Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0

## GCSE



3300U60-1

A20-3300U60-1

WEDNESDAY, 11 NOVEMBER 2020 - MORNING

### MATHEMATICS **UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED HIGHER TIER**

1 hour 45 minutes

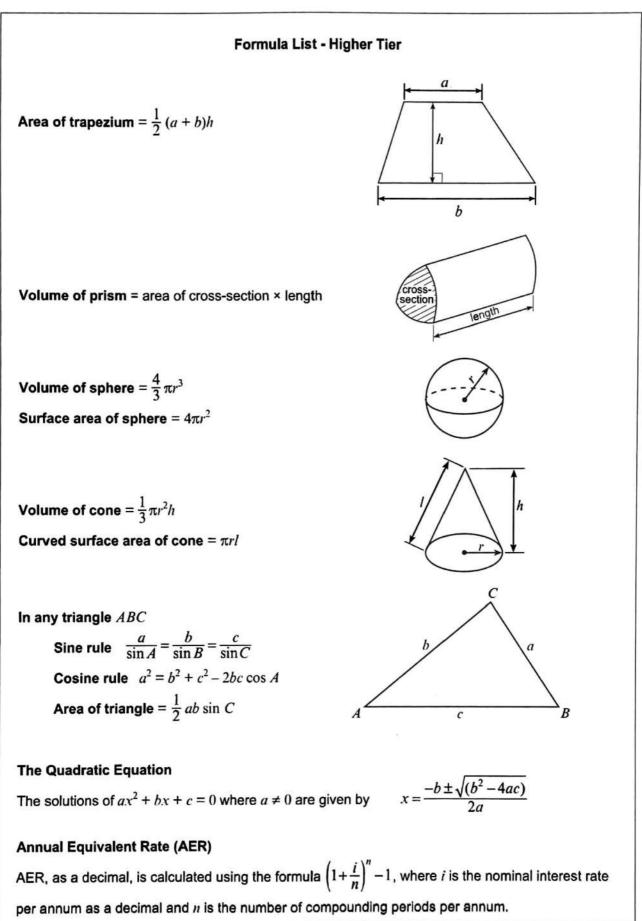
	For Examiner's use only			
	Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awardeo	
A calculator will be required for this examination. A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.	1.	4		
A fulei, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.	2.	7		
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES	3.	4		
Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or	4.	2		
correction fluid.	5.	4		
You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only. Write your name, centre number and candidate number in	6.	5		
the spaces at the top of this page.	7.	2		
Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.	8.	3		
f you run out of space, use the additional page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the additional page.	9.	4		
	10.	6		
Take $\pi$ as 3.14 or use the $\pi$ button on your calculator.	11.	2		
INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES	12.	3		
You should give details of your method of solution when	13.	6		
appropriate.	14.	2		
Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.	15.	3		
Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.	16.	3		
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each	17.	4		
question or part-question.	18.	3		
In question 2, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation,	19.	5		
communication and accuracy in writing.	20.	8		



80

Total







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3	ļ		,		

(a)	Caryl has two fair di	ce.				E
	Dice A is a cube It s	shows the numbe	ers 1 to 6.	4		
	Dice B is a tetrahed		numbers 1 to	4.		
	Caryl throws both di		e a E an dica	A and a 3 on	dice B?	[2]
	What is the probabil $P(A rolls)$	$\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{c}$	is a 5 off dice			
	P(B colls)					
	PC B rolls	5)- 14				
	P(Both)	- 12	1/ -1	Law.		
	PL ISoth)	= 16 ×	14 - 1	·24.		
(b)	) Asif has a biased fo	ur-sided dice.				
1~)	The dice shows the	numbers 10, 20,	30 and 40.			
	Asif throws the dice					
	The table below give	es the probability	of obtaining e	each number.		
	Number	10	20	30	40	
		1	1	<u>1</u>	1	
	Probability	2	5	5	10	
	What is the probabi	ity that Asif throw	vs a 30 or a 4	0?		[2]
	PPP	$(z_0) = 1$	15			
	P(Rolling P(Rolling	(La) - 1	/10			
		)	/			
	P(Either	1-1-	+ 1/2	- 3/10		
	ILEither	)-/5	1710	_ /10	•	



