

# GCSE

# History B (Schools history project)

Unit **J411/19**: Migrants to Britain, c.1250 to present with Britain in Peace and War, 1900-1918

General Certificate of Secondary Education

## Mark Scheme for June 2018

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2018

## Annotations

Stamp	Annotation Name	Description
✓ 1	Tick 1	Level 1
✓ 2	Tick 2	Level 2
✓ 3	Tick 3	Level 3
<ul><li>✓ 4</li></ul>	Tick 4	Level 4
✓ 5	Tick 5	Level 5
✔ 6	Tick 6	Level 6
SEEN	SEEN	Noted but no credit given
NAQ	NAQ	Not answered question
~~~	Wavy Line	Development / Evidence / Support of valid point
BP	BP	Blank page

## Section A: Migrants to Britain, c.1250 to present

Question 1–3 marks	
(a) Name one difficulty faced by migrants living in Medieval England.	
(b) Name one migrant group that came to Britain between 1500 and 1750	).
(c) Give one example of British legislation about immigration passed sinc	e 1900.
Guidance	Indicative content
1(a) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1 (a), likely valid responses include: experiences of Jewish community following Statute of Jewry 1275, or higher taxation, or execution for 'blood libel', or forced conversion or expulsion in 1290; violence during Great Rising of 1381; Aliens' Register leading to additional taxation; costs and requirements to obtain Letters of Denization
1(b) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1 (b), likely valid responses include: Hansa merchants, Gypsies, Jews, Protestant refugees or Huguenots or – Palatines, Africans, or Indians
1(c) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1 (c), likely valid responses include: Aliens Act 1905, British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act 1914, Polish Resettlement Act 1947, Nationality Act 1948, Commonwealth Immigrants Act 1962, Commonwealth Immigrants Act 1968, Race Relations Act 1965, Immigration Act 1971.
	Any other historically valid response is acceptable and should be credited.

Question 2–9 marks		
Write a clear and organised summary that analyses European migrants to Britain in the with examples.	he period 1750 to 1900. Support your summary	
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set	
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 6 marks		
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 3 marks		
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	Answers should show connections in the situation defined in the	
Demonstrates a well-selected range of valid knowledge of characteristic features that are fully relevant to the question, in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	question and use these to organise the answer logically. Answers could consider the diversity of migrants from Europe with	
The way the summary is organised shows sustained logical coherence, demonstrating clear use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).	differing explanations for their migration to Britain (including Irish migrants seeking work and escaping famine after 1846, Russian Jewish migrants fleeing religious persecution after 1881 or Italian	
Level 2 (4–6 marks)	farmers after the Napoleonic wars destroyed agriculture in northern Italy); answers could consider diversity of skills within groups and/o	
Demonstrates a range of knowledge of characteristic features that are relevant to the question, in ways that show understanding of them (AO1).	between them (including Germans and/or Italian migrants) and the different settlement patterns of different groups e.g. many Italians	
The way the summary is organised shows some logical coherence, demonstrating use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).	settled in Clerkenwell. Alternatively answers could consider similarities in the underlying causes of migration (e.g. Economic forces of industrialisation).	
Level 1 (1–3 marks)	Use of conceptual understanding to organise the response might in this case involve dealing with similarity and difference e.g. contrasting different groups of people or different reasons or including explanations of causation or why groups differed. Reward	
Demonstrates some knowledge of characteristic features with some relevance to the question, in ways that show some limited understanding of them (AO1).		
The summary shows a very basic logical coherence, demonstrating limited use of at least one second order concept in attempting to find connections and to provide a logical chain	appropriate use of any other second order concept including organisation by understanding of chronology.	
of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).	_ Please note that answers do not need to name the second order	
0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	concepts being used to organise their answer, but the concepts de need to be apparent from the connections and chains of reasoning in the summary in order to meet the AO2 descriptors (see levels descriptors).	
	No reward can be given for wider knowledge of the period that is unrelated to the topic in the question.	

