## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)
January 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Mathematics B (4MB0)
Paper 02

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark $\circ$ M marks: method marks oA marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Abbreviations ocao - correct answer only oft - follow through oisw - ignore subsequent working oSC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent oindep - independent oeeoo - each error or omission
- No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## - Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: e.g. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part ofthe question CANNOT be awarded in another.

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. (a) | $\frac{365 \times 24 \times 60}{30}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | 17520 sales | 2 | A1 |
| (b) | $\frac{17520 "}{120} \times 100 \quad \text { (oe) }$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | 14600 sales | 2 | A1 |
| (c) | $\begin{equation*} \frac{365 \times x \times 60}{" 14600 "}=27 \tag{oe} \end{equation*}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $x=18$ (cao) | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $0<m_{\leq} 25$ : FD=2.0 (1.0)(drawn) |  |  | B1 |  |
|  | Finding a scale factor eg 75/25 <br> If no working for scale factor seen then seeing one of $70<m \leq 80: \text { FD=8.8 (4.4) (drawn) }$ <br> or <br> $80<m_{\leq} 100$ : Freq. $=6$ (entered in table) |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | Seeing both <br> $70<m \leq 80:$ FD=8.8 (4.4) (drawn) and <br> $80<m \leq 100$ : Freq. $=6$ (entered in table) |  |  | A1 |  |
|  | $\therefore 50<m \leq 70:$ Freq. $=70$ (entered in table) |  |  | B1 ft on " 6 " |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \therefore 50<m \leq 70 \text { FD }=7.0 \text { (3.5)(drawn) } \\ & \text { NB: ft on "Freq. } 70 " \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 | B1 ft |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. (i) | $3 x(2 x-5)-6(x+2)$ <br> (numerator, oe, allow 1 incorrect sign if expanded) |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (x+2)(2 x-5) \text { OR } 2 x^{2}-x-10 \\ & \text { (denominator) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | B1 |  |
|  | $\frac{6 x^{2}-21 x-12}{(x+2)(2 x-5)} \quad$ OR $\quad \frac{6 x^{2}-21 x-12}{2 x^{2}-x-10}$ <br> OR $\frac{3(2 x+1)(x-4)}{(x+2)(2 x-5)}$ <br> (oe) |  | 3 | A1 |  |
| (ii) | $" 6 x^{2}-21 x-12 "=0 \quad$ (oe) <br> NB: must be from a fraction answer in (i) |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $3(2 x+1)(x-4)(=0)$ <br> (solving "their"trinomial quadratic) |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $x=-\frac{1}{2}$ |  | A1 |  |
|  |  | $x=4$ | 4 | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. (a) | $a \times(-1)+b=1$ (oe) |  |  | B1 |
|  | $a \times 4+b=16$ <br> NB: order of award of Bs for ePEN |  | 2 | B1 |
| (b) | Rearranging so that coef of a or b is the same in both equations OR isolating a or b then adding or subtracting equations OR substitute expressions for a or b to obtain b or a |  |  | M1 ft on candidate's two linear simultaneous equations |
|  |  | $\mathrm{a}=3$ (cao) |  | A1 |
|  | NB: Note order of award of A1s for ePEN | $\mathrm{b}=4$ (cao) | 3 | A1 |
| (c) | " $y=3 x+4$ " and rearranged or after exchanging $x$ and $y$ <br> (oe) |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}^{-1}: x \mapsto \frac{x-4}{3} \\ & \mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)=\frac{x-4}{3} \text { (cao) } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | A1 ft |
| (d) | $" 3 x+4 "=" \frac{x-4}{3} "$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $x=-2$ (cao) | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 9 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. (a) | 15 is the number of people in the survey who do not enjoy any of the three activities (oe) <br> OR <br> symbolic representation eg $\mathrm{n}\left([L \cup R \cup W]^{\prime}\right)=15$ (oe) |  | 1 | B1 |
| (b) |  |  | 2 | B2 (-1 eeoo) |
| (c) | $100=" 15+x+x+20+7+25+4+9 "$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $x=10$ (cao) | 2 | A1 |


| (d)(i) |  | 46 |  | B1 ft |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d)(ii) |  | 23 |  | B1 ft |  |
| (d)(iii) |  | 25 | 3 | B1 cao |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. (a) | $x=\sqrt{5^{2}-4^{2}}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $x=A D=3$ | 2 | A1 |
| (b) | $\frac{1}{2}(4+2 x)(x+y)=10 \times\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times x\right) \quad \text { (oe) }$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $\therefore \frac{1}{2}(4+2 \times " 3 ")(" 3 "+y)=10 \times\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times " 3 "\right)$ |  |  | M1 DEP (Substitution for $x$ ) |
|  | $\therefore D C=\frac{60-15}{5}$ |  |  | M1 DEP (isolated $y$ ) |
|  |  | $y=D C=9$ | 4 | A1 |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline E B C D=10 " \triangle A E D "(=\triangle A B C)-" \Delta A E D " \\ & (\mathrm{oe}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $E B C D=54$ | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. (a) | First book |  |  |  |


