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| Forename(s) | | |
| Candidate signature | I declare this is my own work. |) |
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GCSE ECONOMICS

Paper 2 How the economy works

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

You will need no other materials. You may use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- Questions should be answered in continuous prose. You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.



| For Examiner's Use | | |
|--------------------|------|--|
| Section | Mark | |
| A | | |
| В | | |
| TOTAL | | |

| | Section A | |
|--------------------|---|---------------|
| | Answer all questions in the spaces provided. | |
| | | |
| For au | ections with four responses, only one shower per question is allowed | $\overline{}$ |
| | estions with four responses, only one answer per question is allowed. | |
| | ch question, completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer. | |
| CORRECT | | |
| | want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown. | |
| If you w as sho | wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to sele wn. | ect |
| 0 1 | A budget deficit is best described as which of the following? | |
| | [1 ក | ark] |
| | A Where government expenditure is more than government revenue | |
| | B Where government revenue is more than government expenditure | |
| | C Where the value of exports is greater than the value of imports | |
| | D Where the value of imports is greater than the value of exports | |
| 02 | Which of the following is an example of a supply-side policy? | |
| | [1 m | ark] |
| | A Decrease in interest rates | |
| | B Decrease in the money supply | |
| | C Increase in business taxation | |
| | D Increase in training expenditure | |



Do not write outside the 0 3 box Which of the following best describes the type of unemployment caused by a general lack of spending in the economy? [1 mark] A Cyclical \bigcirc **B** Frictional \bigcirc C Seasonal \bigcirc **D** Structural \bigcirc 0 4 Table 1 shows the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) for an economy. Table 1 Date CPI December 2018 114.6 December 2019 118.3 December 2020 123.1 Using Table 1, the annual inflation rate at December 2020 to 1 decimal place is: [1 mark] **A** 3.2% \bigcirc **B** 3.7% \bigcirc **C** 4.1% \bigcirc **D** 4.8% \bigcirc Turn over for the next question



0 5

Which of the following pairs of policy changes is the most appropriate response to the problem of rising inflation and high economic growth?

[1 mark]

Do not write outside the

box

| | | | | [1 mark] |
|-----|-------------|--|-----------|----------|
| | | Government spending | Tax rates | |
| | Α | Decrease | Decrease | 0 |
| | в | Decrease | Increase | 0 |
| | С | Increase | Decrease | 0 |
| | D | Increase | Increase | 0 |
| 06 | until s | g money means that people can cometime in the future.' n function of money does the ab | | |
| | A Me | eans of deferred payment. | 0 | |
| | B Me | edium of exchange. | 0 | |
| | C Sto | pre of value. | 0 | |
| | D Un | it of account. | 0 | |
| 0 7 | Which | n of the following is a direct tax? | | [1 mark] |

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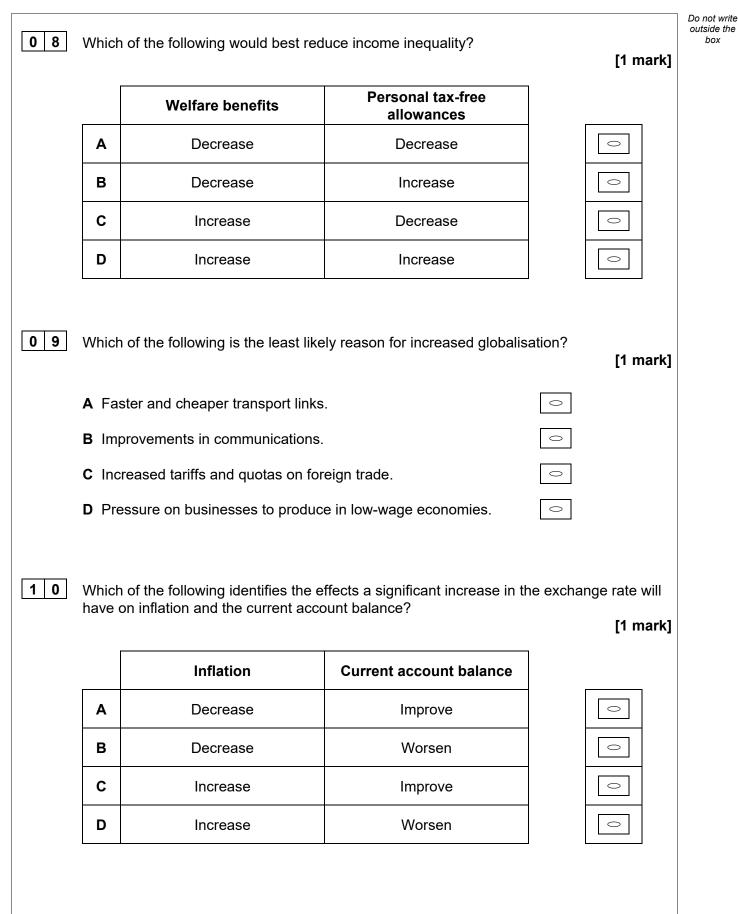