Question	2–9 marks
Write a cl examples	ear and organised summary that analyses European migrants to Britain in the period 1750 - 1900 since 1900. Support your summary with
Guidance	and indicative content
General N	lote: No requirement to write a narrative which covers the period comprehensively
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	Answers at L3 will typically be organised around a second order concept such as causes, effects, change/continuity, significance. Answers will be supported with <b>three</b> or more valid examples eg
marksy	Nutshell: Summary based on second order concept(s) with three or more valid supporting examples
Level 2 (4–6	Answers at L2 will typically be organised around a second order concept, supported with <b>two</b> valid examples
marks)	Nutshell: Summary based on a second order concept with two valid supporting examples
Level 1 (1–3	Answers at L1 will typically be organised around a second order concept, supported with <b>one</b> valid example
marks)	Nutshell: Summary based on a second order concept with one valid supporting example Nutshell: List of events / developments with no organising concept.
0 marks	

What was the experience of migrants in Britain during the First and Second World Wars? Explain	your answer with examples.
Levels AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 5 marks	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
<b>AO2</b> Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. <b>Maximum 5 marks</b>	
<b>Level 5 (9–10 marks)</b> Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show sophisticated understanding of one or more second order concepts in a fully sustained and very well-supported explanation (AO2).	<ul> <li>Explanations could consider: Warm welcome of 250,000 Belgium refugees in 1914, followed by increasing resentments, increased numbers of Lasca hired by government to support the merchant navy ar the subsequent growth of immigrant communities in different parts of the country, particularly port cities like Cardiff, Hull, South Shields, etc.; changing responses to 'enemy aliens' as the war progressed, e.g. violence after the sinking of the Lusitania, and the experience internment camps.</li> <li>The experience of refugees from Nazi Germany during the Second World War, including Germans and Jews Different responses to 'enemy aliens' comparing the First and Second World Wars; Polish allies and their experiences in the RAF; colonial volunteers, e.g. Wess Indian Black soldiers and airmen welcomed and then unofficial expectation to return home after hostilities ended.</li> <li>Explanations are most likely to show understanding or the second world ware in the second ware in the second world ware in the second world ware in the second war</li></ul>
<b>Level 4 (7–8 marks)</b> Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show strong understanding of one or more second order concepts in a sustained and well-supported explanation (AO2).	
<b>Level 3 (5–6 marks)</b> Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show sound understanding of one or more second order concepts in a generally coherent and organised explanation (AO2).	
<b>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</b> Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some acunderstanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show some understanding of one or more second order concepts in a loosely organised	
explanation (AO2). <b>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</b> Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Uses these to show some basic understanding of one or more second order concepts, although the overall response may lack structure and coherence (AO2).	the second order concept of consequence but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order concept. Answers which simply describe some migrants groups cannot reach beyond Level 1.
<b>0 marks</b> No response or no response worthy of credit.	

	n 3–10 marks
	s the experience of migrants in Britain during the first and second world war?? Explain your answer with examples.
	e and indicative content
	versity / continuity / change likely to be most common second order concept
Level 5	Level 5 answers will typically identify at least three valid experiences and explain them fully
(9-10 marks)	Nutshell: Three or more reasons identified with explanation of how each meant that reform was slow
Level 4 (7-8	Level 4 answers will typically identify at least two valid experiences and explain them fully
marks)	Nutshell: Two reasons identified with explanation of the experiences
	NOTE Answers at L4 will often identify and describe several reasons but only fully explain two of them.
Level 3 (5-6	Level 3 answers will typically identify and fully explain one experience AND identify/describe another experience without full explanation
marks)	Nutshell: One experience identified with explanation PLUS at least one more identified/described
Level 2 (3-4	Level 2 answers will typically identify and fully explain one experience
marks)	Nutshell: One reason identified with explanation
Level 1 (1–2	Level 1 answers will typically identify/describe an experience without full explanation.
marks)	Nutshell: Identification/description of reason(s) without full explanation
	Alternatively, L1 answers will contain correct description of migrants at the time Nutshell: Describes conditions of migrants
0 marks	

Question 4*–18 marks	
'Migration to Britain increased between1250 and 1500 mainly because of changes in attitudes tow	ards migrants.' How far do you
agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods	
studied. Maximum 6 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts.	
Maximum 12 marks	
Level 6 (16–18 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show very	they demonstrate any knowledge of migration to
secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).	Britain, changes in attitudes or any other factor.
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained,	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by
consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the	agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between,
issue in the question (AO2).	providing the response matches the level description.
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically	BUT, to achieve the two highest levels, answers must
structured.	consider at least one other factor even if the response
Level 5 (13–15 marks)	goes on to argue that changes in attitudes did lead to
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show	increased migration to Britain.
secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order	Answers are most likely to show understanding of the
concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported judgment	second order concept of causation but reward
on the issue in the question (AO2).	appropriate understanding of any other second order
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	concept.
