## Ma

**KEY STAGE** 

TIER

# 2005

## **Mathematics test**

## Paper 1 Calculator not allowed

Please read this page, but do not open your booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

#### First name

#### Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You must not use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler and tracing paper (optional).
- Some formulae you might need are on page 2.
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper -do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

| c        |    | /OE/ | 1431 |
|----------|----|------|------|
| <u> </u> | ЛА | 103/ | 1451 |
|          |    |      |      |

For marker's use only

Total marks

| Last name |  |
|-----------|--|
|           |  |
| School    |  |

### Instructions

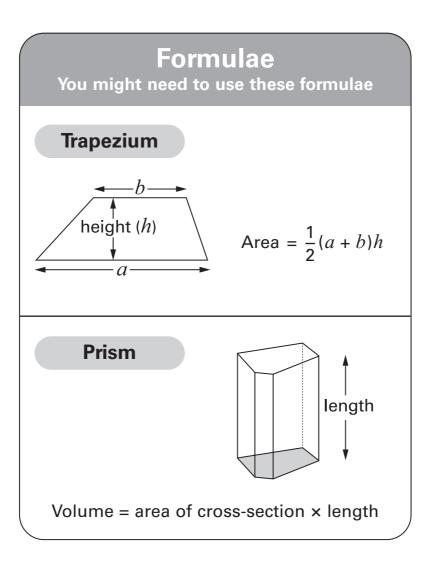
#### **Answers**

This means write down your answer or show your working and write down your answer.

