| Circles - Area and Circumference Mark Scheme |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | [5] Mark for each correctly matched term |
| 2(a) | $2 \times 3.7=7.4 \mathrm{~m}$ | [1] Diameter of the circle |
| 2(b) | $C=\pi d$ <br> or $7.4 \times \pi=23.2478$ | [1] Correct circumference |
|  | $C=23.25 \mathrm{~m}$ | [1] Correct rounding required |
| 3(a) | Diameter $=2 \times r=2 \times 3.6=7.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Multiplication of radius by 2 |
|  | Circumference $=\pi \times d=2 \times \pi \times r=7.2 \pi \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Correct circumference in terms of $\pi$ |
| 3(b) | Area $=\pi \times r^{2}=\pi \times 3.6^{2}$ | [1] Correct calculation |
|  | $=12.96 \pi=40.7 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct area to 1 decimal place |
| 4 | Perimeter of semi-circle arc: $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times d=\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 16=8 \pi \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Correct calculation |
|  | Perimeter of diameter $=16 \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Correct calculation |
|  | Total Perimeter $=16+8 \pi=41.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Correct perimeter to 1 decimal place |


| 5 | Area $=\pi \times x^{2}=150 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Forming correct equation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $x=\sqrt{\frac{150}{\pi}}$ | [1] Rearranging to make $x$ the subject |
|  | $x=6.9 \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Correct radius to 1 decimal place |
| 6(a) | Area of $A=\pi \times 16^{2}=256 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct area of circle $A$ |
| 6(b) | Area of $B=\pi \times 7^{2}=49 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct area of circle $B$ |
|  | Shaded area $=256 \pi-49 \pi=207 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Finding the difference of the two areas |
|  | $=650.3 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct shaded area to 1 decimal place |
| 7 | Shaded outer area $=100 \pi-49 \pi=51 \pi \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | [1] Calculation of the area of the outer ring |
|  | Area of interior circles $=5 \times\left(\pi \times 1^{2}\right)=5 \pi \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | [1] Calculation of the interior circles area |
|  | Total shaded area $=(51 \pi+5 \pi)=56 \pi \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | [1] Summing all shaded areas |
|  | $=\frac{56 \pi}{100 \pi}=56 \%$ | [1] Correct shaded area as a percentage to the total area of the large circle |
| 8 | Ratio of areas is $1^{2}: 2^{2}: 3^{2}: 5^{2}$ | [1] Correct calculation |
|  | 1: 4: 9: 25 | [1] Correct answer in its simplest form |
| 9(a) | Diagonal $A C=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ | [1] Identify length of diagonal AC or BD |
|  | $\begin{gathered} x^{2}+x^{2}=12^{2} \\ 2 x^{2}=144 \\ x=\sqrt{72}=6 \sqrt{2} \end{gathered}$ | [1] By use of Pythagoras or otherwise, find the lengths, $x$, of each side of the square |
|  | Area $=6 \sqrt{2} \times 6 \sqrt{2}=72 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct area of square $A B C D$ |
| 9(b) | Area of circle $=\pi \times 6^{2}=36 \pi$ | [1] Correct calculation |
|  | Shaded area $=36 \pi-72=41.1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | [1] Correct shaded area to 1 decimal place |