Level 4 (10–12 marks)	Grounds for agreeing include: Official responses,
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show	Henry III in 1270 or Edward III in the 1330s inviting
secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts	Flemish and Dutch weavers to England; greater
in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported judgment on the	acceptance after the Black Death, after 1351 Flemish
issue in the question (AO2).	weavers obtaining Freeman status in Colchester, York
There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	and other cloth trade centres; court records after 1350s
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	suggest assimilation with trade disputes suggesting
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some	integration; no evidence of a single race related murder
understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in	in England at any time in the fifteenth century; despite
making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue in	disturbances at times leading to emigration, migrants
the question (AO2).	quickly return, suggesting they felt safe (e.g. Italians in
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	1456)
Level 2 (4–6 marks)	Grounds for disagreeing include: economic forces more
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some	significant, i.e. growing needs of the cloth trade, Italian
understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts	banking families from Lombardy arriving from the
managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in	1220s; 'Indians' from North Africa or the Eastern
the question (AO2).	Mediterranean following the Crusades; the impact of
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	the Hundred Years' War led to instability on the

Level 1 (1–3 marks)	continent and increased migration to a 'safer' England;
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic	the impact of the Black Death; changing attitudes
understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a	towards Jews resulted in their expulsion in 1290, an
judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).	emigration rather than increasing migration; some
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	evidence suggests that whilst migration increased
0 marks	between 1350 and 1450, thereafter it decreased or at
No response or no response worthy of credit.	least remained steady.

	n 4*–18 marks
-	on to Britain increased between 1250 and 1500 mainly because of changes in attitudes towards migrants.' How far do you agree? Give reasons
for your	
	e and indicative content
Level 6	Level 6 answers will typically set out a balanced argument with each side of the argument explicitly supported by at least two valid examples (or three
(16-18	on one side and two on the other) and a <b>clinching argument</b> .
marks)	Nutshell Balanced argument, two valid supporting examples each side (or three on one side and one on the other), plus a clinching argument
Level 5	Level 5 answers will typically set out a balanced argument with each side of the argument explicitly supported by at least two valid examples (or three
(13-15	on one side and two on the other).
marks)	Nutshell: Balanced argument with two explained points on each side (or three on one side and one on the other)
	NOTE: It is likely that candidates at this level will attempt a clinching argument but this will be more of a summary or
	assertion/repetition of earlier arguments.
Level 4	Level 4 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by three valid examples
(10-12	Nutshall One sided summer to three sumlained nainte of summert
marks)	Nutshell One sided argument; three explained points of support
	Alternatively, Level 4 answers will construct a balanced argument with two explained points on one side and one explained point on the other side
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; two explained point on one side and one explained point on the other side.
Level 3	Level 3 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by two valid examples
(7-9	
marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument; two explained points of support
	Alternatively, Level 3 answers will construct a balanced argument with each side explicitly supported by one example,
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; one explained point on each side
Level 2 (4-6	Level 2 answers will typically construct a one-sided argument explicitly supported by one valid example
(4-0 marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument; one explained point of support
Level 1	Level 1 answers will typically identify a change <b>OR</b> identify other attitudes without full explanation,
(1-3	Nutshell: Identification of attitude or a change in attitude without explanation
marks)	
	Alternatively, Level 1 answers will typically describe relevant events or make general, unsupported assertions,
	Nutshell: Description of relevant events or developments with no explanation OR general assertions
0	
marks	

NOTE: At each level, many candidates will attempt to more explained points, but only fully/successfully explained points should be credited. eg at L2, many answers will attempt a balanced answer but only achieve one valid explanation.

Question 5*–18 marks 'Migrants had a different impact in Britain during the period 1500 to 1750 than in Industrial Britai	n 1750-1900'. How far do you agree with
this statement? Give reasons for your answer.	Notes and muideness specific to the muscling set
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 6 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 12 marks	
Level 6 (16–18 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show	demonstrate any knowledge of the impact of migrants in
very secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).	the period 1500–1900.
	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained,	agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing
consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the	the response matches the level description. BUT, to
issue in the question (AO2). There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically	achieve the two highest levels, answers must consider
structured.	both differences and similarities to some extent.
