Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCE

## Chemistry B

Unit H433A/02: Scientific literacy in chemistry
Advanced GCE

## Mark Scheme for June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

Annotations available in RM Assessor

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Correct response |
| A | Incorrect response |
| BOD | Omission mark |
| CON | Benefit of doubt given |
| RE | Contradiction |
| SF | Rounding error |
| ECF | Error in number of significant figures |
| L1 | Error carried forward |
| L2 | Level 1 |
| L3 | Level 2 |
| NBOD | Level 3 |
| SEEN | Benefit of doubt not given |
| I | Noted but no credit given |

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| $/$ | alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point |
| $\checkmark$ | Separates marking points |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| IGNORE | Statements which are irrelevant |
| ALLOW | Answers that can be accepted |
| ( ) | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| - | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| AW | Olternative wording |
| ORA |  |


| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | Correct response |
| * | Incorrect response |
| ค | Omission mark |
| 800 | Benefit of doubt given |
| COM | Contradiction |
| RE | Rounding error |
| SF | Error in number of significant figures |
| E.t. | Error carried forward |
| $\square 1$ | Level 1 |
| [2] | Level 2 |
| 13 | Level 3 |
| NEOD | Benefit of doubt not given |
| SEEN | Noted but no credit given |
| $\square$ | Ignore |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

## INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet Instructions for Examiners. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners.

|  | 333/02 |  | Mark Scheme |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| 1 | (a) | (i) | $2 \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}+\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONa}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> formulae $\checkmark$ <br> balancing of correct formulae $\checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW any unambiguous formulae (including molecular formulae) <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ as a product in a balanced equation for 1 mark <br> IGNORE state symbols |
|  |  | (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer $=11.25$ or $11.3\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ award 2 marks <br> amount $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}=25 \times 0.450 / 1000$ OR 0.01125(mol) <br> volume $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(=0.5 \times 0.01125 \times 1000 / 0.500)$ <br> $=11.25\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)^{\checkmark}$ | 2 | ALLOW ecf from 1:1 ratio in a(i) ALLOW 3 or more sf |
|  | (b) |  | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}+\mathrm{OH}^{-}$ | 1 | IGNORE state symbols ALLOW arrow for equilibrium sign |
|  | (c) | (i) | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}=\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}+\mathrm{H}^{+}$ | 1 | ALLOW: <br> $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}+\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$ <br> Equilibrium sign required <br> IGNORE state symbols |
|  |  | (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer =3.1(462) award 2 marks $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]=\sqrt{ }\left(1.7 \times 10^{-5} \times 0.030\right) \text { OR } 7.14(\ldots .) \times 10^{-4} \checkmark} \\ & \mathrm{pH}\left(=-\log 7.14 \times 10^{-4}\right)=3.1(462) \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ALLOW ' $\mathrm{H}^{+ \text {' }}$ for ' $\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}{ }^{\prime}\right.$ ' <br> ALLOW ecf for second mark provided value for $\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]$ is quoted and it is smaller than $3 \times 10^{-2}$ and greater than $1.1 \times 10^{-7}$. |
|  | (d) |  | acid/ $\mathrm{H}^{+}$moves equilibrium to left / reactants $\checkmark$ <br> idea of restoring/maintaining_pH $\checkmark$ <br> large concentrations/ amounts/excess of salt/ $/ \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-} \checkmark$ | 3 | Equilibrium must be written out (either for ethanoic acid or HA) to score first mark (or they could refer back to (c)(i)) <br> ALLOW idea of "ethanoate ions react with $\mathrm{H}^{+}$ions to restore equilibrium" to score first mark |
|  | (e) | (i) | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]=K_{\mathrm{a}} \times\left[\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}\right] /\left[\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}\right]\right)} \\ & \text {gives } \mathrm{pH}=4.77 / 4.8 \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  |


| H433/02 Mark Scheme |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer $=0.35(\mathrm{~g})$ award 4 marks $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}\right]=K_{\mathrm{a}} \times\left[\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}\right] /\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right] \checkmark} \\ & =1.7 \times 10^{-5} \times 0.1 / 10^{-5} \mathrm{OR} 0.17(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm} \end{aligned}$ <br> mass $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONa}$ per dm ${ }^{3}=82 \times 0.17$ OR $13.94 \mathrm{~g} \checkmark$ mass per $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=13.94 / 40=0.35 \mathrm{~g} \checkmark$ OR <br> moles in $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=0.17 / 40=4.25 \times 10^{-3} \checkmark$ <br> mass per $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=4.25 \times 10^{-3} \times 82=0.35 \mathrm{~g}$ | 4 | Accept $0.349 \mathrm{~g} / 0.3485 \mathrm{~g}$ ALLOW 2 or more sf ALLOW ecf throughout ALLOW correct expression for $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{a}}$ |
|  | Total | 16 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) |  | Phenol/hydroxy(I) $\checkmark$ secondary amide $\checkmark$ | 2 | NOT alcohol |
|  | (b) | (i) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer $=13.5 / 14(\mathrm{~g})$ award 2 marks <br> amount 4-nitrophenol $=5.0 / 139$ OR 0.03597 (mol) <br> AND mass phenol to give $100 \%=5.0 \times 94 / 139$ OR $3.381(\mathrm{~g}) \checkmark$ <br> scaling by $100 / 25$ to get $13.5 / 14(\mathrm{~g}) \checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW ecf Any number scaled by $100 / 25$ and to 2 or 3 sf scores second mark (if first mark not scored) |
|  |  | (ii) |  | 2 | ALLOW on $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ group: <br> - double bond to either oxygen with a single or dative bond to the other <br> - 'one and a half' bonds to each oxygen One mark for correct bonding within $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ group One mark for hydrogen bond between correct H and O (even if bonding wrong) |
|  |  | (iii) | reduction AND amine | 1 |  |
|  |  | (iv) |  | 2 | IGNORE non-skeletal formulae /ambiguous attachments <br> Allow correct use of Ethanoyl chloride for 1 mark |
|  |  | (v) | dissolve in minimum volume of hot water / solvent filter (hot solution) removing insoluble impurities allow to crystallise /AW $\checkmark$ <br> filter, soluble impurities removed/remain in solution | 4 | ALLOW wash (and dry) crystals - soluble impurities are washed away |