Examiner only In this question, you will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and 2. accuracy in writing. The diagram shows two right-angled triangles, joined together along a common side. AB = 10.8 cm, BC = 14.4 cm and CD = 24 cm. D А 24 cm 10.8 cm В 14.4 cm Diagram not drawn to scale Calculate the area of triangle ACD. You must show all your working. [5 + 2 OCW] 21. τ×ACxcD 5×18×21

Examiner



only 3. A solution of the equation  $x^3 - 5x - 350 = 0$ lies between 7.2 and 7.3. Use the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 2 decimal places. [4] You must show all your working. 8 X 84 0.00 decimal at Ľ aces roun 0

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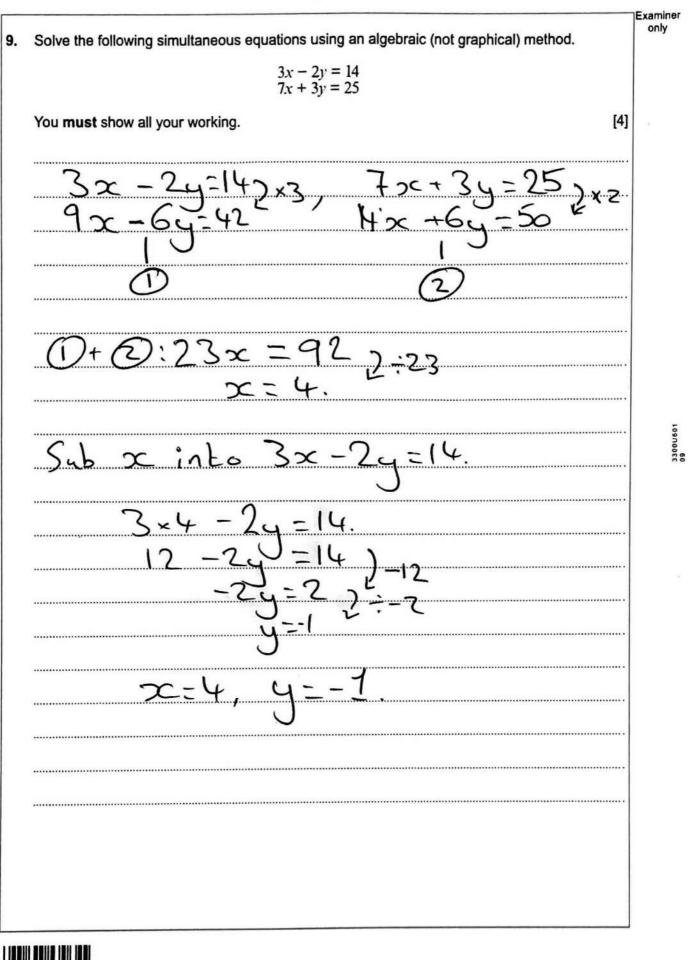
(a) Which one of Circle your a	of the following options des answer.	scribes $2x + 5y$ ?		[1]
an e	equation a form	nula (an exp	ression	
	an inequality	none of these		
(b) Which one of Circle your	of the following options des	cribes $3x - 2 = 7$ ?		[1]
ane	equation a form	nula an expr	ression	
	an inequality	none of these		
Data for different v	values of t are shown in the	table below.	_	
	t	Frequency		
	$0 \leq t < 5$	8		
	5 ≤ <i>t</i> < 10	0	1	
	10 ≤ <i>t</i> < 15	7	1	
	15 <i>≤ t</i> < 20	5	- -	
Calculate an estim	nate for the mean value of t		1	[4]
Midpoint	s: 2.5, 7.5	5,12.5 and	17.5	
•				
Mean= "	2.5×8+7.5×	$\frac{Otlos + +}{7 + 5}$	17·2×5	
		<u> </u>		
Meenz	9.75			
		-		
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6.	In the diagram below, <i>AB</i> , <i>BC</i> and <i>CD</i> are three sides of a <b>regular polygon</b> . The polygon has 15 sides. The length of each side is 8 cm.	only
	The exterior angle of the polygon is $x^{\circ}$ . BRC is a right-angled triangle.	
	D	
	8 cm C	
	A B R Diagram not drawn to scale	
	Calculate the length of BR. [5]	
	Interior angle = $(15-2) \times 180 = 156^{\circ}$	3300U601 07
	x=180°-156°=24° (Asits onastraight	
	(ine),	
	$BR = 8 \times \cos(24^\circ) = 7.31$ cm	
	(2dp).	
	·	