A Excise duty.

B Income tax.

D Value added tax.

C Sugar tax (on soft drinks).





| 1 1 | State two UK Government economic objectives. [2 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
|-----|---|------------------------------------|
| | Objective 1 | |
| | Objective 2 | |
| 12 | Explain one disadvantage of using supply-side policies. [2 marks] | |
| | | |
| 1 3 | Explain one benefit of globalisation to producers from a developed economy. [2 marks] | |
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| 1 4 | Table 2 shows balance of payments data for | an economy. | Do out |
|------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Table 2 | | |
| | | £ billion | |
| | Current account balance | -14.6 | |
| | Primary income balance | -1.2 | |
| | Secondary income balance | +2.8 | |
| 14.1 | Using Table 2 , calculate the value of the bala | ance of trade in £ billions. | [2 marks] |
| | | | |
| | | £ | |
| 14.2 | Explain one reason why the value of a count value of exports. | ry's imports might be larger t | han the [2 marks] |
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Turn over ►

| Figure 1 |
|---|
| In 2020 the government expected to spend over £900 billion. This spending is mainly funded by tax revenue. Changes in government spending and tax rates are known as fiscal policy. Fiscal policy can be used to achieve the government's economic objectives. For example, governments can spend money on improving education, which may help reduce unemployment. Changes in tax can also reduce the unemployment rate. |
| Analyse how fiscal policy can help a government achieve lower unemployment. [6 marks] |
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Do not write outside the 1 6 State two government policies used to correct market failure associated with positive externalities. [2 marks] Policy 1 Policy 2 1 7 Explain one benefit of free trade for UK producers. [2 marks] 1 8 Explain one role of the Bank of England. [2 marks] Turn over for the next question