#### Calculators



You **must not** use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

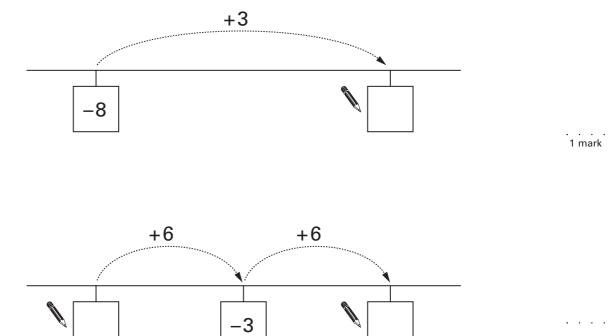


KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4–6/P1

Number lines

Ĺ

### **1**. Write the missing numbers on the number lines.





1

2

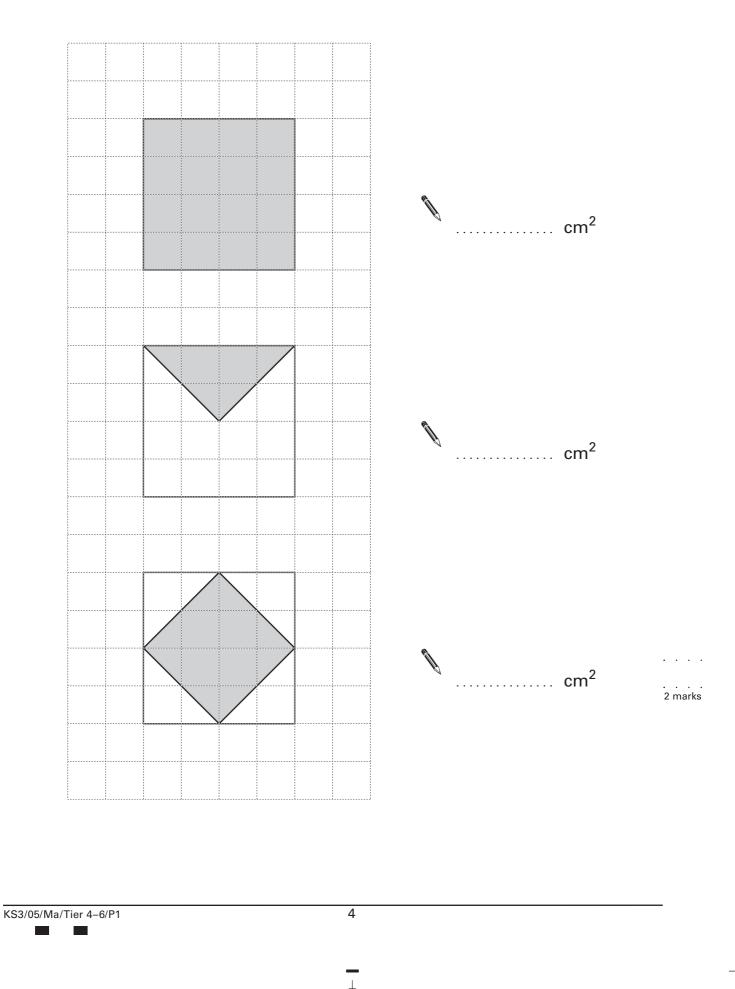


ļ

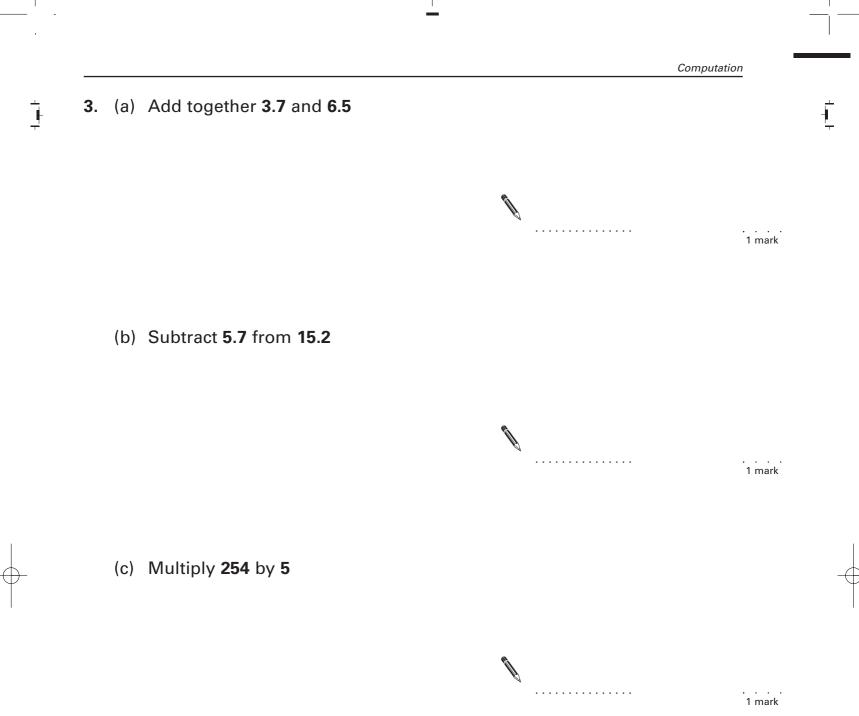
Shapes

1

**2.** Look at the diagrams on the centimetre square grid. Work out the **area** that is **shaded** on each diagram.



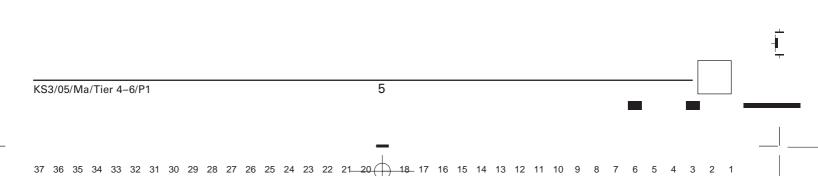
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 <u>18</u> <u>20</u> 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37



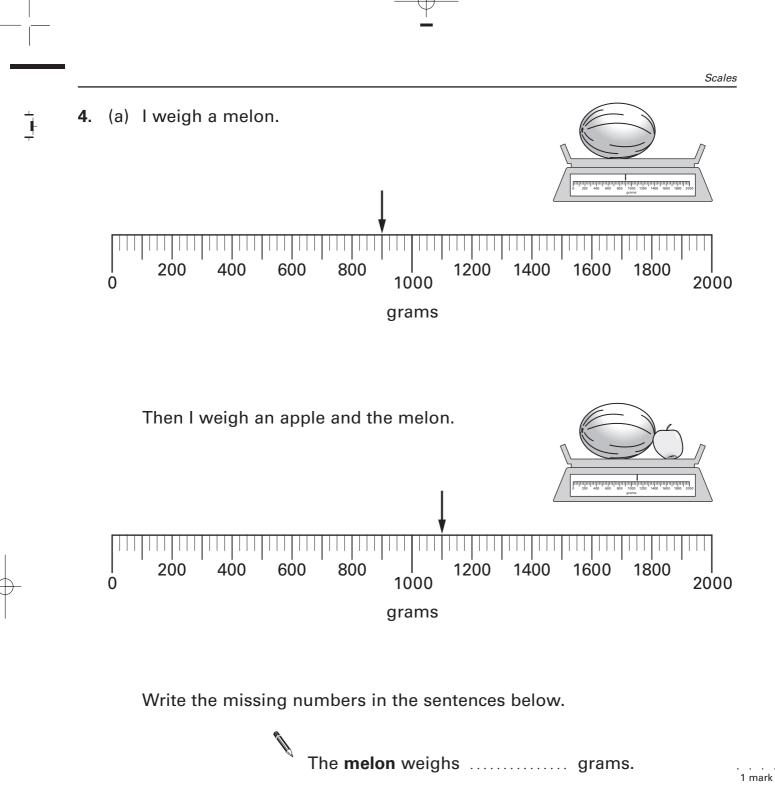
(d) Divide **342** by **6** 

Ì





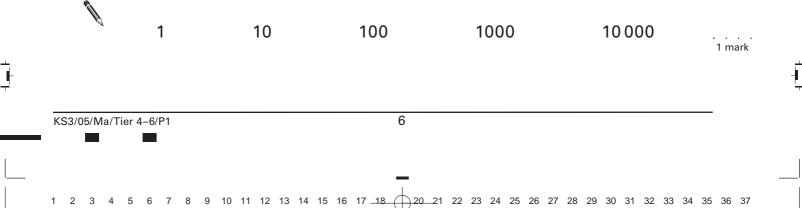




The apple weighs ..... grams.