Examiner only Calculate the value of  $(3.2 \times 10^7) \times (8.3 \times 10^{-2})$ . Give your answer in standard form. 7. [2] 2×8.3×105 ×107 ×8:3×10 26.56 × 105 6 2-656 ×10 The lengths of the sides of a rectangle are given as 24 cm and 15 cm. 8. Each measurement is given correct to the nearest centimetre. Calculate the difference between the greatest possible perimeter of the rectangle and the least possible perimeter of the rectangle. [3] P m Ο





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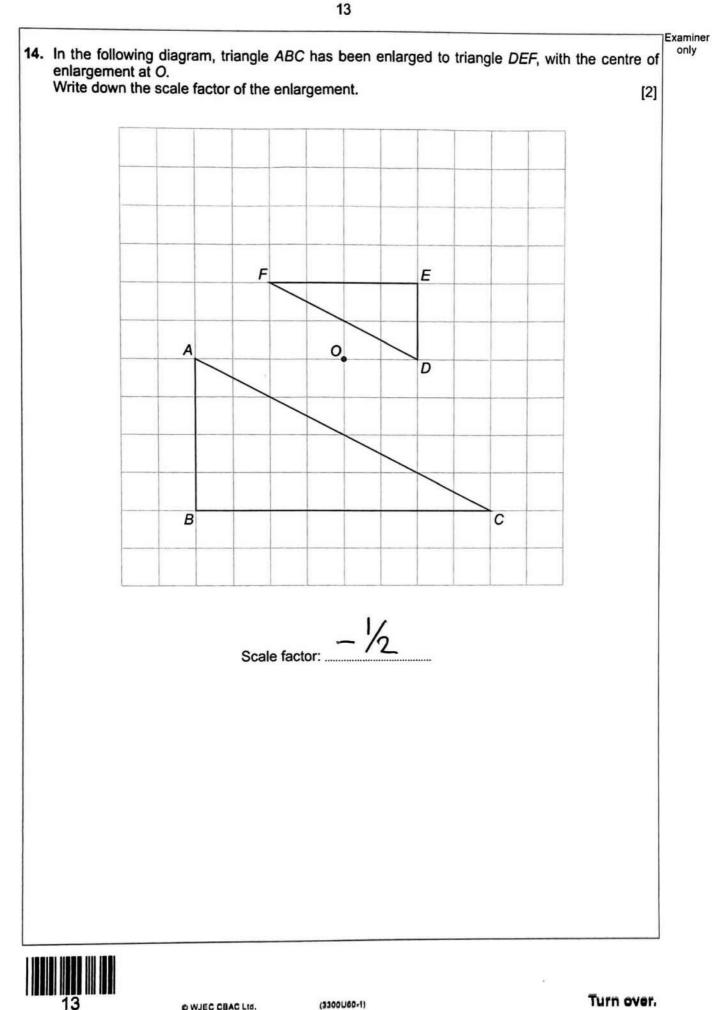
Examiner 10. The diagram below shows a circle with centre at point O. only A, B, C and D are all points on the circumference of the circle. AB = 7.5 cm and BC = 4.7 cm. D С 7.5 cm x С 4.7 cm В Diagram not drawn to scale Give the reason why ABC is 90°. [1] (a) (i) cuntrence subtender ale at C . anet e a Calculate the size of angle x. [3] (ii) . -(b) Write down the size of angle y. State the circle theorem you have used to find your answer. [2] 0 CIVCW 05 at Circle theorem used: Subte ,a

