Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information					
Candidate surname		Other names			
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)	entre Number	Candidate Number			
Thursday 4 June 2020					
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper Re	eference 1MA1/2H			
Mathematics Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier					
You must have: Ruler graduated in protractor, pair of compasses, pen, I Tracing paper may be used.	centimetres a HB pencil, eras	and millimetres, ser, calculator.			

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided - there may be more space than you need.
- You must show all your working.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a  $\pi$  button, take the value of  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

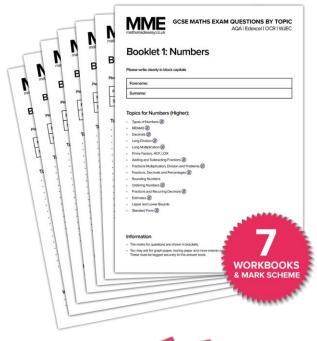
Turn over 🕨

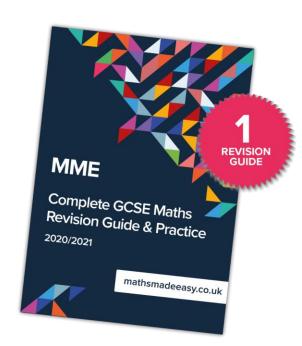




# MME.

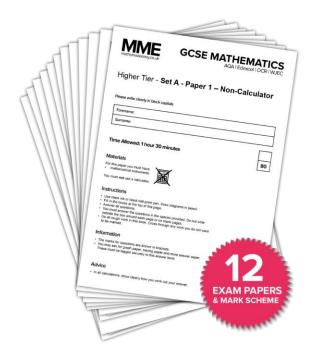
### **GCSE Maths Products**











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#### Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

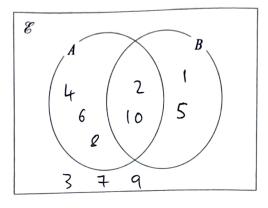
(a) Write 84 as a product of its prime factors.

(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 60 and 84

$$60 = 2^{3} \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 420$$

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

- 2  $\mathscr{E} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ 
  - $A = \{\text{even numbers}\}\$
  - $B = \{\text{factors of } 10\}$
  - (a) Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



(3)

A number is chosen at random from the universal set,  $\operatorname{\mathscr{E}}$ 

(b) Find the probability that this number is in the set  $A \cap B$ 

2 = 2

(0 numbers

(2)

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)

3 Carlo puts tins into small boxes and into large boxes.

He puts 6 tins into each small box. He puts 20 tins into each large box.

Carlo puts a total of 3000 tins into the boxes so that

number of tins in small boxes: number of tins in large boxes = 2:3

Carlo says that less than 30% of the boxes filled with tins are large boxes.

Is Carlo correct?

You must show all your working.

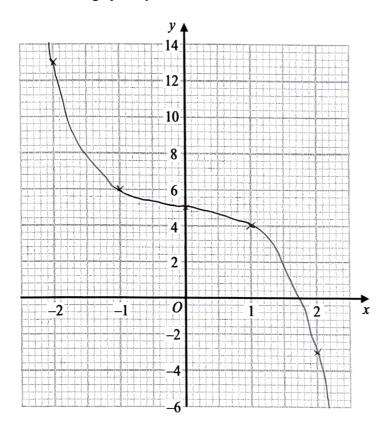
Small boxes 600 x2=1200 1200:6=200 200 snall boxes Large bores 600×3=1800 1800 ÷ 20=90 90 large boxes.

4 (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = 5 - x^3$ 

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	13	6	5	4	-3

(2)

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of  $y = 5 - x^3$  for values of x from -2 to 2



(2)

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

Work out the value of x.

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$$\sin = \frac{opp}{hyp}$$
  
 $\sin (34) = \frac{x}{178}$   
 $x = (78 \sin (34))$   
 $x = 99.5 \text{ nm}$ 

99-5m

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

$$\mathbf{6} \quad \mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

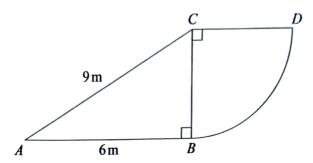
Find  $2\mathbf{a} - 3\mathbf{b}$  as a column vector.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
2 \times 3 - 3 \times 5 \\
2 \times 4 - 3 \times (-2)
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
6 - 15 \\
8 + 6
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-9 \\
14
\end{pmatrix}$$

-9 14

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 The diagram shows a right-angled triangle and a quarter circle.



The right-angled triangle ABC has angle ABC =  $90^{\circ}$  The quarter circle has centre C and radius CB.