#### (b) How many grams are in one kilogram?

Put a ring round the correct number below.



Range of ages

5. (a) There are two children in the Smith family.The range of their ages is exactly 7 years.

What could the ages of the two children be? Give an example.



(b) There are two children in the Patel family.They are twins of the same age.

What is the range of their ages?

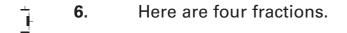
..... years

. . . . 1 mark

KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4-6/P1

Placing fractions

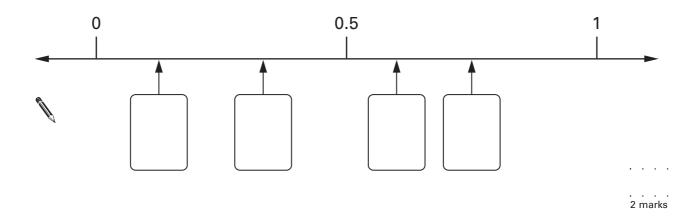
-

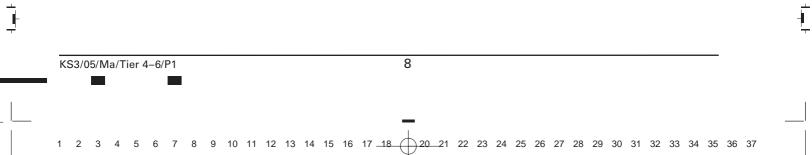




Look at the number line below.

Write each fraction in the correct box.





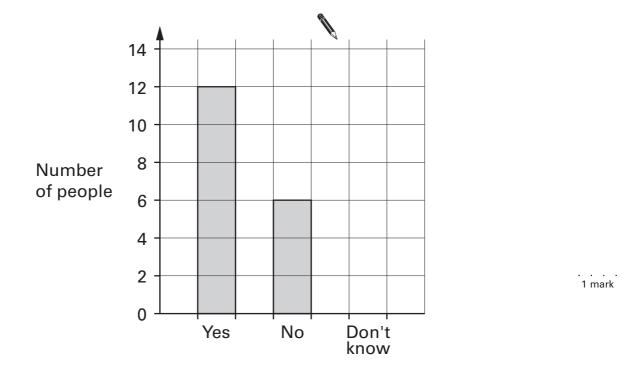
Ì

Survey results

7. (a) Jackie asked 27 people:

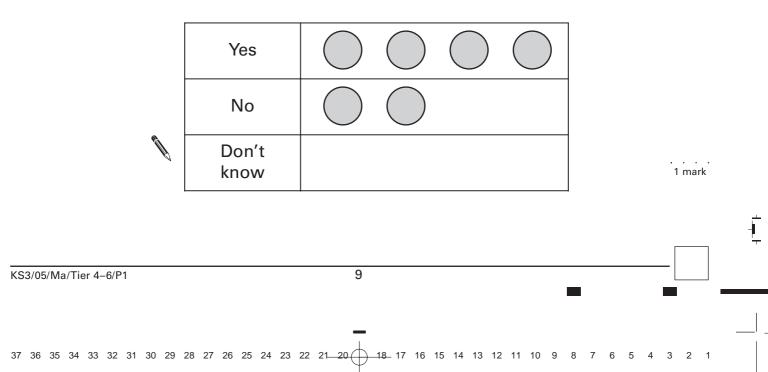
'Do you like school dinners?'

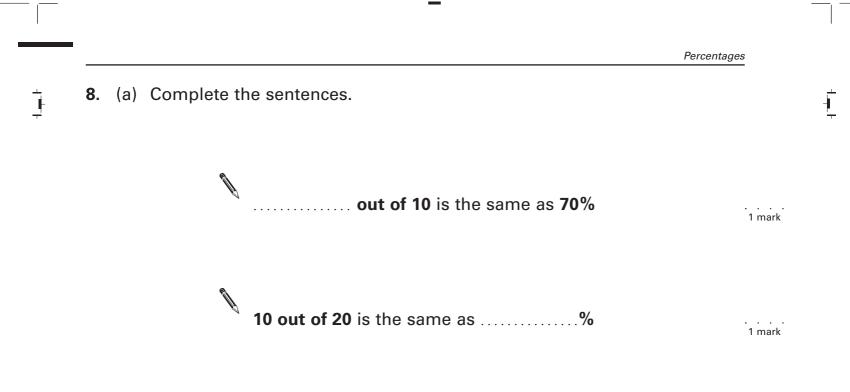
The bar chart shows her results for 'Yes' and 'No'. Complete the bar chart to show her result for 'Don't know'.