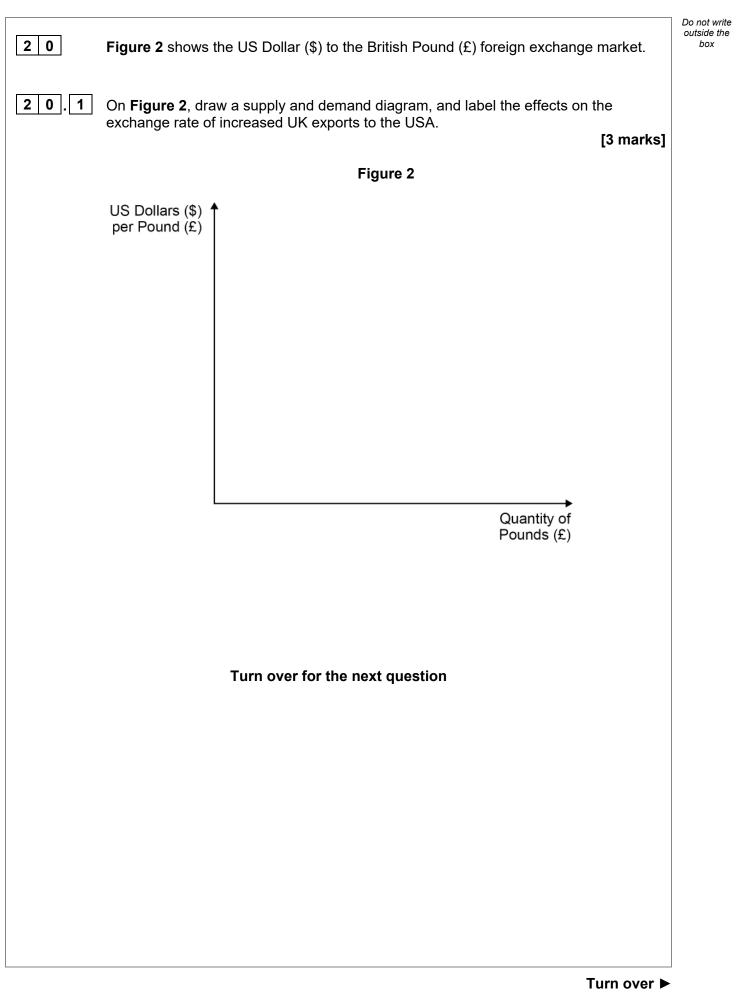


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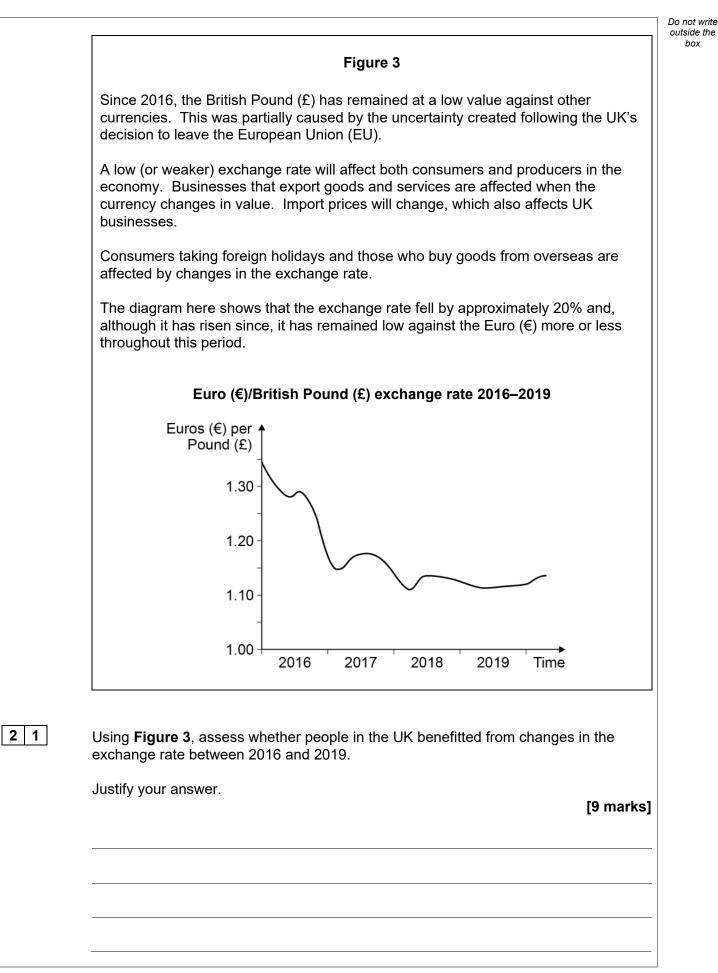
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| 19.1 | An individual decides to open a savings account with a deposit of £8 interest rate paid on these savings is 1.2%. If they close the accour months, calculate how much interest they would receive on their accourd months account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive on the account months, calculate how much interest they would receive on the account months account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive a saving the account months account with a deposit of £8 interest rate paid on these savings is 1.2%. If they close the account months, calculate how much interest they would receive a saving account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive a saving the account months account months account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive a saving the account months account months account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive a saving the account months account months account months account months account with a deposit of £8 interest they would receive a saving the account months account mo | nt after nine |
|------|--|---------------|
| 19.2 | £ Explain one effect of a fall in interest rates on UK producers. | [2 marks] |
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Section B

