## AQA, OCR, Edexcel

## **GCSE**

## **GCSE Maths**

Multiplying Out Brackets
Answers

Name:



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Total Marks: /29

## **Expanding Brackets**

- 1. Expand the brackets in the following expressions:
  - a. 2(a+4) = 2a+8
  - b. 3(6a + 5) = 18a + 15
  - c.  $2a(a+3) = 2a^2 + 6a$
  - d.  $3a(4a-2a) = 12a^2 6a$
  - e. 3a(2y 2x) = 6ay 6ax
  - f.  $4a(3ay + 2ax) = 12a^2y + 8a^2x$
  - g.  $-2a^2(3a^2 2a^2y) = 4a^4y 6a^4$

(7 Marks)

- 2. Expand and simplify the following expressions:
  - a.  $(a+2)(a+3) = a^2 + 5a + 6$
  - b.  $(x+2)^2 = x^2 + 4x + 4$
  - c.  $(2x-2)(3x-9) = 6x^2 24x + 18$
  - d.  $(5x + 3)^2 = 25x^2 + 30x + 9$
  - e.  $(9x + 8)(8x 7) = 72x^2 + x 56$

(12 Marks)

- 3. Expand and simplify the following expressions:
  - a.  $(x+2)(x+1)(x+2) = x^3 + 5x^2 + 8x + 4$
  - b.  $(x+4)(x-3)(2x+1) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 23x 12$
  - c.  $(2x+4)(3x+2)(4x-2) = 24x^3 + 52x^2 16$
  - d.  $(2x+2)^2(3x-2) = 12x^3 + 16x^2 4x 8$
  - e.  $(3x + 3)^3 = 27x^3 + 81x^2 + 81x + 27$

(10 Marks)