| (b) | $\frac{30}{50} \times " \frac{29}{49} "$ <br> OR Complement $1-"\left(\frac{20}{50} \times \frac{19}{49}\right) "-"\left(\frac{20}{50} \times \frac{30}{49}\right) "-\left(\frac{30}{50} \times{ }^{20} 49 "\right)$ |  |  | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{870}{2450} \text { (o.e), awrt (0.355), } \\ & 35.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 2 | A1 |  |
| (c) | 55 and 54 (eg $55 \times 54$ ) used as denominators in a probability product |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1-\frac{30}{55} \times \underline{29} 5 \\ & \text { OR } \\ & \frac{25}{55} \times \frac{24}{54}+\frac{25}{55} \times \frac{30}{54}+\frac{30}{55} \times \frac{25}{54} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2100}{2970}, \frac{210}{297}, \frac{70}{99}, \text { awrt }(0.707) \\ & , 70.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | 3 | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark |  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Penalise labelling or no labelling ONCE only |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. (a) | A drawn and labelled |  | 1 | B1 |  |
| (b) |  | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{B}=(-1,0) \\ (-3,0) \\ (1,-2) \end{array}$ | 2 | B2 | (-1 each incorrect coordinate pair) Accept column vectors and embedded coordinates in $2 \times 3$ matrices |
| (c) | B drawn and labelled |  | 1 | B1 | ft on seen coordinates |
| (d) |  | $\begin{aligned} & (-1,-2) \\ & (-3,-6) \\ & (-1,-6) \end{aligned}$ | 2 | B2 | ft (-1 each incorrect coordinate pair) <br> Accept column vectors and embedded coordinates in $2 \times 3$ matrices |
| (e) | C drawn and labelled |  | 1 | B1 | ft on seen coordinates |
| (f) | Reflection in $y=-x$ <br> NB: <br> SC: $\left(\begin{array}{rr}0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0\end{array}\right)$ seen on its own and no explanation scores B1 B0 |  | 2 | B1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 9 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Penalise ncc ONCE only in this question |  |  |  |
| 9. (a) | $\cos 15=\frac{11}{O A}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $O A=11.388->11.4$ | 2 | A1 |
| (b) | $\tan 15=\frac{O B}{11} \quad(O B=2.947)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\therefore A P=$ "11.388"-"2.947" |  |  | M1 |
|  | OR |  |  |  |
|  | $11^{2}=A P \times($ "11.388"+"2.947") |  |  | (M1) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $A P=8.441->8.44$ | 3 | A1 |
| (c) | $B C^{2}=$ " 2.947 "2 + " 2.947 "22 $-2 \times$ " 2.947 " $\times$ " $2.947 \mathrm{C} \times \cos (\angle B O C=105)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $B C=\sqrt{121.865 "} \quad(=4.676)$ |  |  | M1 DEP |
|  | OR |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline(A C=" 8.441 "+" 2.947 "+" 2.947 "=14.335) \\ & B C^{2}=" 14.335 "+11^{2}-2 \times " 14.335 " \times 11 \times \cos 15 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | (M1) |
|  | $B C=\sqrt{21.868}(=14.676)$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  | OR ( $\angle O C B=37.5$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{11}{\sin " 37.5^{\prime \prime}}=\frac{B C}{\sin 15}$ |  |  | (M1) |
|  | $B C=\frac{11 \times \sin 15}{\sin " 37.5^{\prime \prime}}$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  | OR ( $\triangle B O C$ is isos. $\triangle$ ) |  |  |  |
|  | $\angle O B C=\frac{180-(180-75)}{2}(=37.5)$ |  |  | (M1) |


