest in the world.	in in the
Up until 1965, The Gambia was a colony of the United Kingdom. In 1994, Gambian military took control of the country from the elected governme military government immediately banned political parties from elections years. The Gambia's main exports are peanut products and fish, with its methods to being manufactured products and fuel.	nt. The for seven
Figure 5	
(i) Using Figure 5, give <b>one</b> piece of economic <b>or</b> social evidence which s that The Gambia is a developing country.	uggests (1)
(ii) Explain <b>one</b> reason why The Gambia's climate may affect its developm	ent. (2)
	(-/

(iii) Explain how Frank's dependency theory can be used to explain how countries such as The Gambia find it difficult to develop.	(3)

(d) Study Figure 6, which shows the value of trade between the United States and its six most important trading partners from January to June 2017.



All figures are in billions of United States dollars (US\$)

Figure 6

(i) The total value of US export trade was 757.8 billion US\$.

Calculate the percentage value of export trade with Canada.

(2)

Answer to **one** decimal place.

Show your working.

(ii)	Describe another data presentation technique which could be used to show the destination of the USA's exports.	(2)



(iii) For a named emerging country, explain <b>two</b> reasons why foreign direct investment (FDI) has changed since 1990.	(4)
Named emerging country	
1	
2	

# In this question, up to four additional marks will be awarded for your spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology.

*(e)	*(e) For a named emerging country, assess the view that economic growth always has a		
	negative impact upon the environment.	(8)	
	Named emerging or developing country		

	TOTAL FOR CECTION R. 24 MARKS	
	(Total for Question 2 = 34 marks)	
(Total for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology = 4 marks)		

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 34 MARKS

## **SECTION C**

# **Challenges of an Urbanising World**

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then mark your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

**3** (a) (i) Identify which of the following is a definition of counter-urbanisation.

		(1)
$\boxtimes$	<b>A</b> The movement of people from rural to urban areas.	
$\boxtimes$	<b>B</b> The movement of people from one part of the city to another.	
$\boxtimes$	<b>C</b> The movement of people from urban to rural areas.	
$\boxtimes$	<b>D</b> The movement of people from suburban areas to the city cent	tre.
(ii) Expl	ain <b>one</b> cause of counter-urbanisation.	(2)
(b) Explain	<b>two</b> reasons why land use varies within cities.	
		(4)
1		
2		



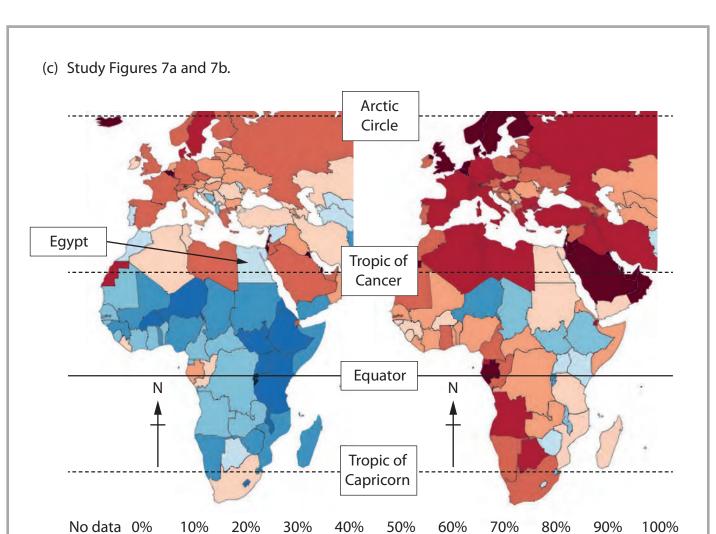


Figure 7a

Percentage of the population living in urban areas in 1990

Predicted percentage of the population living in urban areas in 2050

Figure 7b

(i)	Ident 1990		the percentage of the population of Egypt living in urban areas in	(1)
	×	A	20–30	
	×	В	40–50	
	×	C	50–60	
	$\times$	D	80–90	
(ii)			ure 7, compare the percentage of people living in urban areas in ountries in 1990 and 2050.	
	Use c	data	in your answer.	(3)
				(3)
(iii)			ures 7a and 7b, suggest why the predicted percentage of the on living in urban areas varies from place to place in 2050.	
	Use c	data	in your answer.	
				(3)



(d) Study Figures 8a and 8b, which give information about Kibera, a squatter settlement in Nairobi, Kenya.



Figure 8a

An area of Kibera on low-lying land

	Number of toilets	Population
2009	250	170 000
2019	1250	650 000

Figure 8b

Results of a water improvement project in Kibera

In	2009, there were 680 people per toilet in Kibera.	
	Calculate the change in the number of people per toilet between 2009 and 2019.	(2)
	Show your working.	(-/
(ii)	Explain <b>one</b> reason why squatter settlements, such as the one in Figure 8a, develop in megacities in developing and emerging countries.	(2)
		(2)
	r a named megacity, explain <b>two</b> advantages of a government-led top-down	
de	velopment strategy.	(4)
Na	imed megacity	



(f)	(f) 'Megacities provide more opportunities than challenges for the people living there.'				
	Evaluate this statement for a named megacity in a developing <b>or</b> emerging country.				
	Named megacity	(8)			



(Total for Question 3 = 30 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 30 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 94 MARKS

# Acknowledgements

Figure 2: Data from NASA

Figure 6 sourced from: https://www.statista.com/chart/10942/americas-most-important-trading-partners/

Figure 7a and 7b sourced from: ourworldindata.org

Figure 8 : © John Wollwerth/Alamy Stock Photo