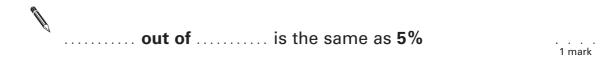
(b) This pictogram also shows her results for 'Yes' and 'No'.

Complete the pictogram to show her result for 'Don't know'.

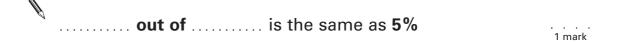




(b) Complete the sentence.



Now complete the sentence using **different** numbers.



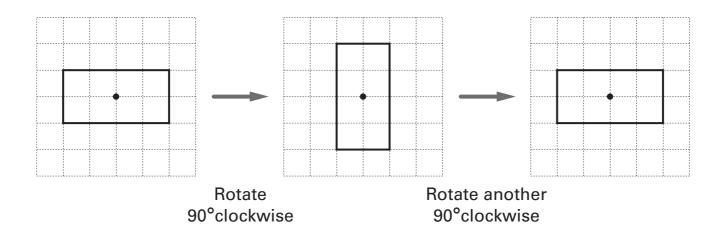
KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4–6/P1

Rotating

**9.** The shapes below are drawn on square grids.

The diagrams show a rectangle that is rotated, then rotated again.

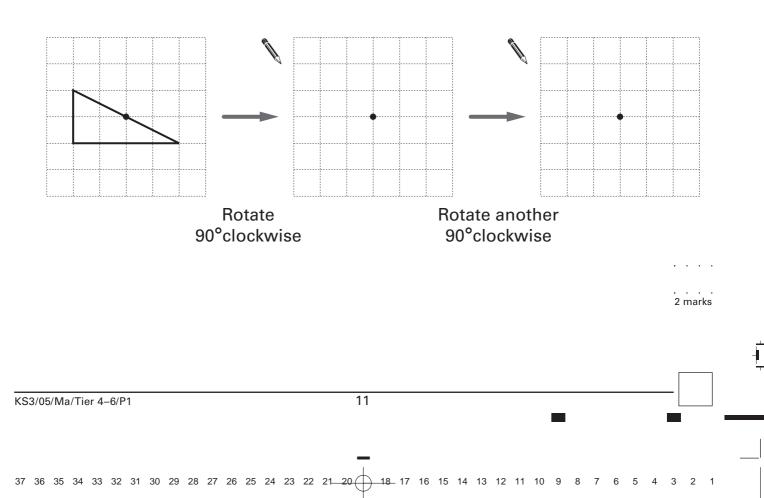
The centre of rotation is marked  ${\scriptstyle \bullet}$ 



Complete the diagrams below to show the triangle when it is rotated, then rotated again.

The centre of rotation is marked  ${\scriptstyle \bullet}$ 

ł



What is my number?, Completing

. . . . . . . . . . . . .

15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

**10.** I am thinking of a number.

My number multiplied by 15 is 315

My number multiplied by 17 is 357

What is my number?

2 marks

**11**. Complete the statements below.

Ī

2 3

1

6

4 5

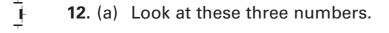
10 11 12 13 14

When x is 8, 4x is 1 mark When x is 4x is 48. . . . 1 mark When x is 8, ..., is 48. . . . 1 mark 12 KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4-6/P1 

