Sc

KEY STAGE

5-7

2005

Science test Paper 1

Please read this page, but do not open the booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

First name	
Last name	
School	

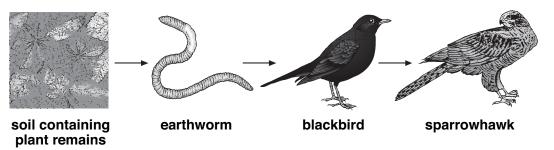
Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, protractor and calculator.
- The test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all of the questions.
- The number of marks available for each question is given below the mark boxes in the margin. You should not write in this margin.
- If you are asked to plan an investigation, there will be space for you to write down your thoughts and ideas.
- Do not use any rough paper.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

For marker's use only

OCA/05/1/19

- Copper and arsenic are present in the soil near copper mines.
 When earthworms eat this soil they change from brown to bright yellow.
 The copper and arsenic are **not** poisonous to earthworms.
 - (a) Earthworms are part of the food chain shown below.



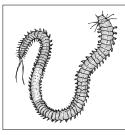
not to scale

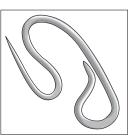
		(i) Use the food chain to suggest how copper and arsenic get into the body of a sparrowhawk.
1ai		
1 mark		(ii) Mary suggested that blackbirds are more likely to catch bright yellow earthworms than brown earthworms.
		Give one reason why this might be true.
1aii 1 mark		
	(b)	Mary wanted to count the bright yellow earthworms and the brown earthworms in the soil at different distances from the mines.
		What important information about the soil could she get from her results?
1b		
1 mark		

(c) The drawings below show an earthworm and three other worms.









earthworm

flatworm

ragworm

roundworm

not to scale

How can you tell this from the drawings?

(d) The roundworm and some flatworms are parasites.

What does this mean? Tick the correct box.

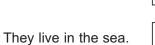
They feed only on insects.

They feed on other living

things and harm them.

- 1	

They live in a burrow.



maximum 5 marks

1 mark

1 mark

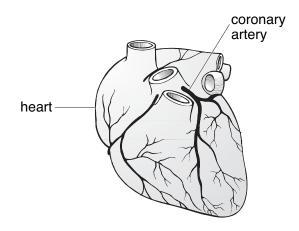
2. (a) Carbon monoxide, nicotine and tar get into the lungs when a person smokes.

Draw a line from each substance to the effect of the substance on the body.

Draw only three lines.

causes addiction to smoking carbon monoxide causes influenza (flu) nicotine tar causes red blood cells to carry less oxygen

(b) The coronary arteries carry blood to the heart muscle. The drawing below shows the heart and coronary arteries.



(i) Diagram 1 shows a section through a coronary artery.

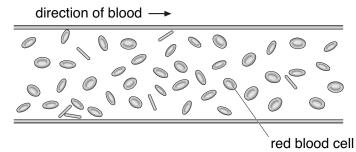
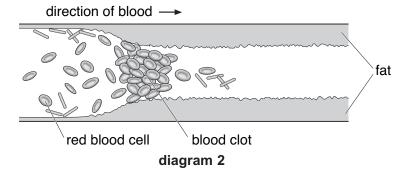


diagram 1

Smoking can cause damage to the coronary artery.

Diagram 2 shows a section through part of a damaged artery.



not to scale

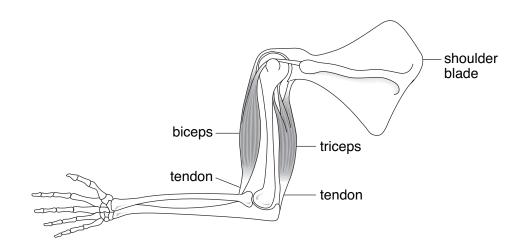
	Look at diagram 2. A blood clot has formed.
	Give one other change in the coronary artery.
(ii)	Respiration takes place in the muscle cells of the heart.
	Explain why a blood clot in the coronary artery prevents these cells respiring normally.
	,

1 mark

maximum 6 marks

1 mark

3. The diagram below shows muscles and bones of a human arm.



(a) Why is it important that the tendons do **not** stretch?