Work out the area of the quarter circle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. You must show all your working.

wall your working.

$$radius = \sqrt{9^2 - 6^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{81 - 36}$$

$$= \sqrt{45}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{5}$$

Area = 
$$\frac{1}{4} \pi r^2$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 3\sqrt{5} \times 3\sqrt{5}$   
=  $\frac{45\pi}{4}$   
=  $35.3m^2$ 

35.3

m

8 Tariq buys a laptop.

He gets a discount of 5% off the normal price. Tariq pays £551 for the laptop.

(a) Work out the normal price of the laptop.

$$551 \div 0.95 = £580$$

Joan invests £6000 in a savings account.

The savings account pays compound interest at a rate of

- 2.4% for the first year
- 1.7% for each extra year.
- (b) Work out the value of Joan's investment at the end of 3 years.

$$6000 \times 1.024 \times 1.017 \times 1.017$$

$$= 6354.67666$$

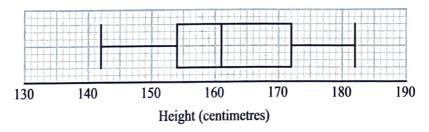
$$= £6354.67$$

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

9 Aisha recorded the heights, in centimetres, of some girls. She used her results to work out the information in this table.

Least height	142 cm	
Lower quartile	154 cm	
Interquartile range	17 cm	
Median	162 cm	
Range	40 cm	

Aisha drew this box plot for the information in the table. The box plot is **not** fully correct.



Write down the two things Aisha should do to make the box plot fully correct.

The nedian needs to be moved grown 161 an to 162 cm.

2 The upper quartile should be at ### 154+17 = ## 171 on not 172 cm.

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

10 (a) Simplify  $\left(\frac{1}{m^2}\right)^0$ 



(b) Simplify  $\frac{8(x-4)}{(x-4)^2}$ 

<u>8</u> 7-4

(c) Simplify  $(3n^4w^2)^3$ 

27, 12 w 6

#### (Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11 Jack is in a restaurant.

There are 5 starters, 8 main courses and some desserts on the menu.

Jack is going to choose one starter, one main course and one dessert.

He says there are 240 ways that he can choose his starter, his main course and his dessert.

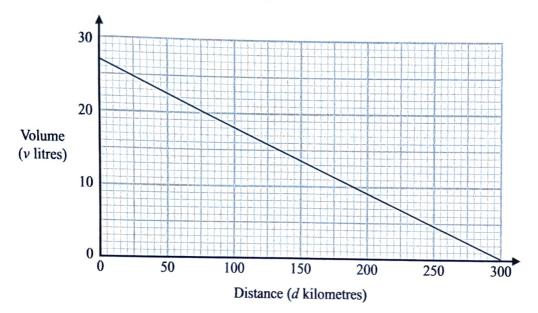
Could Jack be correct?

You must show how you get your answer.

Jack is correct is there are 6 desserts.

(Total for Question 11 is 2 marks)

12 The graph gives information about the volume, v litres, of petrol in the tank of Jim's car after it has travelled a distance of d kilometres.



(a) Find the gradient of the graph.

$$\frac{27 - 9}{300 - 0} = -\frac{27}{300} = -\frac{9}{100}$$
$$= -0.09$$

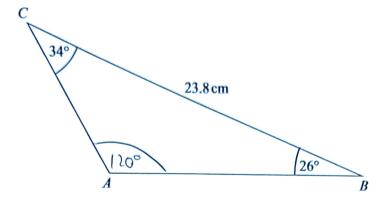
- 0,09 (2)

(b) Interpret what the gradient of the graph represents.

The number of litres of guel used per kilonetre bouvelled

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 Here is triangle ABC.



Work out the length of AB. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

Angle 
$$CAB = 180 - 34 - 26 = 120^{\circ}$$
.

$$\frac{23.8}{55.120} = \frac{AB}{5in34}$$

$$AB = \frac{23.8 \sin{(34)}}{\sin{(120)}}$$

$$AB = 15.4 cm$$

15.4 cm

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 Here are two squares, A and B.

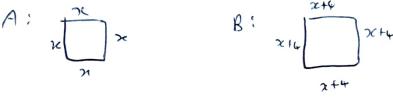


The length of each side of square **B** is  $4 \, \text{cm}$  greater than the length of each side of square **A**. The area of square **B** is  $70 \, \text{cm}^2$  greater than the area of square **A**.