10

I. Write 16 <sup>100</sup> in the for	m 2". 2 4			[2]
16"00=(	(24)'00 =			
2. Calculate the perpendent of	endicular height of a $2$	a cone with a volur $h/3$	ne of 5533 cm <sup>3</sup> and a bas	se area of [3]
	(r <sup>2</sup>		Mrz-825.	
Heigh=	825	5 = 20	2012cm	
	© WJEC CBAC Ltd.	(3300U60-1)		Turn over.

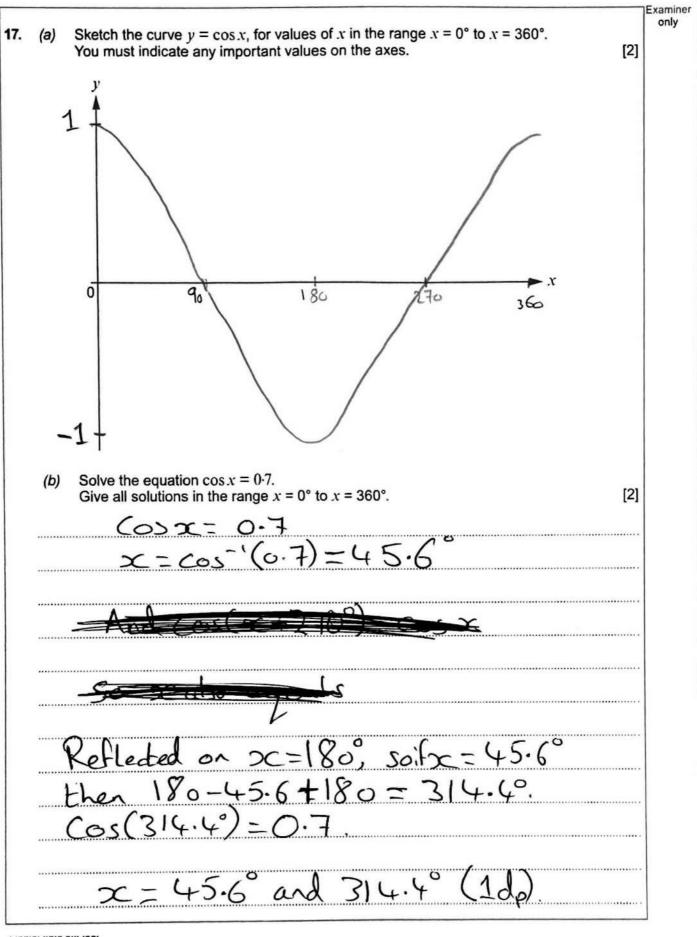
(a) Factorise 4x2-81. Difference of two squares:	[2]
$42c^2 - 81 = (2x + 9)(2x - 9).$	
(b) Factorise $7x^2 + 10x - 8$ .	[2]
$7x^{2} + 10x - 8 = (7x - 4)(x + 2).$	
(c) Factorise $(x + 2)^3 + 5(x + 2)^2$ . $(x + 2)^3 + 5(x + 2)^2$	[2]
$= (x+2)^{2}((x+2)+5)$	
$= (x + 2)^2 (x + 7).$	