Mean and median

1 mark

. . . 1 mark



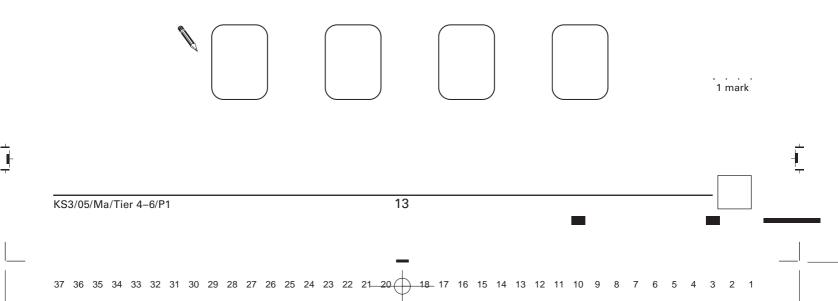


Show that the **mean** of the three numbers is **10** 

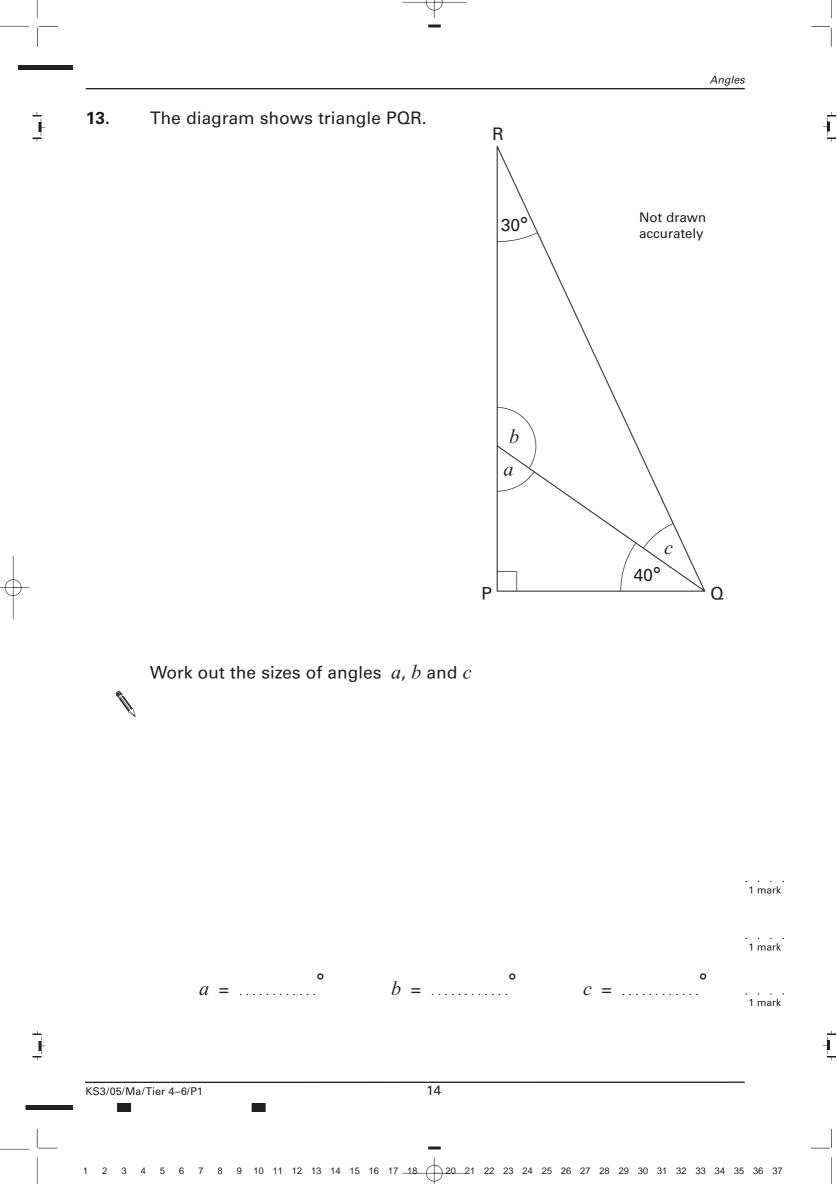
Explain why the **median** of the three numbers is **10** 

(b) Four numbers have a mean of 10 and a median of 10, butnone of the numbers is 10

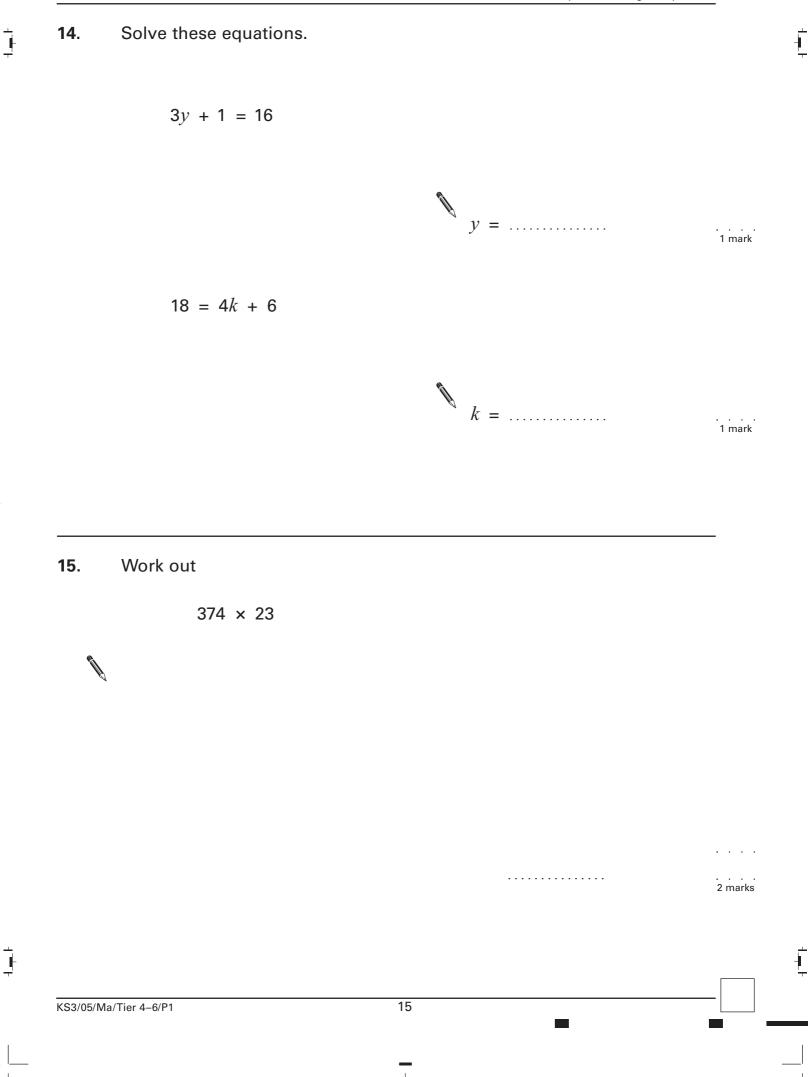
What could the four numbers be? Give an example.

