

Mark Scheme

May 2018

Functional Skills English

Reading Level 2 E202

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme, not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification / indicative content will not be exhaustive.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, a senior examiner must be consulted before a mark is given.
- Crossed out work should be marked **unless** the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Coverage and range	Answer	Mark		
1	2.2.4	C – the environment of walk more	(1)		
2	2.2.4	Award one mark for each relevant explanation, up to a maximum of two marks .			
		Phrase	Explanation		
		'Get people on board'	encourage others to join you / get people to take part / get everyone going / get people up for walking / ask colleagues to come along / persuade people to participate		
		`moderate intensity'	fairly challenging / average difficulty / average intensity / average strength / medium effort / medium pace / not too hard / not too difficult / not extreme / not strenuous / quite hard		
		an understanding of th	ons provided they show he target phrases.		
	2.2.5	same explanation for both phrases.			
3	2.2.3	Award one mark for a correct answer. For example:			
		Do not accept: 'abou' as writing purposes	t' / `says'/ `talks about'	(1)	

4	2.2.5	Award one mark for a valid reason, based on Text B. For example: • it gives ways / suggests / lists how street safety can be improved • it is written by Living Streets / a charity that wants to make streets safer • tells you how to make streets people-friendly / healthy / design streets for walking • tells you about introducing 20 mph speed limits	(1)
5	2.2.4	C - there are economic benefits to making	
		streets safe	(1)
6	2.2.3	A - alliteration	(1) (1)
7	2.2.3	Award 1 mark for each valid language feature, up to a maximum of 2 marks. Award 1 mark for each valid and linked example up to a maximum of 2 marks. • rule of three / listing (1) e.g. 'Checking phones, texting friends, using maps' (1) • (rhetorical) questions (1) 'Why?' • simile (1) e.g. 'like being in a bubble' (1) • informal / colloquial language (1) 'Wallop!' (1) • research / survey / data / figures / numbers (1) 'A survey by Compare.com' / '24,000 pedestrian injuries' / 'almost 40 per cent' (1)	(1)
		 first person / 'I' / 'our' / personal appeal (1) e.g. 'I would strongly urge' / 'I maintain' (1) exclamation (1) e.g. 'It really makes me angry!' / 'on the increase!' (1) positive / negative / emotive language (1) e.g. 'serious accidents' / 'pedestrian injuries' / 'simple and healthy activity' 	
		(1)	(4)

onomatopoeia (1) 'Wallop!' (1)	
 alliteration (1) e.g. 'distracted driving' (1) 	

8	2.2.5	Award marks according to the marking criteria with reference to the indicative content. General guidance Answers should include relevant information about the physical benefits of walking. Indicative content Answers may refer to: Iose weight (Text A) ideal for everyone / all ages / fitness levels (Text A) health benefits (Text A) health benefits (Text A) increases physical activity (Text B) fitness (Text B) lower blood pressure (Text B) reduce chance of heart disease (Text B)	
		energy levels (Text B).	
		Marking criteria 0 No rewardable material	
		1 - 2 Imprecise idea(s) from the text(s) showing limited or no awareness of audience needs	
		3 – 4 Relevant, reasonably precise idea(s) from both texts, showing awareness of audience needs	
		Relevant, precise idea(s) from both texts, showing consistent awareness of audience needs	
			(5)
9	2.2.4	Award one mark for the following quotations from Text A:	
		'Not everyone appreciates the	(2)

		advantages of walking' • 'You may think that walking short distances won't help, but it will'. Award one mark for the following quotation from Text C: • 'one which is greatly underrated (by many people)'. Accept minor copying errors and quotations without quotation marks.	
10	2.2.2	Award marks according to the marking criteria with reference to the indicative content. General guidance Answers should explain relevant different ideas about walking from Text B and Text C.	
		Indicative content Answers may refer to: • being positive / negative about walking • streets need to change / walkers need to change • walking can be safe / walking can be dangerous • walking can improve health / walking can cause injuries. O No rewardable material 1 - 2 Imprecise idea(s), with limited examples(s) or no examples 3 - 4 Relevant, reasonably precise idea(s) and linked examples 5 Relevant, precise ideas, with well-selected, linked examples	

11	2.2.1	Award one mark for co / 'Walking and you' / To Award one mark for th Award one mark for a Reasons Tells you what shoes to buy / gives you advantages of comfortable shoes Advises on appropriate clothing / tells you what you need to buy Gives you information on what to buy to count steps	e correct reason.	
12	2.2.1	Award one mark for example Award a maximum of continuous to each text. Text A	one mark for reference	(3)
13	2.2.2	A – Texts A and B botoms can be enjoyable.	oth agree that walking ir	

Mapping to Functional Skills Cover and Range for English Level 2

	Mapping to standard Select, read, understand and compare texts and use them to gather information, ideas, arguments and opinions. (L2.2.1) (L2.2.2) (L2.2.3) (L2.2.4) (L2.2.5)						
Questio n	Fixed Marks	Open Mark s	Select and use different types of texts to obtain and utilise relevant informati on	Read and summarise, succinctly, information / ideas from different sources	Identify the purposes of texts and comment on how meaning is conveyed	Detect point of view, implicit meaning	Analyse texts in relation to audience needs and consider suitable responses
1	1					X	
2		2				ХХ	
3		1			X		
4		1					X
5	1					X	
6	1				X		
7		4			XXXX		
8		5					XXXXX
9	2					XX	
10		5		XXXXX			
11		3	XXX				
12		3	XXX				
13	1			X			
	Total marks:			6	6	6	6
Total percentage:			20	20	20	20	20







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