H433/02

| Question |  | Answer | Mark Scheme |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (c)(i) | (AM404) has a similar shape to andanamide AW $\checkmark$ <br> (AM404) fits/ binds/bonds to active site $\checkmark$ <br> (AM404 in active site) not broken down/ stays on (active <br> site)/ blocks site to/ competes with andanamide AW $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
|  |  | (ii) | (all) cis/Z $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | (iii) | lack of rotation/twisting $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (a) | (i) |   | 1 | All 5 Carbon atoms must be circled |
|  |  | (ii) | aldehyde $\checkmark$ | 1 | NOT carbonyl here |
|  |  | (iii) | one fromtest 1 mark $\checkmark$ result linked to appropriate <br> test 1 mark $\checkmark$ <br> heat with Fehling's/ <br> Benedicts solution (brick) red ppt <br> add Tollens' reagent and <br> warm silver mirror /AW <br> heat with acid dichromate goes green | 2 | Reagents may be specified (eg 'silver nitrate and ammonia' for Tollens') |
|  |  | (iv) |  <br> $\mathrm{OH} / \mathrm{it}$ is attached to a C with 2 H / one $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bond /attached to a carbon that is only bonded to one other carbon / $R$ group $\checkmark$ | 2 | Both OH groups must be circled |


| H433/0 |  |  | Mark Scheme |  | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |  |
|  | (v) | Water / a small molecule is not produced/ both have same molecular formula | 1 |  |  |
|  | (vi) | $-\mathrm{CHO}+\mathrm{HO}-\rightarrow-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH})-\mathrm{O}-$ | 1 | ALLOW any unambiguous representation |  |
| (b) |  |  <br> correct bonding in phosphates $\checkmark$ correct connection of phosphates AND correct ring structure $\checkmark$ | 2 |  |  |
| (c) | (i) | Base(s) <br> Condense/react with( remaining) OH on deoxyribose | 2 |  |  |
|  | (ii) | GAC | 1 |  |  |
|  | (iii) | leucine $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (iv) | mRNA sequence /(triplet) codon $\checkmark$ codes for/fits with tRNA (anti-codon) on amino acid $\checkmark$ | 2 |  |  |


| H433/0 | Mark Scheme |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. <br> Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Structure correct and at least one piece of evidence related to the structure is provided from each spectrum. <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Structure correct but does not use evidence from each spectrum <br> OR <br> structure not given or incorrect but at least four correct pieces of evidence given from a minimum of two spectra <br> There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. <br> Level 1 (1-2 marks) <br> Structure correct with no evidence <br> OR <br> Structure not given or incorrect but at least two correct pieces of evidence given <br> There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. <br> 0 marks <br> No response or no response worthy of credit. | 6 | indicative scientific points include: <br> structure $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OOCCH}\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)_{2}$ <br> Allow $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHOCOCH}_{3}$ <br> infrared spectrum <br> - $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ for ester (at $1750 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ) <br> - C-O for ester/ether (at $1000-1300 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ) <br> - no O-H/COOH (at $2500-3000 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ) <br> ignore idea of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ stretch/ $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}$ stretch at approx. $3000 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ <br> ${ }^{1}$ H NMR <br> - 3 proton environments <br> - no splitting <br> - $2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ groups in the same environment <br> - all O-CH (AW) <br> ${ }^{13}$ C NMR <br> - four C environments <br> - $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ at $\delta=160 \mathrm{ppm}$ <br> - $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ at $\delta=50 \mathrm{ppm}$ <br> - no C-C present <br> If incorrect bond or environment identified consider whether or not the line of reasoning has been impeded and if so, then award lower mark within a level |
|  | Total | 22 |  |