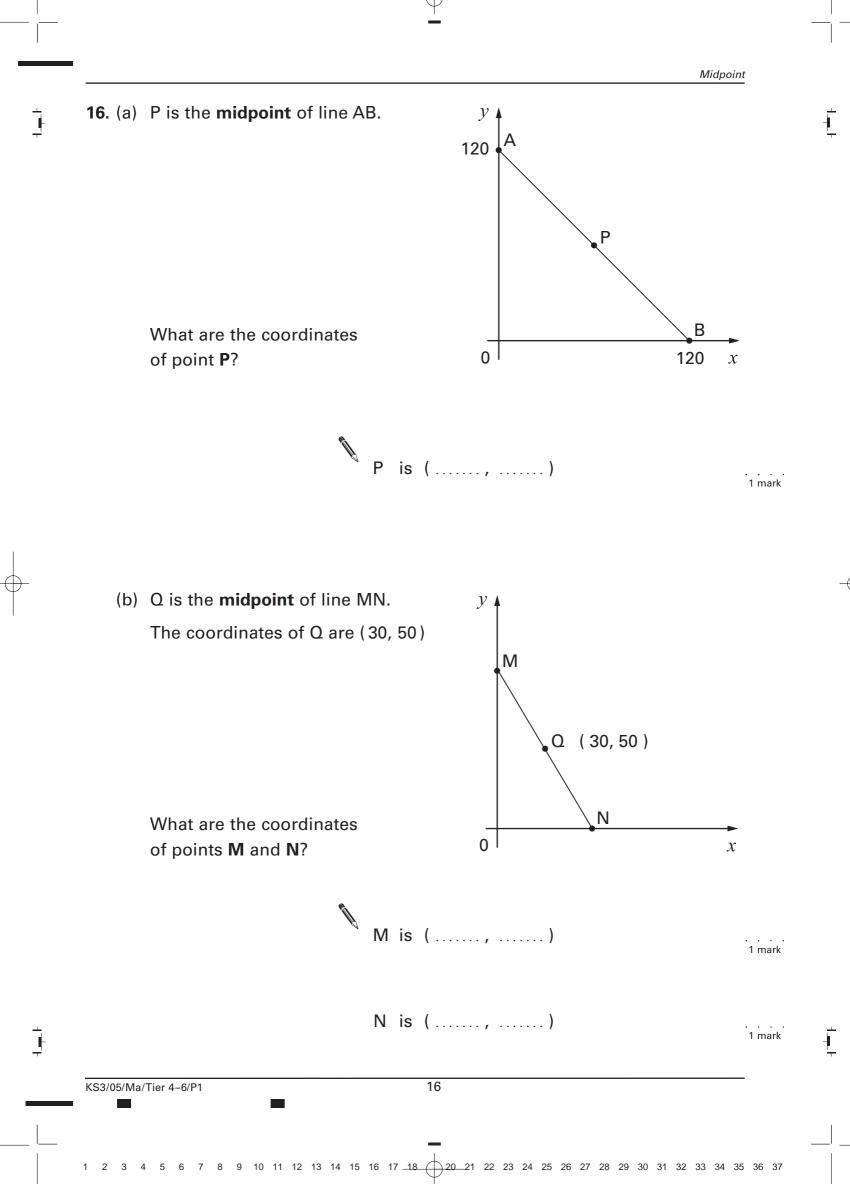






Equations, Long multiplication





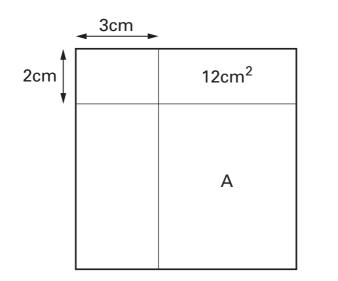
KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4-6/P1

Square cut

#### 17. The diagram shows a square.

Two straight lines cut the square into four rectangles.