Find the area of square B.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

You must show all your working.



$$x^{2} + 70 = (x+4)^{2}$$

$$x^{2} + 70 = x^{2} + 8x + 16$$

$$8x - 54 = 0$$

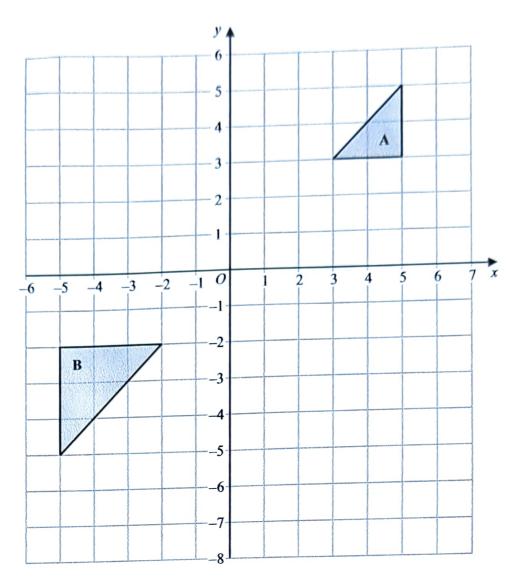
$$8x = 54$$

$$x = \frac{27}{4}$$

$$x + 4 = \frac{43}{4}$$
Area of  $B = (\frac{43}{4})^{2} = \frac{1869}{16} = 116$  cm<sup>2</sup>

116 cm<sup>2</sup>

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

Enlargement, scale sactor - 3, about (1,1)

(Total for Question 15 is 2 marks)

16 Here are the first five terms of a quadratic sequence.

Find an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term of this sequence.

5 10 21 38 61 90

5 11 17 23 29

6 ÷ 2 = 3 so 
$$3n^2$$
.

Oth Lem is 1 so +5.

 $3x1^2 + 2x1 + 5 = 10$ 
 $3 + x + 5 = 10$ 
 $x = 02$ 
 $x = 02$ 

$$3n^{2} + 2n + 5$$

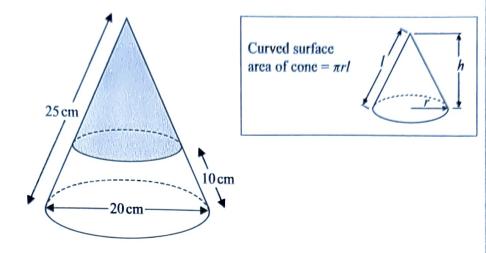
#### (Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Write down the coordinates of the turning point on the graph of  $y = (x + 12)^2 - 7$ 

$$(-12, -7)$$

(Total for Question 17 is 1 mark)

18 The diagram represents a solid cone.



The cone has a base diameter of 20 cm and a slant height of 25 cm.

A circle is drawn around the surface of the cone at a slant height of 10 cm above the base. The curved surface of the cone above the circle is painted grey.

Work out the area of the curved surface of the cone that is **not** painted grey. Give your answer as a multiple of  $\pi$  You must show all your working.

. cm<sup>2</sup>

19 A hot air balloon is descending.

The height of the balloon n minutes after it starts to descend is  $h_n$  metres.

The height of the balloon (n + 1) minutes after it starts to descend,  $h_{n+1}$  metres, is given by

$$h_{n+1} = K \times h_n + 20$$
 where K is a constant.

The balloon starts to descend from a height of 1200 metres at 0915 At 0916 the height of the balloon is 1040 metres.

Work out the height of the balloon at 0918

$$h_1 = K \times 1200 + 20$$

$$h_1 = 1040$$

$$1040 = 1200 + 20$$

$$1020 = 1200 + 20$$

$$K = \frac{17}{200}$$

$$K = \frac{17}{20} \times 1040 + 20$$

$$h_2 = \frac{17}{20} \times 904 + 20$$

$$h_3 = \frac{17}{20} \times 904 + 20$$

$$h_3 = 788.47$$

788.4

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

47

20 There are only red sweets and yellow sweets in a bag.

There are n red sweets in the bag. There are 8 yellow sweets in the bag.

Sajid is going to take at random a sweet from the bag and eat it.

He says that the probability that the sweet will be red is  $\frac{7}{10}$ 

(a) Show why the probability cannot be  $\frac{7}{10}$ 

Would need 118 to be a multiple of 10.

$$n=2$$
  $\frac{2}{248} = \frac{2}{10} < \frac{7}{10}$ 
 $n=12$   $\frac{12}{1248} = \frac{10}{20} = \frac{6}{10} < \frac{7}{10}$ 
 $n=22$   $\frac{12}{1248} = \frac{12}{70} = \frac{11}{15} > \frac{7}{10}$ .

Here, the probability cannot be  $\frac{7}{10}$ .