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

| | | Item A | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Some economists believe that the UK economy has not performed well in the years leading up to 2020. In 2019, economic growth was lower than it had been for a number of years. Inflation, partly caused by the fall in the value of the Pound (\pounds), meant people's incomes fell in real terms for much of the period after 2010. Higher inflation might also affect the UK's export industries. | | | | | |
| Union (E fewer bu | EU) following the 2 usinesses locating | 016 referendum. Th | elationship with the Eu is uncertainty is likely ead to less business ir onfidence. | to lead to | |
| However, other economists are more optimistic about the UK's economic performance. Recession was avoided after the 2016 referendum and unemployment kept falling and looks likely to remain much lower than in other countries. | | | | | |
| in the ar disposal by the g are unlik few year | mount of tax peopl ble incomes. Pron overnment may al- kely to rise significa rs. Government m s evidence of how | e pay on their income nised increases in sp so improve people's antly above their histo | | le's education rest rates r the next | |
| | | Population (in millions) | GDP (in £ millions) | | |
| | 2011 | 63 | 1 660 000 | 4 | |
| | | 00 | | | |

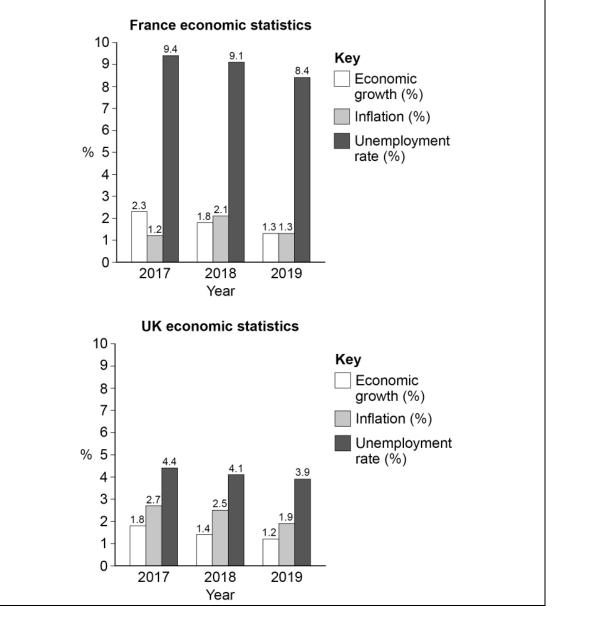


Item B

France and the UK have similar population sizes. The value of GDP per capita is also similar. However, there are differences in how the French and the UK economies have performed.

In France, economic growth has remained higher than that of the UK and is forecasted to continue to be higher than the UK for the next few years. Inflation has been lower in France compared with the UK, though this is because the fall in the British Pound's value increased cost-push inflation between 2017 and 2019. Although unemployment is falling in France, it is much higher than that experienced in the UK. This causes problems for the government, such as less tax being collected and more spending on benefits.

Given the similarities between France and the UK, there is disagreement over which economy is performing better.