The area of one of the rectangles is shown.



Not drawn accurately

Work out the area of the rectangle marked A.

..... cm<sup>2</sup> .....

| 0000   |    |     | 1 6     | 00/6/05 | 0 55    | <b>D</b> 1 |
|--------|----|-----|---------|---------|---------|------------|
| 405780 | Ma | 653 | 4-0.0XD | 20/6/05 | 9:55 am | Page L     |

Making zero

1 mark

1 mark

**18.** (a) Look at this information.

Two numbers **multiply** to make zero.

One of the statements below is true.

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the true statement.

Both numbers must be zero.

At least one number must be zero.

Exactly one number must be zero.

Neither number can be zero.

(b) Now look at this information.

Two numbers **add** to make zero.

If one number is zero, what is the other number?

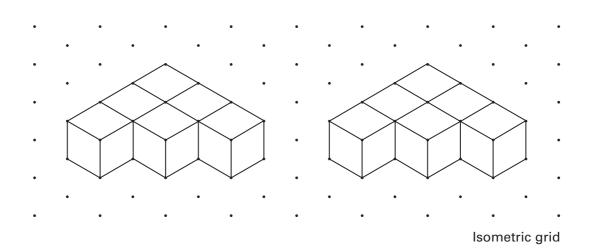
If **neither** number is **zero**, give an example of what the numbers could be.

|                       | N and |  |
|-----------------------|-------|--|
| KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4–6/P1 | 18    |  |
|                       | _     |  |

Cuboid

-

### **19.** I join six cubes face to face to make each 3-D shape below.

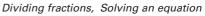


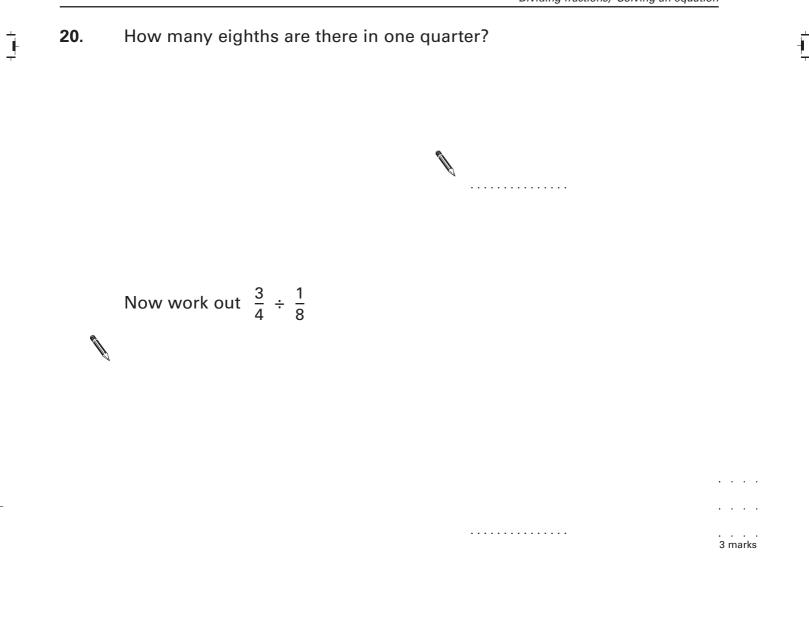
Then I join the 3-D shapes to make a **cuboid**.

Draw this cuboid on the grid below.

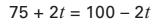
| <pre></pre>        | •       | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|--------------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|----|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • |    | •         |        | •        |         |
|                    | •       | • |   | • |   | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    |         | • |   | • |   | • |   | • |    | • |   | • |   | •  |           | •      |          |         |
|                    | •       | • | • |   | • |   | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • |    | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • |    | •         |        | •        |         |
|                    |         | • |   | • |   | • |   | • |    | • |   | • |   | •  |           | •      |          |         |
|                    | •       | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • |    | •         |        | •        |         |
|                    | •       | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    |         | • |   | • |   | • |   | • |    | • |   | • |   | •  |           | •      |          |         |
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • |    | •         |        | •        |         |
|                    | •       | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    |         | • |   | • |   | • |   | • |    | • |   | • |   | •  |           | •      |          |         |
|                    | •       | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | • | • | • | • | •  | •         | •      | •        |         |
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • |    | •         |        | •        |         |
|                    |         | • |   | • |   | • |   | • |    | • |   | • |   | •  |           | •      |          | 2 marks |
|                    | •       |   | • |   | • |   | • |   | •  |   | • |   | • | le | •<br>some | tric a | •<br>rid |         |
|                    |         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |    |           |        |          |         |
| 05/Ma/Tier         | × 4 6/D | 1 |   |   |   |   |   |   | 19 |   |   |   |   |    |           |        |          |         |
| <i>53/11/11/11</i> | 1 4-0/P | 1 |   |   |   |   |   |   | 15 |   |   |   |   |    |           |        |          |         |