(3)

After Sajid has taken the first sweet from the bag and eaten it, he is going to take at random a second sweet from the bag.

Given that the probability that both the sweets he takes will be red is  $\frac{3}{5}$ 

(b) work out the number of red sweets in the bag. You must show all your working.

$$\frac{n}{8+n} = \frac{n(n-1)}{8+n-1} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{n(n-1)}{(8+n)(8+n)} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{n(n-1)}{(8+n)(8+n)} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$5n(n-1) = \frac{3}{3}(n+7)(n+8)$$

$$5n^2 - 5n = 3(n^2 + 15n + 56)$$

$$5n^2 - 5n = 3n^2 + 45n + 168$$

$$2n^2 - 50n - 168 = 0$$

$$n^2 - 25n - 84 = 0$$

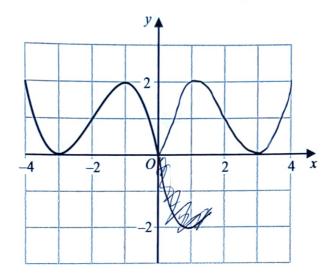
$$(n-28)(n+3) = 0$$

$$n^2 - 28$$

$$n = -3$$
Canot have  $-3$  sweets.
$$n = 28$$

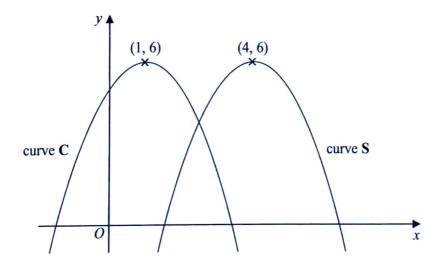
the state of the s	THE R PERSON IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE	
	And the second s	
		n=20
		n=28 (5)
		(5)
		(5)
	(Total fam	Ornestian 20 is 0 montes)
	( Total for	Question 20 is 8 marks)

21 The graph of the curve with equation y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



(a) On the grid above, sketch the graph of the curve with equation y = f(-x)





The curve C with equation  $y = 5 + 2x - x^2$  is transformed by a translation to give the curve S such that the point (1, 6) on C is mapped to the point (4, 6) on S.

(b) Find an equation for S.

$$y = 5+2(x-3) - (x-3)^{2}$$

$$y = 5+2x - 6 - x^{2} + 6x - 9$$

$$y = 4x - x^{2} + 8x - 10$$

\_ >e2 + 8x -10

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)

22 C is a circle with centre the origin.

A tangent to C passes through the points (-20, 0) and (0, 10)

Work out an equation of C.

You must show all your working.

Tangent equation is 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 200$$
  
 $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ .  
 $x^2 + (\frac{1}{2}x + 10)^2 = r^2$   
 $x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + 10x + 100 = r^2$ .  
 $\frac{5}{4}x^2 + 10x + 100 = r^2$ .

Want to minumise \( \x^2 + 10 \text{ x } + 100

Louest at vertex.

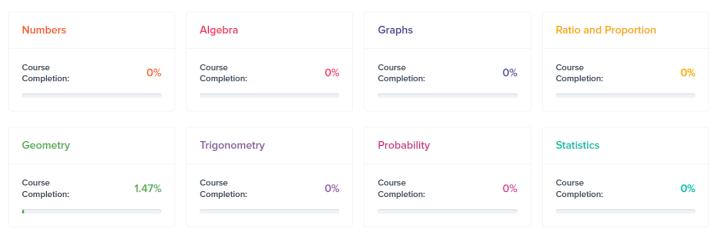
Complete square: 
$$\frac{5}{4}(x^2+8x)+100$$
.  
 $\frac{5}{4}(x+4)^2-20+100$   
 $\frac{5}{4}(x+4)^2+80$ .  
I Lowest is  $x=-4$ ,  $\frac{5}{4}x^2+10x+100=80$   
Hence, equation is  $x^2+y^2=80$ 

$$x^{2}+y^{2}=80$$

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

## MME.

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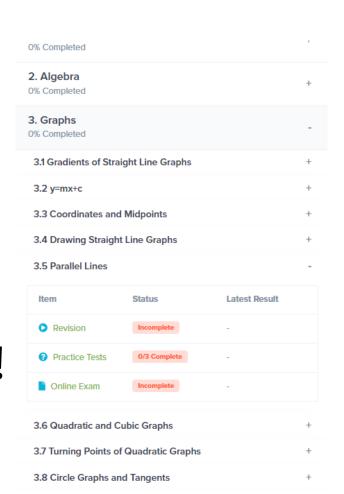


Calculate the following:

$$\frac{(15-3)}{2} \div 3$$

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