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| 22 | Define the term cost-push inflation. | [2 marks] |
|-----|--|------------|
| | | |
| 2 3 | Using Table 3 in Item A calculate the percentage change in the UK's GDP from 2011 to 2016. | per capita |
| | Give your answer to 1 decimal place. | [3 marks] |
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| 2 4 | Using Item A explain two consequences of inflation for people in the UK. | [6 marks] |
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| | Consequence 2 |
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| 2 5 | Using Item B , analyse possible benefits to the government of low unemployment. [6 marks] |
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| 2 6 | Was the UK economy performing better than the French economy in 2019? | outside the box |
| | | |
| | Use Items A and B and your own economic knowledge to justify your view. [15 marks] | |
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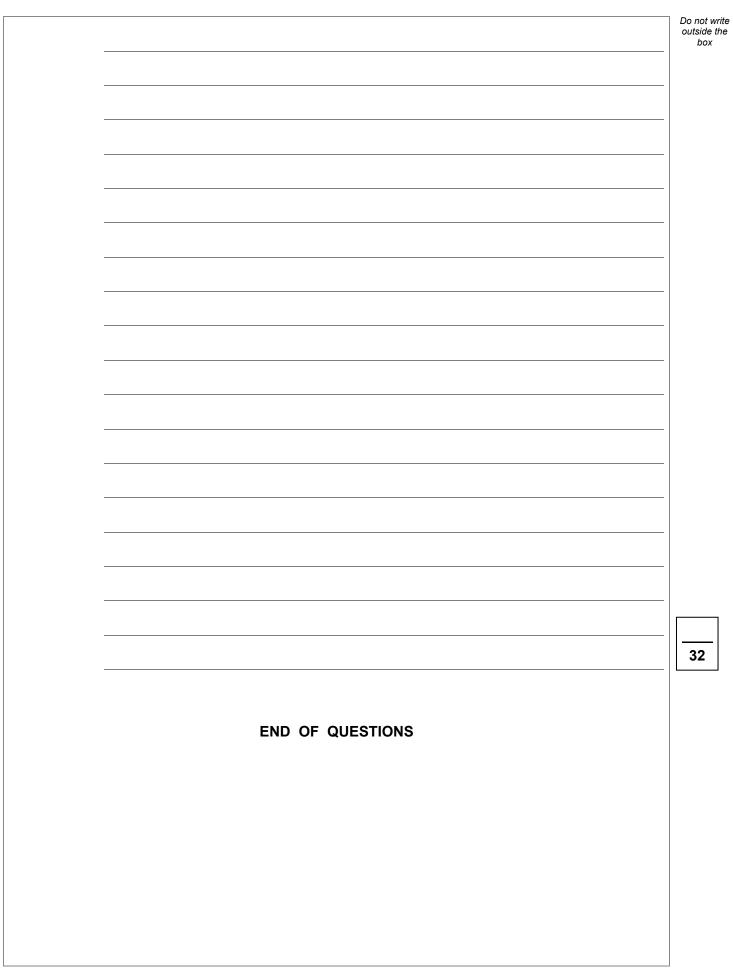
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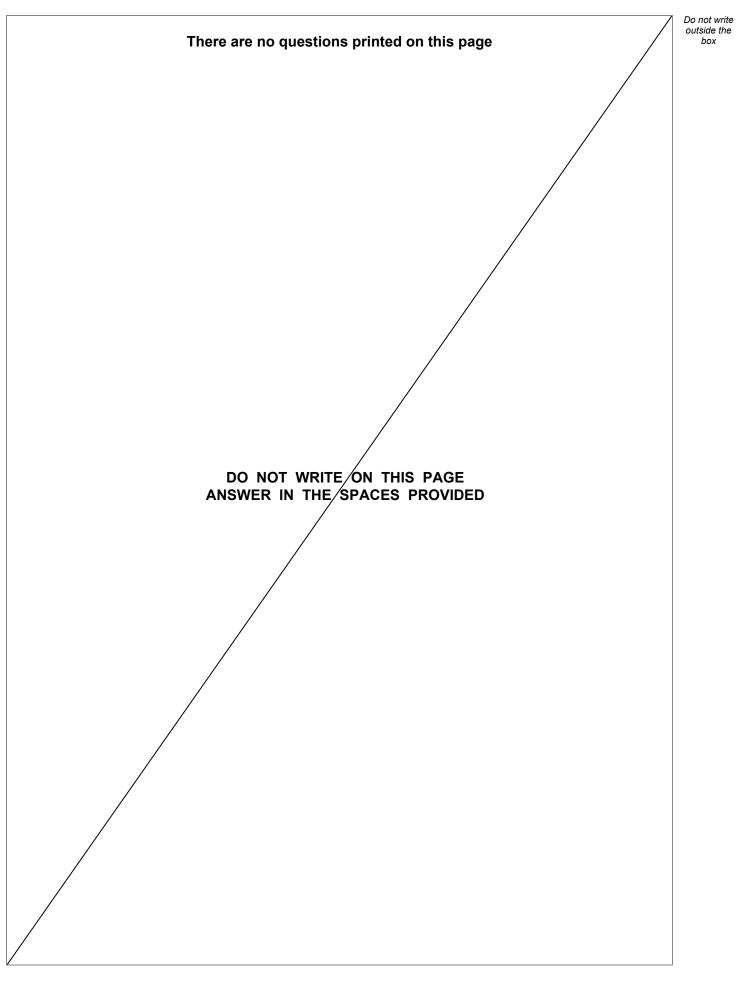
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