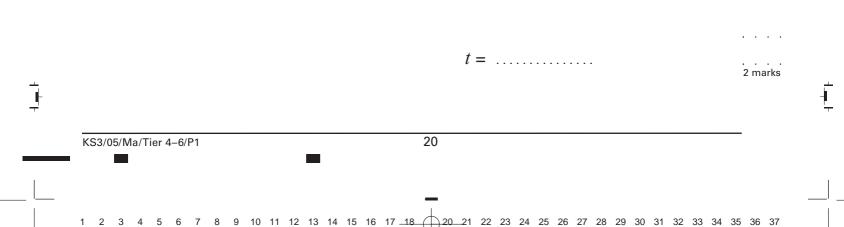






**21.** Solve this equation.

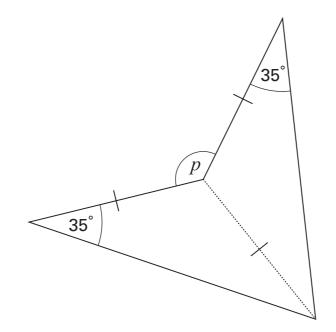




Angle p

1

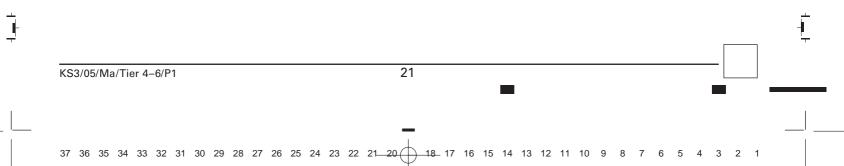
### 22. This shape has been made from two congruent **isosceles** triangles.



Not drawn accurately

What is the size of angle p?





Speed bumps

#### **23.** Bumps are built on a road to slow cars down.

The stem-and-leaf diagrams show the speed of **15 cars** before and after the bumps were built.

|   |           | Кеу:             |
|---|-----------|------------------|
|   |           | 2 3 means 23 mph |
|   | Before    | After            |
| 2 |           | 2 3 4 4          |
| 2 | 7 8       | 2 6 6 7 8 8 9    |
| 3 | 0 2 4     | 3 0 0 0 1 2      |
| 3 | 5 6 8 9   | 3 5              |
| 4 | 1 3 4 4 4 | 4                |
| 4 | 6         | 4                |

Use the diagrams to write the missing **numbers** in these sentences.

Before the bumps:

The maximum speed was ..... mph, and

..... cars went at more than 30 mph.

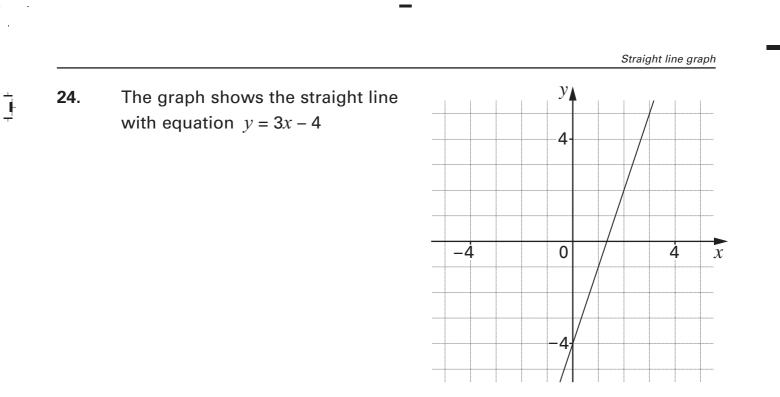
After the bumps:

| The maximum speed was | <br>mph, and |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|--|
|                       |              |  |

| <br>cars went at more than 3 | 30 mph. |      |   |
|------------------------------|---------|------|---|
|                              | 2 1     | mark | S |

KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4–6/P1

KS3/05/Ma/Tier 4-6/P1



(a) A point on the line y = 3x - 4 has an *x*-coordinate of 50 What is the *y*-coordinate of this point?

(b) A point on the line y = 3x - 4 has a *y*-coordinate of 50 What is the *x*-coordinate of this point?

> . . . . 1 mark

. . . . 1 mark

. . . . . . . .

**END OF TEST** 

© Qualifications and Curriculum Authority 2005 QCA, Key Stage 3 Team, 83 Piccadilly, London W1J 8QA