| H433/02 |  | Mark Scheme |  |  | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (iv) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer = $\mathbf{8}$ (hours) award 3 marks <br> moles of electrons $=3 \times 26 / 52$ OR $1.5 \checkmark$ time $=1.5 \times 96500 / 5$ OR 28950 (sec) $\checkmark$ time in hours $=28950 / 3600=8(.04)$ (hours) | 3 | ALLOW ecf ALLOW any sf If final answer rounds to 2.7 hours scores 2 |  |
| (c) | (i) | chloride (ions) AND water (molecules) | 1 | IGNORE formulae NOT chlorine ALLOW chloro and aqua |  |
|  | (ii) | Add a named ionic chloride (solution) or hydrochloric acid $/ \mathrm{HCl} \checkmark$ <br> to move equilibrium to the left/reactants $\checkmark$ | 2 | Mark independently |  |
| (d) | (i) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer $=0.977\left(\mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ on second answer line award 6 marks <br> If answer $=0.21\left(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)$ on first answer line award 5 marks <br> amount $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$ init. $=20 \times 0.2 / 1000$ OR $4 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \checkmark$ amount $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}=27.6 \times 0.1 / 1000$ OR $2.76 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \checkmark$ amount $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$ left $=2.76 \times 10^{-3} / 6$ OR $4.6 \times 10^{-4}(\mathrm{~mol})$ amount $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$ used $=3.54 \times 10^{-3}(\mathrm{~mol}) \checkmark$ conc ethanol $=\left(1.5 \times 3.54 \times 10^{-3} \times 40\right)$ $=0.212(4)\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right) \checkmark$ $\%(=0.0212 \times 46)=0.975 / 0.977\left(\mathrm{~g} / 100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right) \checkmark$ | 6 | ALLOW two or more sf ALLOW ecf throughout. |  |
| (d) | (ii) | no other oxidising agents/ reducing agents in the beer | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Total | 24 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (a) |  |  | 3 | ALLOW just OH circled or C as well (as shown) Both circles must be shown for the ketones. If only carbon atoms have been identified, mark incorrect once and apply ecf |
|  | (b) | (i) | Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. <br> Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Shows a good understanding of all three areas <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Shows a sound understanding of at least two areas. <br> OR <br> Discusses all three areas, demonstrating a sound understanding of one area <br> There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. <br> Level 1 ( 1 - 2 Marks) <br> Shows some understanding of one area. <br> There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. <br> Level 0 (0 marks) <br> No response or response has no merit. | 6 | Indicative scientific points include <br> Why radiation absorbed <br> - electrons move to higher energy levels/shells <br> - absorbing light/radiation <br> - frequency absorbed $\Delta \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{hv}$ <br> (allow $\mathrm{E}=$ hv if clear reference to energy gap) <br> Affect of structure on frequency of radiation <br> - amount of delocalisation affects $\Delta \mathrm{E} /$ frequency <br> - smaller delocalisation, larger $\Delta \mathrm{E} /$ /frequency <br> - lignin has smaller chromophore/ less delocalisation than decomposition prods <br> Source of yellow colour <br> - uv higher frequency/ larger $\Delta \mathrm{E}$ than visible <br> - look yellow because they absorb the complementary colour/ blue/violet <br> For answers that talk about electrons falling and releasing radiation/ light/colour impedes the line of reasoning and should result in the lower mark within a level being awarded. |


| H433 |  | Mark Scheme |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|  | (ii) | FIRST CHECK ANSWER LINE <br> If answer = $342(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol} 1)$ award 3 marks <br> Rearrangement of $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{hv}$ and $\mathrm{c}=\mathrm{v} \lambda$ to $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{hc} / \lambda$ <br> $E=6.63 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^{8} / 3.5 \times 10^{-7}(\mathrm{~J}$ per atom $)$ OR $E=6.63 \times 10^{-34} \times 8.57 \times 10^{14} \checkmark$ <br> multiply by $N_{\mathrm{A}}$ and divide by 1000 and evaluate <br> $\left(6.63 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^{8} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} / 3.5 \times 10^{-7} \times 1000\right)$ <br> $=342 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \checkmark$ | 3 | ALLOW ecf MP2 subsumes MP1 and scores 2 marks |
| (c) | (i) | $\left[\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ligand/ in complex $\checkmark$ | 1 | Allow water/aqua for $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. |
|  | (ii) |  <br> OR <br> octahedral $\checkmark$ | 2 | IGNORE charges <br> Allow diagrams that are unambiguous in showing adjacent equatorial ligands with two coming out of the plane, and two going into the plane of the paper <br> Do Not allow bonds to H atoms, must be to O as bonding is to the lone pair of electrons <br> Mark independently |


| (d) | $2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}+\mathrm{O}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \checkmark$ <br> Idea that $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ is not recycled $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (e) | Use of diethyl zinc/ $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Zn} \checkmark$ <br> Adding nanoparticles/ microparticles of <br> $\mathrm{MgO} / \mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} / \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} /$ metal hydroxides $\checkmark$ <br> $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Zn}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Zn}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ <br> OR Ca $(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ca}^{2+}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> OR Mg(OH$)_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \checkmark$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |  |

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

## OCR Customer Contact Centre

## Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223553998
Facsimile: 01223552627
Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk
www.ocr.org.uk

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Head office
Telephone: 01223552552
Facsimile: 01223552553