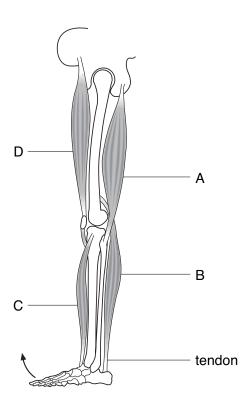
3a

1 mark

(b) The biceps and triceps are an antagonistic pair of muscles. Explain what this means.

3b

(c) The diagram below shows muscles and bones of a human leg.



- (i) Which muscle contracts to move the foot in the direction shown by the arrow?Give the letter.
- (ii) Which **two** pairs of muscles are antagonistic pairs? Tick the **two** correct boxes.



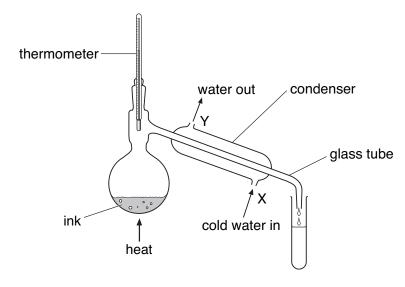
maximum 5 marks

30





4. Rema used the apparatus below to distil 100 cm³ of water-soluble ink.



apparatus A

not to scale

(a) Which processes occur during distillation? Tick the correct box.

condensation then evaporation	
evaporation then condensation	
melting then boiling	
melting then evaporation	

4a

4b

4c

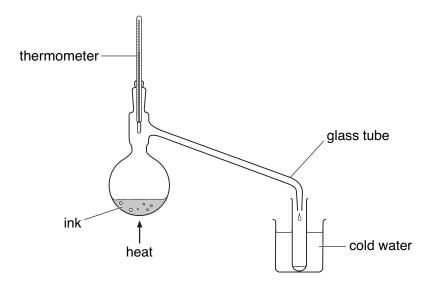
(b) Give the name of the colourless liquid that collects in the test-tube.

What would the temperature reading be on the thermometer when the ink has been boiling for two minutes?

°C

(d)	(i)	Water at 15°C enters the condenser at X. Predict the temperature of the water when it leaves the condenser at Y.	
		°C	
		Explain this change of temperature.	
	(ii)	Give two ways in which the water vapour changes as it passes down the glass tube in the condenser.	1 mark
		1	1 mark
		2	1 mark
			I mark

(e) Peter used the apparatus below to distil 100 cm³ of water-soluble ink.



apparatus B

not to scale

Why is the condenser in **apparatus A** better than the glass tube and beaker of water in **apparatus B**?

1 mark

maximum 7 marks

Total 7

	5.	Burning	fossil 1	fuels	causes	air	polluti	on
--	----	---------	----------	-------	--------	-----	---------	----

5ai

1 mark



(a) (i) Give the names of **two** fossil fuels.

and	
 •	

(ii) Some fossil fuels contain sulphur.

Complete the word equation for the reaction between sulphur and oxygen in the air.

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sulphur + oxygen → _____
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Burning fossil fuels leads to the formation of acid rain. Acid rain has collected in this lake. A helicopter is dropping calcium hydroxide into the lake.