Level 5 (13–15 marks)	Students will need to explain an impact in
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show	Answers are most likely to show understanding of the
	second order concepts of, similarity/difference, diversity,
secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order	causation, but reward appropriate understanding of any
concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported	other second order concept.
judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	Grounds for agreeing include: Increased scale of
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	Migration as a result of Britain's connections to the wider
Level 4 (10–12 marks)	world was different in the later period because of the
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order	growth of Empire For example, Lascars from China,
	India, Yemen and Somaliland; Protestant Huguenots in
concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported	the earlier period were highly skilled, prosperous and
judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	integrated religiously whereas Irish Catholic migrants to
There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured. Level 3 (7–9 marks)	Industrial Britain were low skilled, poor and experienced
	significant levels of prejudice. Migrants from the wider
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some	world in the later period brought diverse multicultural
understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue	communities to Britain as a result of Empire, such as
in the question (AO2).	Tiger Bay or South Shields, this did not happen in the
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	earlier period.
Level 2 (4–6 marks)	Grounds for disagreeing include: Hostility and riots
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some	directed at migrants in both periods reveal similar
understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts	prejudices and fears about migrants taking away workers
managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in	jobs, e.g. the Spitalfields riots between 1765 and 1769
the question (AO2).	against Huguenots and the Cardiff riot against the Irish in
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	1848. Migrants in both periods contributed to the

Level 1 (1–3 marks)	Industrialisation of Britain and growth in trade, e.g.
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic	Huguenots in engineering and manufacturing, and Irish
understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a	navvies building roads, canals and railways, or Lascars
judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).	in the shipping industry.
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

	e and indicative content
Level 6 (16-18 marks)	Level 6 answers will typically set out a balanced argument with each side of the argument explicitly supported by at least two valid examples (or three on one side and two on the other) and a clinching argument Nutshell Balanced argument, two valid supporting examples each side (or three on one side and one on the other), plus a clinching argument
Level 5 (13-15 marks)	Level 5 answers will typically set out a balanced argument with each side of the argument explicitly supported by at least two valid examples (or three on one side and two on the other)
	Nutshell: Balanced argument with two explained points on each side (or three on one side and one on the other) NOTE: It is likely that candidates at this level will attempt a clinching argument but this will be more of a summary or assertion/repetition of earlier arguments.
Level 4 (10-12	Level 4 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by three valid examples
marks)	Nutshell One sided argument; three explained points of support Alternatively, Level 4 answers will construct a balanced argument with two explained points on one side and one explained point on the other side e.g.
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; two explained point on one side and one explained point on the other side.
Level 3 (7-9	Level 3 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by two valid examples
marks)	Nutshell One sided argument; two explained points of support OR
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; one explained point on each side
Level 2 (4-6	Level 2 answers will typically construct a one-sided argument explicitly supported by one valid example
marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument; one explained point of support
Level 1 (1-3	Level 1 answers will typically identify improvements brought by the NHS <b>OR</b> identify other significant improvements without full explanation, e.g.
marks)	Nutshell: Identification of one impact
-	Alternatively, Level 1 answers will typically describe relevant events or make general, unsupported assertions, e.g.
	Nutshell: Description of relevant events or developments with no explanation OR general assertions

NOTE: At each level, many candidates will attempt to more explained points, but only fully/successfully explained points should be credited. eg at L2, many answers will attempt a balanced answer but only achieve one valid explanation.

### Section B: Britain in Peace and War, 1900–1918

#### Question 6a – 3 marks

In Interpretation A, the TV presenter and historian Dan Snow argues that David Lloyd George was a significant British politician. Identify and explain one way in which he does this.

#### Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Points marking (AO4): 1+1+1. 1 mark for identification of a relevant and appropriate way in which Snow argues that Lloyd George was a significant British politician + 1 mark for a basic explanation of this + 1 mark for development of this explanation.

Reminder – This question does not seek evaluation of the given interpretation, just selection of relevant material and analysis of this is relation to the issue in the question.

The explanation of how the Dan Snow argues that David Lloyd George was an important British politician may analyse the interpretation or aspects of the interpretation by using the candidate's knowledge of the historical situation portrayed and / or to the method or approach used by the historian. Knowledge and understanding of historical context must be intrinsically linked to the analysis of the interpretation in order to be credited. Marks must not be awarded for the demonstration of knowledge or understanding in isolation.