|  | $B C=2 \times$ " 2.947 " $\times \cos$ " 37.5 " |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} B C= & 4.676,4.677- \\ & >4.68 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | A1 |
| (d) | $\begin{aligned} & (B C P Q=\triangle A B C-\triangle A P Q \text { method }): \\ & P Q=" 8.441 " \times \tan 15(=2.2618) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $\Delta A P Q=\frac{1}{2} \times " 8.441 " \times " 2.2618 "(=9.5459)$ |  |  | M1 DEP |
|  | $\Delta A B C=\frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times(\text { " } 8.441 "+2 \times 2.947 ") \times \sin 15(=20.406)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $B C P Q=\triangle A B C-\triangle A P Q$ |  |  | M1 DEP |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & B C P Q=10.86->10.9 \\ & \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | A1 |
|  | OR ( $B C P Q=\triangle B C P+\triangle B P Q$ method) |  |  |  |
|  | $P Q=$ "8.441" $\times \tan 15$ ( $=2.2618$ ) |  |  | (M1) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \left(P B^{2}=2.947^{2}+2.947^{2}-2 \times 2.947 \times 2.947 \times \cos 75\right) \\ & \therefore P B=3.588 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\triangle B P Q=\frac{1}{2} \times " 2.2618 " \times " 3.588 " \times \sin 37.5 \quad(=2.470)$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  | $\Delta B C P=\frac{1}{2} \times 4.677 " \times(2 \times " 2.947 ") \times \sin 37.5 \quad(=8.3906)$ |  |  | (M1) |
|  | $B C P Q=\triangle B C P+\triangle B P Q$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} B C P Q=10.86->10.9 \\ \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \end{gathered}$ |  | (A1) |
|  | OR ( $B C P Q=\triangle O C B+\triangle O P B+\triangle B P Q$ method) |  |  |  |
|  | $P Q=$ "8.441" $\times \tan 15$ ( $=2.2618$ ) |  |  | (M1) |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \left(P B^{2}=2.947^{2}+2.947^{2}-2 \times 2.947 \times 2.947 \times \cos 75\right) \\ & \therefore P B=3.588 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\triangle B P Q=\frac{1}{2} \times 42.2618 " \times " 3.588 " \times \sin 37.5 \quad(=2.470)$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  |  |  |  | (M1) |
|  | $B C P Q=\triangle O C B+\triangle O P B+\triangle B P Q$ |  |  | (M1 DEP) |
|  |  | $B C P Q=\mathbf{1 0 . 9} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 5 | (A1) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 13 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. (a) | Penalise ncc ONCE only in this question $V=l h^{2}-2 \times\left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi\left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^{3}\right)$ <br> (3 correct volumes) |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $V=h^{2}\left(l-\frac{\pi h}{6}\right) \quad$ (oe) | 2 | A1 |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & V="(10-h) h^{2}-\frac{4}{3} \pi\left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^{3} " \\ & \text { (substitution for } l) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | (cc) | 2 | A1 |
| (c) |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8.5, \\ 48.9, \\ 59.5 \text { or } 59.6 \end{gathered}$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| (d) | NB: Accuracy for both plotting and | Curve drawn | 3 | B3 (-1 eeoo) <br> -1 mark <br> for: <br> straight line segments, each point missed, each missed segment, each point not plotted, each point incorrectly plotted, tramlines, |


|  | drawing is $\pm \frac{1}{2} s s$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. (a)(i) |  | $\overrightarrow{A B}=2 \mathrm{~b}-\mathbf{a}$ |  | B1 |
| (a)(ii) |  | $\overrightarrow{O Q}=2 \mathbf{b}+k \mathbf{a}$ | 2 | B1 |
| (b) |  | $\overrightarrow{A P}=\frac{1}{3}$ ("2b-a") | 1 | B1 ft |
| (c)(i) | $\begin{align*} & \overrightarrow{O A}=\overrightarrow{O P}+\overrightarrow{P A} \\ & =\frac{1}{\mu}\left(" 2 \mathbf{b}+k \mathbf{a} \text { ") }+\cdots-\frac{1}{3}(2 \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}) "\right.  \tag{oe}\\ & \mathbf{O R} \\ & \overrightarrow{O A}=\overrightarrow{O Q}+\overrightarrow{Q B}+\overrightarrow{B A} \\ & =\frac{2}{3} \mu(\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b})-k \mathbf{a}-(2 \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}) \\ & (\mathrm{oe}) \end{align*}$ |  |  | B1 ft |
| (c)(ii) | $\begin{align*} & \overrightarrow{O A}="\left(\frac{k}{\mu}+\frac{1}{3}\right) \mathbf{a}+\left(\frac{2}{\mu}-\frac{2}{3}\right) \mathbf{b} "=\mathbf{a}  \tag{oe}\\ & \text { OR } \\ & \overrightarrow{O A}=\frac{2}{3} \mu(\mathbf{a}+\mathbf{b})-k \mathbf{a}-(2 \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})=\mathbf{a} \tag{oe} \end{align*}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { comp of } \mathbf{b}: 0=\left(\frac{2}{\mu}-\frac{2}{3}\right) \\ & \text { OR } \\ & \frac{2}{3} \mu=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 DEP |


|  |  | $\therefore \mu=3$ |  | A1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | comp of a: $1=\left(\frac{k}{\mu}+\frac{1}{3}\right)$ <br> OR $1=\frac{2}{3} \mu-\mathrm{k}+1$ |  |  | M1 DEP |  |
|  |  | $\therefore k=2$ | 6 | A1 |  |
| (d) | $\therefore\|\Delta O P A\|="\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) "^{2} \times\|\Delta B P Q\|="\left(\frac{1}{2}\right){ }^{\prime 2} \times 12$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $\triangle O P A=3\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right)$ | 2 | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 11 marks |