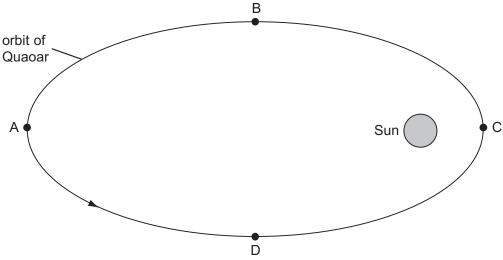


calcium hydroxide

	alcium hydroxide dissolves in water to form an alkaline solution. What effect does an alkali have on the pH of an acidic lake?	5bi
(ii)	When calcium hydroxide reacts with sulphuric acid in the lake a calcium salt is formed.	1 mark
	What is the name of this salt? Tick the correct box.	
	calcium carbonate calcium chloride	
	calcium nitrate calcium sulphate	5bii
(c) Th	ne photograph below shows trees damaged by acid rain.	
(i)	The trees have lost their leaves and have died. Explain why leaves are needed for a tree to grow.	
(ii)	What effect does acid rain have on buildings made from limestone?	5ci 1 mark
(")		
	maximum 6 marks	1 mark
(S3/05/Sc/Tie	r 5-7/P1 11 Photograph © Heather Angel/Natural Visions	Total

(a) In 2002 a large asteroid was discovered orbiting the Sun. It was named Quaoar.

The diagram below shows Quaoar in four positions in its orbit.



not to scale

(i) In which of the four positions, A, B, C or D, is the effect of the Sun's gravity on Quaoar the greatest?

Explain your answer.

(ii) **On the diagram above**, draw arrows to show the direction of the Sun's gravity on Quaoar in each of the positions A, B, C and D.

(iii) At which position, A, B, C or D, is Quaoar travelling most slowly?

Explain your answer.

1 mark

6ai

(b) The table below gives information about three of the planets in our solar system.

planet	average distance from Sun (millions of km)	time for one orbit (Earth years)	average surface temperature of planet (°C)
Saturn	1427	30	-180
Uranus	2870	84	-210
Pluto	5900	248	-230

(i) The time for one orbit of the planet Neptune is 165 Earth years.

Estimate the average distance of Neptune from the Sun. Use information in the table to help you.

millions of km

(ii) How does the surface temperature of these planets vary with distance from the Sun?
Use information in the table to help you.

(iii) Explain why the temperature varies with distance from the Sun in this way.

maximum 6 marks



1 mark

6bii

(b) Alex wrote a report of her investigation.

My report.

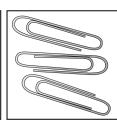
My results are accurate because I can't see any odd results.

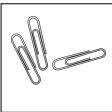
What would an odd result suggest?

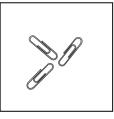
(c) (i) Which size paper-clips would Alex use to make her results more accurate?

Tick the correct box.













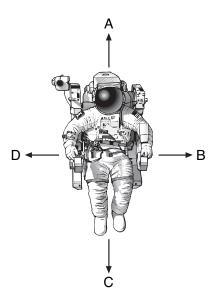
(ii) Give a reason for your choice.



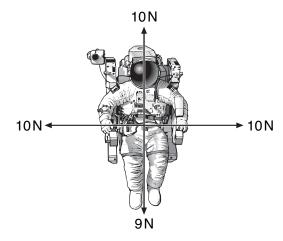
7ci

maximum 6 marks

The drawing below shows an astronaut in space.
 He has four small jets attached to his space suit.
 These jets produce forces on the astronaut in the directions A, B, C and D.

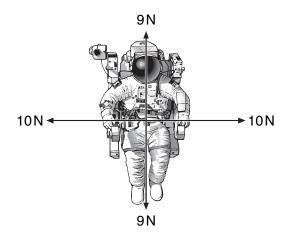


(a) The drawing below shows the size and direction of four forces acting on the astronaut.



In which direction, A, B, C or D, will the astronaut move? Give the letter.

(b) The drawing below shows the size and direction of four different forces acting on the astronaut.

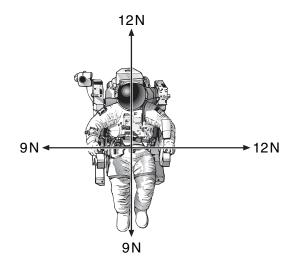


What will happen to the astronaut when the jets produce these four forces?

Explain your answer.

(c) The drawing below shows the size and direction of four different forces acting on the astronaut.

Draw an arrow on the diagram below to show the direction in which he will move.