The following answers are indicative. Other appropriates ways and appropriate and accurate explanation should also be credited:

For example:

- Snow shows that David Lloyd George is a famous and respected figure (1). He says that he has had a statue made of him which is in 'pride of place' in the House of Commons. (1) This makes it seem like lots of people have recognised the contributions that he made. (1)
- Snow uses language and choice of words to emphasise how important David Lloyd George was. (1) He says he was 'dynamic' and 'remarkable' and calls his career 'extraordinary' (1). This makes Lloyd George seem like an exceptional politician who made shook up the world of politics (1).
- Snow emphasises the changes Lloyd George brought to Britain. (1) He says that Old Age Pensions and National Insurance 'laid the foundations of the modern welfare state.' (1) This makes the work of Lloyd George sound revolutionary and ahead of its time.

Question 6b – 5 marks	
If you were asked to do further research on one aspect of Interpretation A, what would you cl	hoose to investigate? Explain how this would help
us to analyse and understand politics in Britain between 1900 and 1914.	
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the	
periods studied. Maximum 2 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical	
concepts. Maximum 3 marks	
Please note that that while the weightings of AO1 to AO2 are equal in levels 1 and 2, AO2	
carries greater weight in level 3.	
Level 3 (5 marks)	Answers may choose to put forward lines of investigation by
The response shows knowledge and understanding of relevant key features and characteristics	framing specific enquiry questions but it is possible to
(AO1).	achieve full marks without doing this.
It uses a strong understanding of second order historical concept(s) to explain clearly how further	Suggested lines of enquiry / areas for research may be into
research on the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the event or situation (AO2).	matters of specific detail or into broader themes but must
Level 2 (3–4 marks)	involve use of second order concepts rather than mere
The response shows knowledge and understanding of relevant key features and characteristics	discovery of new information if AO2 marks are to be
(AO1).	awarded.
It uses a general understanding of second order historical concept(s) to explain how further	Examples of areas for further research include: reasons for
research on the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the event or situation (AO2).	Lloyd George / the Liberal Party introducing reform
Level 1 (1–2 mark)	(causation); reasons for the Lords or other political parties
The response shows knowledge of features and characteristics (AO1).	opposing the reforms (causation); impact of Liberal reforms
It shows a basic understanding of second order historical concept(s) and attempts to link these to	on poverty / people's lives (consequence/ change and
explanation of how further research on the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the	continuity); comparison of impact of reforms on different
event or situation (AO2).	groups of people (eg children, pensioners, the unemployed,
0 marks	etc.) (diversity, ie similarity & difference); how much support among different sections of the population there was for the
No response or no response worthy of credit.	Liberal Party and/or the reforms (diversity); how far David
	Lloyd George was responsible for the Liberal reforms
	(significance); how much impact the Parliament Act had on
	the power of the House of Lords (significance, change,
	consequence).

Interpretations B and C both focus on women's campaign for the vote. How fa Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations (including how and why interpretations may differ) in the context of historical events studied. Maximum 12 marks Level 4 (10–12 marks)	Answers could consider:
Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers a very detailed analysis of similarities and/or differences between the interpretations and gives a convincing and valid explanation of reasons why they may differ. There is a convincing and well-substantiated judgment of how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4). <b>Level 3 (7–9 marks)</b> Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers a detailed analysis of similarities and/or differences between the interpretations and gives a valid explanation of reasons why they may differ. There is a generally valid and clear judgment about how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4). <b>Level 2 (4–6 marks)</b> Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers some valid analysis of differences and/or similarities between the interpretations and gives a reasonable explanation of at least one reason why they may differ, and a basic judgment about how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4). <b>Level 1 (1–3 marks)</b> Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Identifies some differences and/or similarities between the interpretations and makes a limited attempt to explain why they may differ. There is either no attempt to assess how far they differ, or there is an assertion about this but it is completely unsupported (AO4). <b>0 marks</b> No response or no response worthy of credit.	<ul> <li>Comparison of provenance and source type alone, eg B is from 2016, C from 2003; B is from an online magazine, C is from a history book.</li> <li>Individual points of similarity/difference in content: Both sources agree on militancy of Suffragettes; B implies history of Suffragettes is not well-known whereas C says they have been given too much attention; B focuses on Suffragettes while C focuses on Suffragists.