

Please write clearly in	block capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature			

GCSE MATHEMATICS

H

Higher Tier

Paper 3 Calculator

Monday 11 November 2019 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- · mathematical instruments.



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper.
 These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



For Examiner's Use		
Pages	Mark	
2–3		
4–5		
6–7		
8–9		
10–11		
12–13		
14–15		
16–17		
18–19		
20–21		
22–23		
24–25		
26		
TOTAL		

Answer all questions in the spaces provided

1 Circle the relative frequency that represents 13 successes out of 50 trials.

[1 mark]

- 0.13
- 26
- 13:50
- 0.26

2 The equation of a straight line is 2y = 3x + 5

Circle the gradient of the line.

[1 mark]

- $\frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{3}{2}$
- 3
- 5

3 (2x-4)(3x+5) is expanded and simplified.

Circle the term which is part of the answer.

[1 mark]

- **2***x*
- -2x
- **22***x*
- -22x

4 When rounded to 3 significant figures, x = 6.37

Circle the correct error interval.

[1 mark]

$$6.365 \le x < 6.375$$

$$6.36 \le x < 6.38$$

$$6.369 \le x < 6.379$$

$$6.365 \le x < 6.3749$$

5 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$7x + 2y = 36$$

$$3x + 2y = 16$$

[3	marks]	
----	--------	--

$$x = v = v = v$$



6	(a)	Tom is tiling a wall.
		He needs to buy at least 100 tiles.
		The tiles are sold in large packs and small packs.
		Large pack 40 tiles £18
		Small pack 28 tiles £14
		Special offer
		25% reduction when you buy 3 or more large packs
		Mode out the above of cost for Toro to bout the mode of tiles he made
		Work out the cheapest cost for Tom to buy the packs of tiles he needs. [3 marks]
		Answer £



6 (b) Tom is also tiling a floor.

The floor is a rectangle with length 600 cm and width 240 cm Each tile is a square with side 40 cm

Tom uses this method to work out the number of tiles he needs.

Number of tiles that will fit along the length = $600 \div 40$

= 15

Number of tiles that will fit along the width $= 240 \div 40$

= 6

Total number of tiles needed = 15 + 6

= 21

Give a reason why Tom's method is wrong.

[1 mark]

Turn over for the next question

7	An equilateral triangle has side length 16 metres.
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Using ruler and compasses only, construct a scale drawing of the triangle.

Use the scale 1 centimetre represents 2 metres.

[3 marks]

Scale: 1 cm represents 2 m

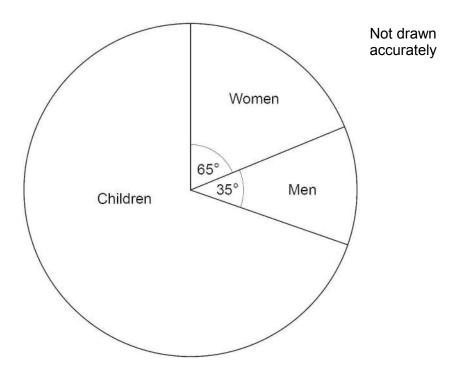


8		In a choir there are 35 men and 48 women.	
		The probability that a man chosen at random wears glasses is $\frac{2}{5}$	
		The probability that a woman chosen at random wears glasses is	3
8	(a)	Work out the number of people in the choir who wear glasses.	[3 marks]
		Answer	
8	(b)	A person is chosen at random from the choir.	
		Work out the probability that the person does not wear glasses.	[2 marks]
			[2 marks]
		Answer	

Turn over ▶



9 T	The pie chart shows information about people at a theme park.
------------	---



There were 450 **more** women than men.