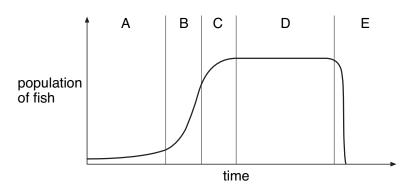
maximum 4 marks

8 n mark

8b

Total

9. The graph below shows how a population of fish in a lake changed over a period of time.



(a) In which time interval, A, B, C, D or E, did the population of fish increase most quickly?

How can you tell this from the graph?

(b) Which part of the graph shows when the fish **began** to compete with each other for food?Give the letter.

How can you tell this from the graph?

)	What does part D of the graph show about the birth rate and the death rate of the fish?
	How can you tell this from the graph?
)	Part E of the graph shows a population crash when all the fish died.
	Suggest two reasons why a population might crash in this way.
	1
	2.
	-

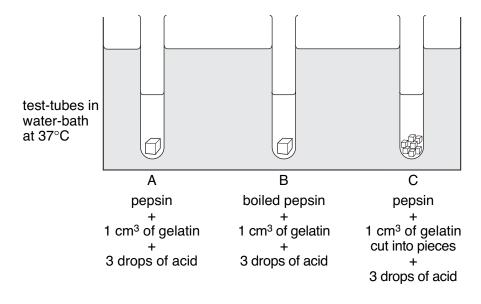
maximum 5 marks

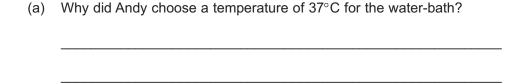
10. Andy investigated the digestion of a protein called gelatin.

He used an enzyme called pepsin from the human stomach, and three cubes of gelatin each 1 $\rm cm^3$.

He set up the experiment shown below and put the test-tubes in a water-bath at 37° C.

He measured the time for the digestion of the gelatin.





1 mark

(b) In test-tube C, the cube of gelatin that had been cut into pieces was digested more quickly than the whole cube in test-tube A.

Give the reason for this.



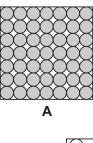
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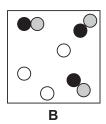
(c)	The boiled pepsin in test-tube B did not digest the gelatin.	
, ,	Why did boiling this enzyme stop it working?	
		10c
(d)	Protein is needed for growth and repair. The digestion of protein begins in the stomach and is completed in the small intestine. (i) What are the products of the digestion of protein?	1 mark
	Tick the correct box.	
	amino acids energy	
	sugars vitamins	10di
	(ii) Why is it necessary to digest protein before it can be used for growth and repair?	
		10dii
	maximum 5 marks	
		Total

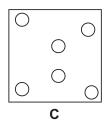
21

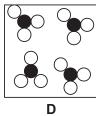
11. (a) The diagrams below show the arrangement of atoms or molecules in five different substances A, B, C, D and E.

Each of the circles \bigcirc , \bigcirc and \blacksquare represents an atom of a different element.











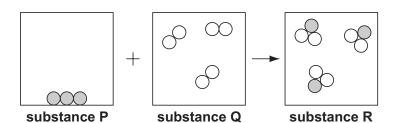
Give the letter of the diagram which represents:

(i) a mixture of gases;

(ii) a single compound.



11aii 1 mark (b) The diagram below shows a model of a chemical reaction between two substances.



(i) How can you tell from the diagram that a chemical reaction took place between substance P and substance Q?

(ii) Substance P is carbon.

KS3/05/Sc/Tier 5-7/P1

Suggest what substances Q and R could be.

substance Q _____

substance R _____

(iii) How does the diagram show that mass has been conserved in this reaction?

maximum 5 marks

11bi

1 mark

1 mark

11biii

12. In the eighteenth century, scientists had different ideas about what happens when metals burn in air.



When metals burn in air, they lose something to the air and a powder is formed.



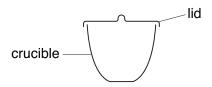
they gain something from the air and a powder is

When metals burn in air,

formed.

