

### Frequency Tables Mark Scheme

<b>1(a)</b>	Most frequent shoe size is: <b>size 5</b>	[1]										
<b>1(b)</b>	Median shoe size is average of the 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> data points which is: <b>size 5</b>	[1]										
<b>1(c)</b>	$(3 \times 4) + (4 \times 7) + (5 \times 15) \dots = 201$	[1] Sum of the mid point of the groups multiplied by the frequency.										
	$201 \div 40 = 5.025$	[1] divided by the total number of students										
<b>2(a)</b>	<table border="1" style="margin: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 5px;">Age (years)</th> <th style="padding: 5px;">Frequency</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">12</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">13</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">14</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">15</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 5px;">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Age (years)	Frequency	12	5	13	2	14	3	15	2	[1] For two correct values  [1] Full marks requires all four values to be correct
Age (years)	Frequency											
12	5											
13	2											
14	3											
15	2											
<b>2(b)</b>	13	[1]										
<b>2(c)</b>	$(12 \times 5) + (13 \times 2) + (14 \times 3) + (15 \times 2) = 158$	[1]										
	$158 \div 12 = 13.2$	[1]										
<b>3(a)</b>	Multiply the frequency by the number of times exercised, divided by the total number of students	[1]										
	$145 \div 50 = 2.9$	[1]										
<b>3(b)</b>	Median = 3	[1]										
<b>4(a)</b>	$(0 \times 2) + (1 \times 4) + (2 \times 17) \dots = 76$	[1] Sum of the extra toppings multiplied by the frequency.										
	$76 \div 35 = 2.17$	[1] Divided by the total number of students										
<b>4(b)</b>	$910 \times \frac{4}{35} = 104$	[1]										
<b>4(c)</b>	Assumes everyone in the school eats pizza	[1]										
	The school follows the same distribution as the class	[1]										
<b>5</b>	$(24 \times 18) + (25 \times 19) + (26 \times 19) + (27 \times 20) + (28 \times 16) = 2337$	[1] Sum of the time taken multiplied by the frequency.										
	$\frac{2337}{90} = 25.97$	[1] divided by the total number of students										
<b>6</b>	$3 + 8 + 12 + x + y = 40, \quad x + y = 17$	[1] Setting up algebra equation										
	$(x + (2 \times 12) + (3y) + (4 \times 8) + (5 \times 3)) \div 40 = 2.9$ $x + 3y = 45$	[1] Setting up simultaneous equations										
	Using the two simultaneous equations we find that $x = 3$ and $y = 14$	[1] Two correct answers										

END