Answer

Work out the number of children.	[3 marks]	



10 Density =
$$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$$

The mass is divided by 2 and the volume is multiplied by 4

What happens to the density?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

11 Work out

cube root of 512 : reciprocal of 0.4

Give your answer in the form n:1

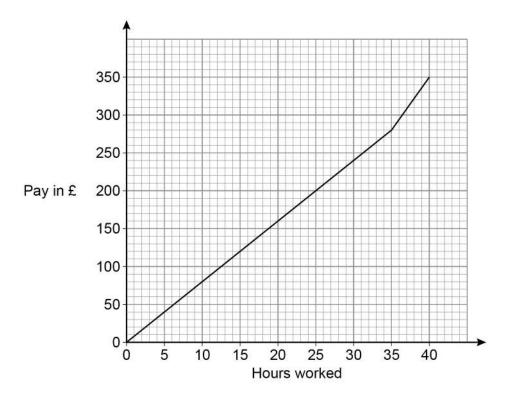
[3	m	ar	ks]
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Answer	
Aliswei	•

Turn over for the next question

The graph shows how much Molly is paid for working for up to 40 hours. She receives

a basic rate of pay for the first 35 hours worked a higher rate of pay for the next 5 hours worked.



Work out the difference between the higher rate of pay and the basic rate of pay. Give your answer in \pounds per hour.

	[5 marks]		

Answer £_____ per hour

Naga states a	hypothesis.
	Naga states a

"Most people read more than 100 books a year."

She asks a sample of five people in a book club how many books they read last month. The table shows the results.

	Lynn	Ali	Paul	Chen	Ruth
Number of books	10	11	8	10	13

(a)	Show how Naga could use the data to support her hypothesis.	[2 marks]
(b)	Give two reasons why this sample should not be used to support her hypo	

Turn over ▶

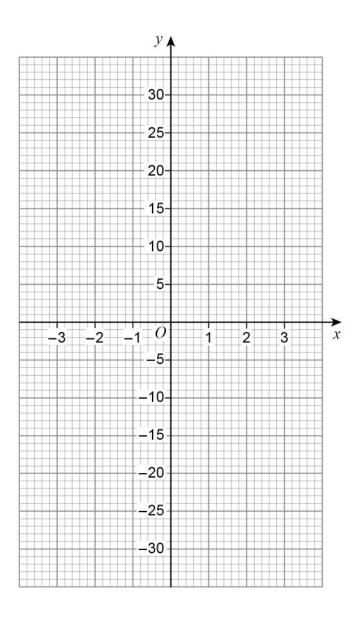


14 A graph has equation $y = x^3 + a$ where a is an integer.

The graph passes through the point (3, 29)

Draw the graph for values of x from -3 to 3

[3 marks]



•		ou pay income tax.	
	you pay dep	ends on how much you earn that ye	ear.
You pay			
0%	on the first	£12500 you earn	
		£37 500 you earn	
40%	on the next	£112 500 you earn.	
One year, K	im paid £926	O income tax.	
Work out ho	w much she	earned that year.	
			[4 m

7

Do not write outside the box

Turn over ▶



A building company employs	
•	
8 plumbers.	
For a job, the company needs one of each type of worker.	
In how many ways can the company choose the four workers?	[2 marks]
Answer	-
One labourer and two plumbers are on holiday. In how many ways can the company now choose the four workers?	[2 marks]
	For a job, the company needs one of each type of worker. In how many ways can the company choose the four workers? Answer One labourer and two plumbers are on holiday. In how many ways can the company now choose the four workers?



Jenny says,

"f(10) must equal $2 \times f(5)$, because 10 is 2×5 "

Is Jenny correct?

Show working to support your answer.

[2 marks]

Work out the **two** roots of (7x + 1)(2x - 3) = 0

Circle both roots.