12

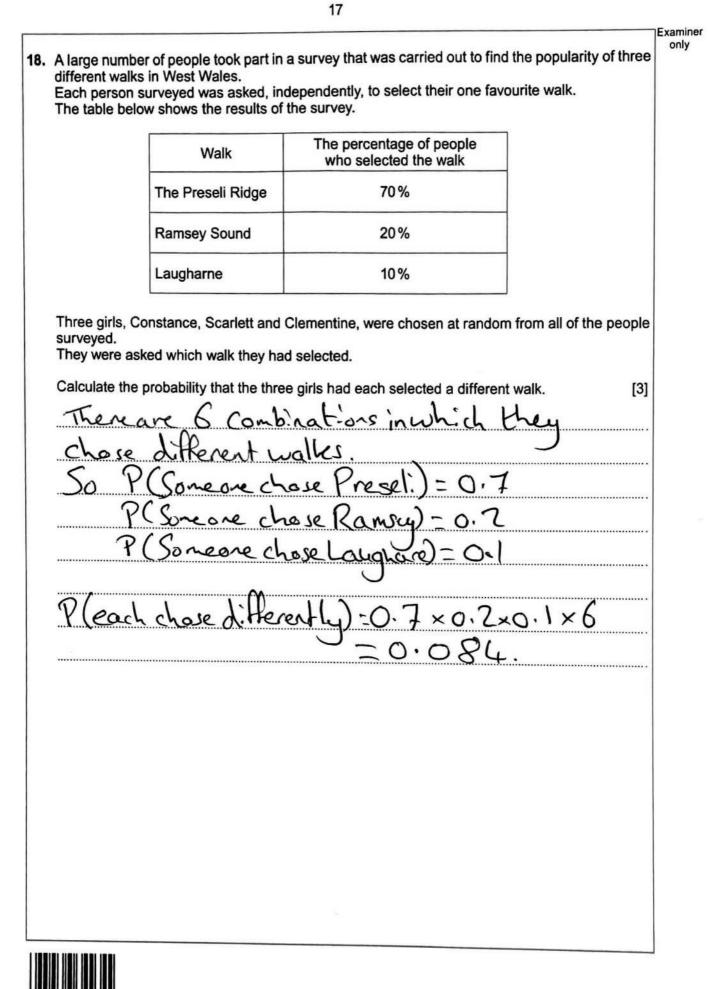


15. The first four terms of a sequence are	Examiner only
3, 9, 19, 33,	
Find the 100th term of the sequence. [3]	
2 <sup>nd</sup> différence is 4, so sequence is 2n <sup>2</sup> +c.	
$2(1)^2 + c = 3$ , so $c = 1$ .	
2n²+1, when n=100	
$2 \times 100^{2} + 1 = 20, 0001$	
<u>Zo, ool.</u>	
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Examiner only 16. An amount written correct to the nearest £10 is £7180. This amount is increased by 23.5%, correct to the nearest 0.1%. Calculate the least possible value of the increased amount. Give your answer correct to the nearest pound. [3] Minimum a 1 0 +175×1.2345 east possible value nearest 







19.	Use the quadratic formula to solve $(5x + 3)(5x - 3) = 19x$ . Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places. You must show all your working.	[5]	Examiner only
	(5x+3)(3x-3) - 19x = 0 $25x^2 + 15x - 15x - 19x - 9 = 0$		
	$25x^2 - 19x - 9 = 0$		
	Quadratic formula: -(-19) $\pm 1/(-19)^2 - 4 \times 25 \times -9$		
	$\frac{2}{2 \times 25}$		
	$x = 19 = \sqrt{1261}$ 50		
	x = 1.09 or $x = -0.33$		
	(to 2dp)		
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Examiner only 20. ACB is a sector of a circle with radius x cm and centre A, as shown below.  $\widehat{CEA} = 34^\circ$ ,  $\widehat{ACE} = 100^\circ$ ,  $\widehat{CAE} = 46^\circ$  and CE = 12 cm. С 100 12cm x cm 360 0 46 В E Diagram not drawn to scale Calculate the area of the shaded region BCE. You must show all your working. [8] 1.328. - y S/ sin 46 ACB-28...) < sector 360 2 xsin(loo Lang 3 GC = noip Cm<sup>2</sup> 20.19 Ξ END OF PAPER

19

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