Lavoisier

Imagine you want to investigate the ideas of Priestley and Lavoisier. Assume you have been given three pieces of different metals. In a laboratory, metals are heated to high temperatures in crucibles.

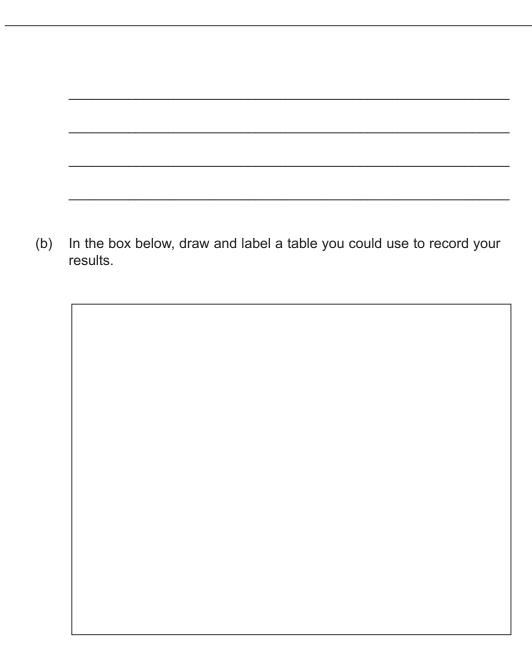


You would also have access to all the usual laboratory equipment.

In your plan you must give:

- the **one** factor you would change as you carry out your investigation (the independent variable);
- one factor you would observe or measure to collect your results (the dependent variable);
- one of the factors you would keep the same as you carry out your investigation;
- the evidence that would support Lavoisier's idea.

1	l2a	
1 mark		
1	12a	
1 mark		
1	12a	
1 mark		
1	12a	
1 mark		

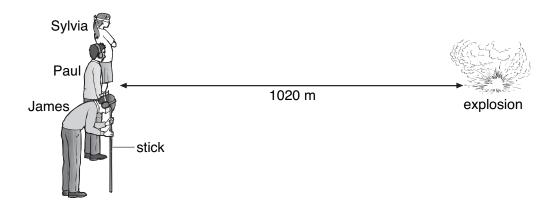


121

1 mark

maximum 5 marks

13. Three pupils took part in an investigation into the speed of sound. All three pupils stood 1020 m from an explosion.



- Sylvia wore a blindfold.
- Paul wore ear defenders.
- James wore a blindfold **and** ear defenders. He rested his head on a wooden stick pushed into the ground so that he could feel vibrations.

The explosion produced sound and light at the same time. The table shows the speed of sound in two different materials.

material	speed of sound (m/s)
air	340
soil	3200

- (a) Use all the information above to help you answer parts (i) and (ii) below.
 - (i) In which order would the pupils notice the explosion?

first	 	
second	 	
third		

13ai

		_ s	11
An	other pupil, Nasah, stood 2000 m away from the explosion.		
(i)	The sound heard by Nasah was quieter than the sound heard by Sylvia. The further sound travels the quieter it becomes. Give the reason for this.		
		_	

The sound Nasah heard was quieter but the pitch was the same.

Nasah

Sylvia

On the right-hand grid, draw the trace to show the pattern of the sound Nasah heard.

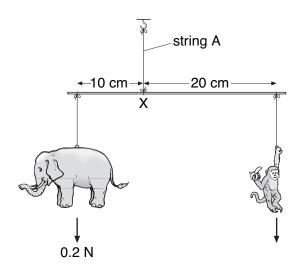


PLEASE TURN OVER FOR THE LAST QUESTION

maximum 5 marks

Total

14. A father makes a simple mobile for his young son. He uses plastic animals as shown below.



(a) (i) The elephant weighs 0.2 N.

What is the turning moment produced by the elephant about point X? Give the unit.

(ii) What is the turning moment produced by the monkey about point X?

(iii) What is the weight of the monkey?

____ N

(b) What is the size of the tension (force) in string A?

_____ N

maximum 5 marks

Total

14ai

14ai

14aii

14aiii

14b

1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

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