[1 mark]

$$-\frac{1}{7}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}$$

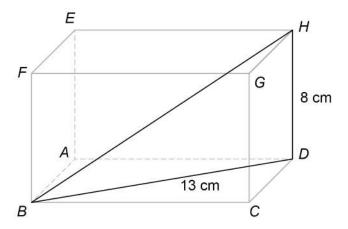
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}$$

7

19 Here is a cuboid.

$$DH = 8 \text{ cm}$$



19	(a)	Work out the size of angle I	DBH.
----	-----	------------------------------	------

[2 marks]	3	

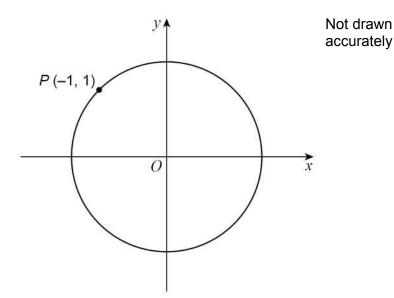
19 (b) Using your answer to part (a), work out the size of angle *ECG*.

[1 mark]

Answer degrees



20 P(-1, 1) is a point on the circle, centre O, radius r.



Work out the value of r.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

1

2

 $\sqrt{2}$

 $2\sqrt{2}$

21	Juice is sold in small bottles and large bottles. The volume of the large bottle is 1125 ml.
	1125 ml
	volume of small bottle : volume of large bottle = 2 : 5
	A café has small glasses and large glasses.
	volume of small glass : volume of large glass = 4 : 7
	A small bottle fills 6 small glasses with no juice left over.
	How many large glasses can be filled by a large bottle?
	You must show your working. [4 marks]
	You must show your working.



The **only** solution to $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ is x = 5

Work out the values of b and c.

[2 marks]

23 $x: y = \frac{1}{4} : \frac{2}{3}$

What is x as a fraction of y?

Circle your answer.

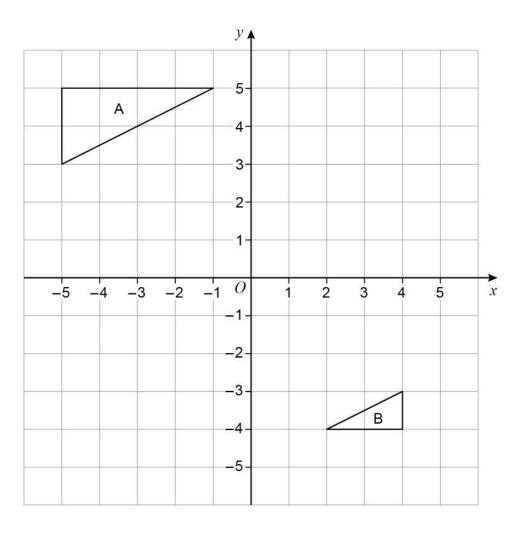
[1 mark]

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{3}{8}$$

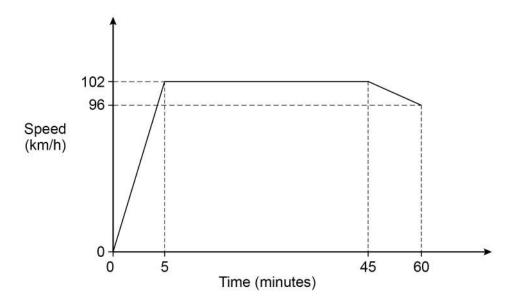
Shape A and shape B are shown on the grid.



Describe the single transformation that maps shape A to shape B.	[3 marks]	



25 Here is a sketch of a speed-time graph for the first part of a journey.



The total distance for the journey is 130 kilometres.

Answer

How far is left to travel?	[4 marks]

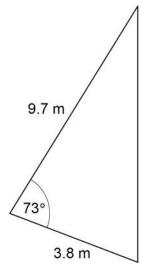
7

Turn over ▶

km



26 Here is a triangular	ar sail.
--------------------------------	----------



Not drawn accurately

26 (a) Vicky needs to buy waterproofing liquid for the sail.

She will put 3 coats of liquid on each side of the sail.

A litre of liquid covers 8.5 square metres of sail.

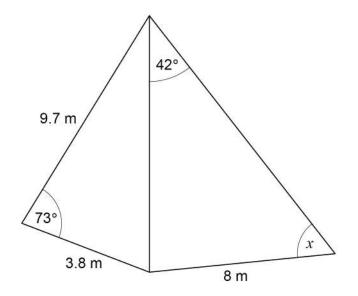
How many 1-litre bottles of liquid does Vicky need?