</li> <li>Differences in the overall significance attributed to or portrayal of the Suffragettes and/or Suffragists: B dismisses the Suffragists' work ('peaceful protests ), saying it 'achieved nothing. By contrast, C attached great importance to the work of the Suffragists, saying this 'mass movement' made 'massive strides' for the campaign and was the 'central explanation' for why the suffrage movement was eventually successful. B attributes greater significance to the role of the Suffragettes, saying their story was 'important' to history and implying that civil disobedience achieved more than peaceful protest. C focusses exclusively on the Suffragettes as subjects for the film and portrays them as heroines/martyrs. C however claims that the WSPU had failed by 1914 and that they were actually 'in decline'.</li> <li>Developed reasons for differences – nature/purpose eg B is trying to promote the film and make it sound different and controversial; Gavron even says there is 'a lot of action'. Popular history is more likely to focus on the role of extreme groups, even if they were less important. C meanwhile is written by a 'Revisionist' historian who has written this book specifically to try to overturn the popular perception that the Suffragettes were most important in getting women the vote.</li> </ul>

J411/19	Mark Scheme	June 2018
	Marks for relevant knowledge and understa clarity and confidence with which candidate issues mentioned or implied in the interpre extra relevant knowledge or show understa can be rewarded for this, but it is not a targ	es discuss features, events or tations. Candidates who introduce anding of related historical issues
	No reward can be given for wider knowledg to the topic in the question.	ge of the period that is unrelated

	tations B and C both focus on women's campaign for the vote. How far do they differ and what might explain any differences? The and indicative content
Level 4 (10- 12	Answers at L4 will typically compare the overall portrayal of Suffragettes and support this with relevant reference to the content of the interpretations. They will use the <b>purpose/audience</b> of one or both of the interpretations to explain reasons for different portrayals,
marks)	Nutshell: Valid comparison of portrayals in B and C, with support. Difference explained with specific purpose of B or C NOTE: Award 10-11 marks for candidates who use the purpose of <u>one</u> interpretation to explain difference in portrayals. Award 12 marks for candidates which use the purpose of <u>both</u> interpretations to explain difference in portrayals.
Level 3 (7-9 marks)	Answers at L3 will typically compare the message/overall portrayal of Suffragettes and support this with relevant reference to the content of the interpretations. Answers at this level may attempt to explain differences using undeveloped comments about provenance
,	Nutshell: Valid comparison of portrayals in B and C with support from one or both interpretations. NOTE: Answers with support from only one interpretation award 7 marks
Level 2 (4-6	Answers at L2 will typically use the content of the interpretations to compare individual points of similarity and/or difference
marks)	Nutshell: Selects individual points of similarity or difference OR Nutshells Valid comparison of portrovide with no compart
Level	Nutshell: Valid comparison of portrayals with no support Answers at L1 will typically make simplistic comments about provenance
1 (1–3 marks)	Nutshell: Comparison of simplistic provenance
-	Nutshell: Portrayal of suffragettes in one interpretation explained with no valid comparison
0 marks	

Question 8*–20 marks In his 2015 textbook, <i>The Experience of Warfare in Britain: Crimea, Boer and the First World War 1854–1</i> the First World War 'most British people were solidly patriotic and committed to victory'. <i>How far do you</i>	agree with this view?
Levels AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 5 marks	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 5 marks	
AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations in the context of historical events studied. Maximum 10 marks	
Level 5 (17–20 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	1 if they demonstrate any knowledge of responses to the demands of total war.
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation (AO2).	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation	between, providing the response matches the
e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing evaluation reaching	Level description. To reach Levels 4 and 5, this
a well-substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	must involve considering the use of the phrases
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	'most and/or 'solidly" in the interpretation.
Level 4 (13–16 marks)	
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure	Answers are most likely to show understanding
understanding of them (AO1).	of the second order concepts of diversity
Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally	(similarity / difference in responses to war and/or
convincing explanation (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this	support for war from various groups of people)
is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained and generally convincing	and change/continuity (how support for war
evaluation reaching a substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	changed between 1914 and 1918) but reward
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	appropriate understanding of any other second
Level 3 (9–12 marks)	order concept.