		[3 marks

Answer _____



26 (b) Another sail is joined to the first sail as shown.



Not drawn accurately

x is an acute angle.

Work out the size of angle x .		
	[5 marks]	

Answer ____

8

Turn over ▶

degrees

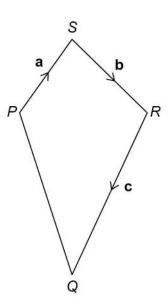


27 Here is quadrilateral *PQRS*.

$$\overrightarrow{PS} = \mathbf{a}$$

$$\overrightarrow{SR} = \mathbf{b}$$

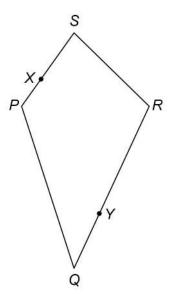
$$\overrightarrow{RQ} = \mathbf{c}$$



Not drawn accurately

X is a point on PS where PX: XS = 1:2

Y is a point on RQ where RY: YQ = 2:1



Not drawn accurately



Is XY parallel to PQ?	Do not write outside the box
Show working to support your answer. [3 mark	ks]
-	-
	—
	_
	—
	_
	—
Turn over for the next question	

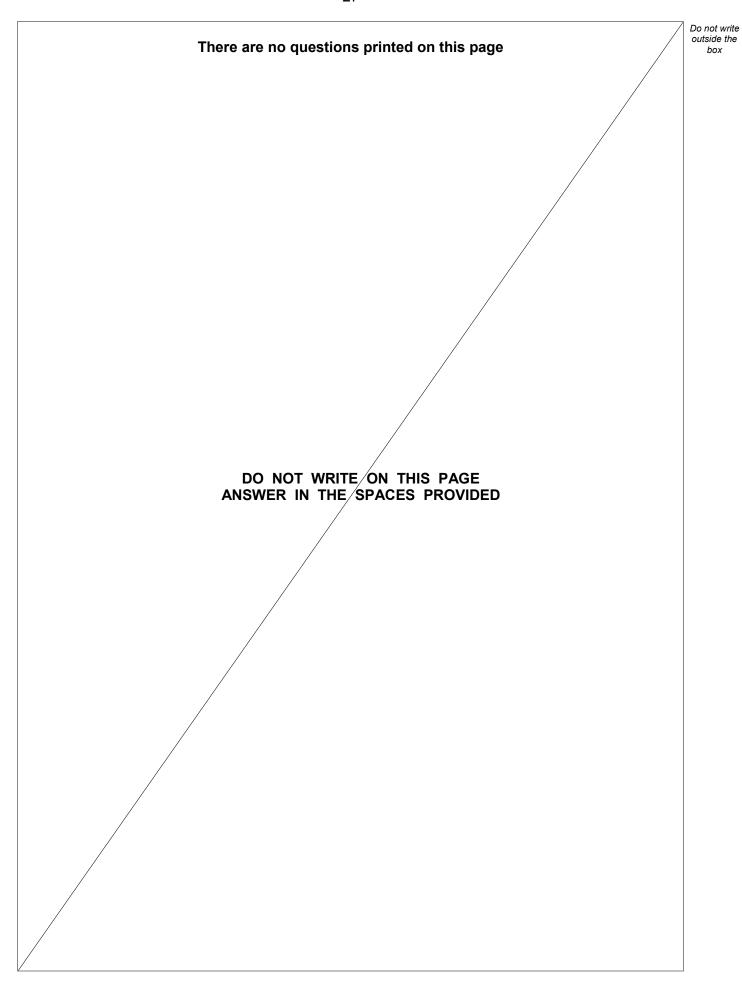


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have

28	$f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $g(x) = x^2$	
	Show that $f^{-1}(55) = fg(4)$	[4 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS







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