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some	
understanding of them (AO1).	Grounds for agreeing include: 750,000
Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt	volunteers for army within first 8 weeks; only a
to explain ideas (AO2).	tiny proportion (around 16,000 out of 8 million) of
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation	eligible men refused to fight after 1916; the press censored themselves and stayed in solid
e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a partial evaluation with some explanation of ideas reaching a	support of the war; few people publicly criticised
supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	the war and those that did (eg George Bernard
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure. Level 2 (5–8 marks)	Shaw) were generally viewed as traitors;
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some	socialists and pacifists received little sympathy
understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in	from public; Ramsay Macdonald forced to resign
a limited way to explain ideas (AO2).	as Labour leader because he did not support the
	as capour reduct because the did not support the

J411/19

Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Attempts a basic evaluation with some limited explanation of ideas and a loosely supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4). There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	war; conscientious objectors treated as shirkers; even towards the end of the war, most of those who questioned the war's leadership were still in favour of fighting for a victory; NUWSS and
Level 1 (1–4 marks)	WSPU suspended campaigns; hundreds of
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1).	thousands of women joined VAD, WLA and other organisations or took on men's jobs.
Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) involved in the issue (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation	other organisations of took on men's jobs.
e.g. identifying key words, etc. (AO4) There is either no attempt to evaluate and reach a judgment about the	Grounds for disagreeing include: Conscription
interpretation, or there is an assertion about the interpretation but this lacks any support or historical validity.	had to be introduced in 1916; socialists and
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	pacifists opposed the war; Bernard Shaw's anti-
0 marks	war pamphlet sold 25,000 copies; the mood in
No response or no response worthy of credit.	Britain changed between 1914 and 1918 from
	enthusiasm to grim determination; Battle of the Somme was a turning point and government
	faced serious criticism as people questioned the
	way the war was fought; food riots in east
	London in March 1917; voluntary rationing was
	unsuccessful and compulsory rationing
	introduced; Lloyd George's criticism of 'business
	as usual'; coal strike 1915.

	n 8*–20 marks
	15 textbook, The Experience of Warfare in Britain: Crimea, Boer and the First World War 1854–1929, historian Alan Farmer argued that, during
	World War 'most British people were solidly patriotic and committed to victory'. How far do you agree with this view?
	e and indicative content
Level 5	
(17-20	valid clinching argument
marks)	
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; two valid supporting examples each side <u>OR</u> three on one side and one on the other. Clinching argument = 20 marks
Level 4 (13-16	Level 4 answers will typically construct a balanced or one-sided answer explicitly supported by at least three valid examples
marks)	Nutshell: Balanced or one-sided argument; three explained points of support
-	NOTE 1: Answers at L4 may attempt more than three points but only provide explicit supporting evidence for three.
	NOTE 2: It is likely that candidates at this level will attempt a clinching argument but this will be more of a summary or assertion/repetition of earlier arguments.
	Level 3 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by two valid examples
Level 3	
(9-12	Nutshell: One sided argument, two explained points of support
marks)	
	Alternatively, Level 3 answers will construct a balanced argument with each side explicitly supported by one example,
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; one explained point on each side
	NOTE: Answers at L3 may attempt more than two points but only provide explicit supporting evidence for two
Level 2 (5-8	Level 2 answers will typically construct a one-sided argument explicitly supported by one valid example,
marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument; one explained point of support
	NOTE: Answers at L2 may attempt more than one point but only provide explicit supporting evidence for one
Level 1	Level 1 answers will typically identify areas of agreement and/or disagreement without full explanation,
(1-4	Nutshell: Identification of reason(s) without explanation
marks)	
-	Alternatively, Level 1 answers will typically describe events OR make general, unsupported assertions
	Nutshell: Description of actions or related events without addressing the question OR general, unsupported assertions.
0	
marks	

Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the	
periods studied. Maximum 5 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical	
concepts. Maximum 5 marks	
AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations in the context of	
historical events studied. Maximum 10 marks	
Level 5 (17–20 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that	demonstrate any knowledge of tensions in Edwardian
show secure understanding of them (AO1).	society.
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing
sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation (AO2).	or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the	response matches the Level description.
interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained, consistently focused and	
convincing evaluation reaching a well-substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	Answers are most likely to show understanding of diversity
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically	(similarity/difference between different groups, eg rich and
structured.	poor) and change and continuity (how experiences changed
Level 4 (13–16 marks)	or stayed the same across the period) but reward
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show	appropriate understanding of any other second order
secure understanding of them (AO1).	concept.
Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and	
generally convincing explanation (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and	Grounds for agreeing include: British trade and industry
understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a	made Britain world's richest country; British Empire offered
sustained and generally convincing evaluation reaching a substantiated judgment about the	markets / opportunities for British businesses; Britain's
interpretation (AO4).	military strength; developments in technology; lavish
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	lifestyles for some people (upper classes); wide range of
Level 3 (9–12 marks)	leisure activities for middle classes; working class wages
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show	were higher than they had been in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century and
some understanding of them (AO1).	some workers could afford luxuries; many working-class
Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably	families lived in better housing as local councils built good-
sustained attempt to explain ideas (AO2).	quality streets and new terraced houses with flushing toilets,
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the	many workers had Saturday afternoons off and went to
interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a partial evaluation with some explanation of	watch football and cricket; there were four bank holidays in
ideas reaching a supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	the year and lots of factories closed for a week in the
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	summer – many families went to British seaside resorts; the
	Liberal government had brought in series of welfare reforms
	after 1906 to improve the lives of the poor and elderly – by

<ul> <li>Level 2 (5–8 marks)</li> <li>Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas (AO2).</li> <li>Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Attempts a basic evaluation with some limited explanation of ideas and a loosely supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4). There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.</li> <li>Level 1 (1–4 marks)</li> <li>Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) involved in the issue (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. (AO4) There is either no attempt to evaluate and reach a judgment about the interpretation, or there is an assertion about the interpretation but this</li> </ul>	1914 there were things like Free School Meals, National Insurance and Old Age Pensions. Grounds for disagreeing include: Competition in trade and industry from Germany and the USA; concerns about Britain's army compared to Germany's; low wages for unskilled labourers; lack of unemployment/welfare system in 1900; Rowntree's investigations had revealed 28% York's population lived below the poverty line; poorer working class families continued to live in overcrowded and insanitary slums; only 66% of working class babies lived beyond the age of 1; danger and lack of regulation in some industries, eg Sweated Trades; lives of women could be boring and repetitive; women were paid less than men; women didn't have the vote; there was little social mobility for working classes.
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. (AO4) There is either no attempt to evaluate and	repetitive; women were paid less than men; women didn't have the vote; there was little social mobility for working
0 marks	-
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

Question	n 9*–20 marks
In his 19	49 memoir, The House is Gone: A Personal Retrospect, journalist and poet Dudley Carew argued that the Edwardian era was a 'golden era of
	ity.' How far do you agree with this view of Britain between 1900 and 1914?
Guidanc	e and indicative content
Level 5 (17-20	Level 5 answers will typically set out a balanced argument explicitly supported by at least 4 valid examples. For 20 marks, candidates must present a valid clinching argument
marks)	
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; two valid supporting examples each side <u>OR</u> three on one side and one on the other. Clinching argument = 20 marks
Level 4 (13-16	Level 4 answers will typically construct a balanced or one-sided answer explicitly supported by at least three valid examples
marks)	Nutshell: Balanced or one-sided argument; three explained points of support
	NOTE 1: Answers at L4 may attempt more than three points but only provide explicit supporting evidence for three.
	NOTE 2: It is likely that candidates at this level will attempt a clinching argument but this will be more of a summary or assertion/repetition of earlier arguments.
	Level 3 answers will typically construct a one-sided answer explicitly supported by two valid examples
Level 3	
(9-12 marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument, two explained points of support
	Alternatively, Level 3 answers will construct a balanced argument with each side explicitly supported by one example,
	Nutshell: Balanced argument; one explained point on each side
	NOTE: Answers at L3 may attempt more than two points but only provide explicit supporting evidence for two
Level 2 (5-8	Level 2 answers will typically construct a one-sided argument explicitly supported by one valid example,
marks)	Nutshell: One sided argument; one explained point of support NOTE: Answers at L2 may attempt more than one point but only provide explicit supporting evidence for one
Level 1 (1-4	Level 1 answers will typically identify areas of agreement and/or disagreement without full explanation, Nutshell: Identification of reason(s) without explanation
marks)	Alternatively, Level 1 answers will typically describe events OR make general, unsupported assertions Nutshell: Description of actions or related events without addressing the question OR general, unsupported assertions.
0 marks	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) The Triangle Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 8EA

**OCR Customer Contact Centre** 

### **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: <u>general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk</u>

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553





© OCR 2018