



Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname _____

Forename(s) _____

Candidate signature _____

I declare this is my own work.

GCSE BIOLOGY

H

Higher Tier Paper 1H

Friday 10 May 2024

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

| For Examiner's Use | |
|--------------------|------|
| Question | Mark |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | |
| 5 | |
| 6 | |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| TOTAL | |



JUN2484611H01

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

0 1

A person has coronary heart disease.

0 1 . 1

Which blood vessels are affected by coronary heart disease?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Arteries

Capillaries

Veins

A person's heart stops beating.

The person stops breathing.

A first-aider pushes down on the person's chest.

Pushing down on the person's chest puts pressure on the heart.

0 1 . 2

Explain why putting pressure on the heart helps the person.

[2 marks]



0 1 . 3 The first-aider also forces air into the person's lungs by blowing into their mouth.

Describe how forcing air into the person's lungs helps the person.

[1 mark]

0 1 . 4 The person's heart starts to beat again and the person starts breathing.

The person has a high level of cholesterol in their blood.

Name **one** type of drug that would decrease the level of cholesterol in the person's blood.

[1 mark]

0 1 . 5 A doctor decides that the person needs to have a stent fitted.

Explain how a stent works to treat coronary heart disease.

[2 marks]

Question 1 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



Table 1 shows the effect of smoking on the risk of developing different cardiovascular diseases.

Table 1

| Cardiovascular disease | Percentage (%) increase in risk compared to people who have never smoked |
|------------------------|--|
| E | 14 |
| F | 20 |
| G | 29 |
| H | 70 |

0 1 . 6

Give **two** conclusions that can be made from the data in **Table 1**.

[2 marks]

1 _____

2 _____

0 1 . 7

Complete **Figure 1**.

You should:

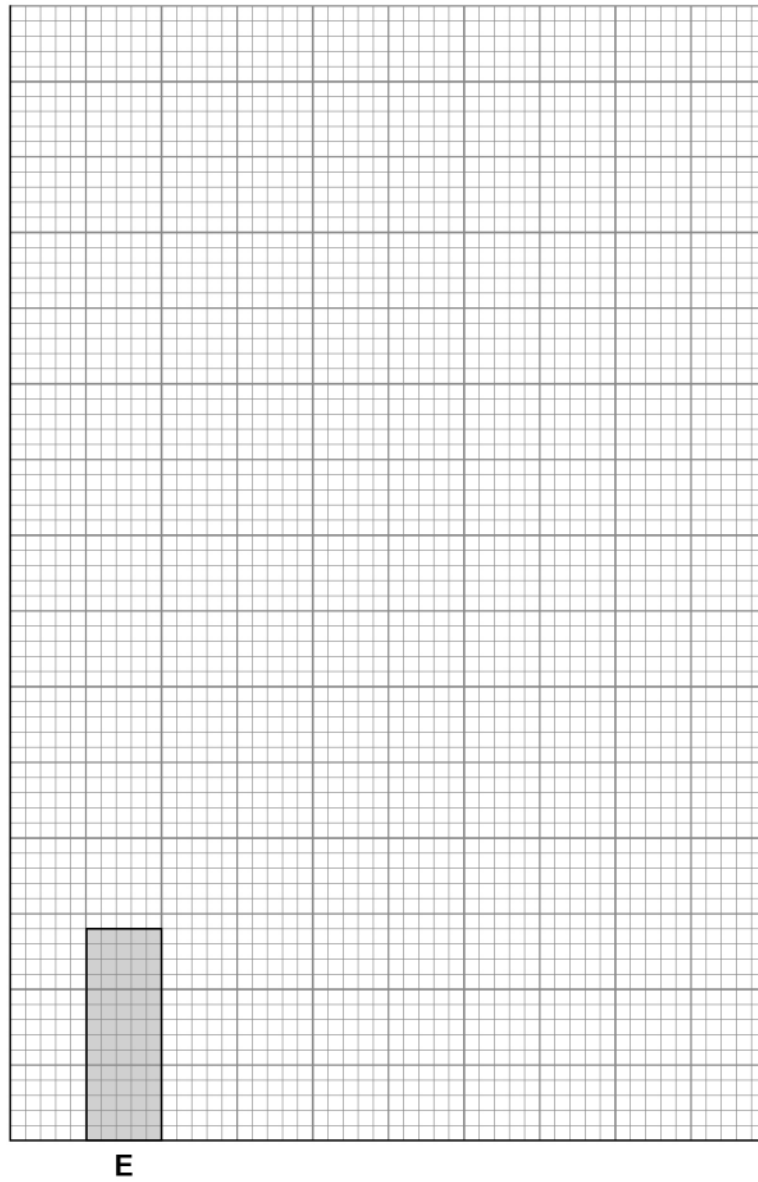
- label the y-axis
- add the correct scale to the y-axis
- plot the data from **Table 1**
- label each bar.

The bar for cardiovascular disease **E** has been plotted for you.

[4 marks]



Figure 1



Cardiovascular disease

0 1 . 8

Describe **one** lifestyle factor that can increase the risk of cardiovascular disease.Do **not** refer to smoking in your answer.

[1 mark]

14

Turn over ►



| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | 2 |
|---|---|

Cystic fibrosis (CF) is an inherited disorder caused by a faulty gene.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 2 | . | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|

Where in a cell would the CF gene be found?

[1 mark]



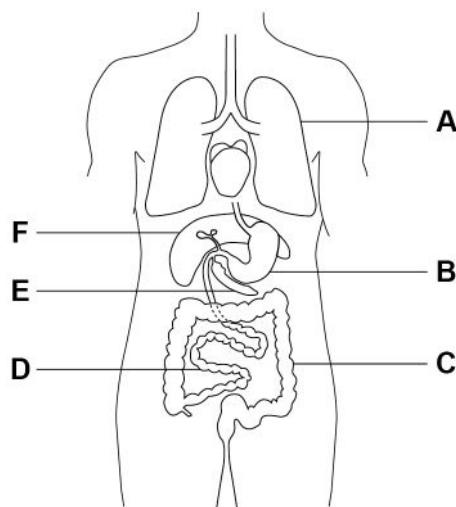
CF affects many organs in the body.

The main organs affected are:

- the lungs
- the pancreas
- the small intestine.

0 2 . 2 **Figure 2** shows organs of the human body.

Figure 2



Which letters in **Figure 2** show the lungs, the pancreas and the small intestine?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

A, D and E

A, E and F

B, C and D

B, C and F

Question 2 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



0 2 . 4

Gas exchange happens in the alveoli in the lungs.

Describe **three** features of the alveoli that help maximise gas exchange.

[3 marks]

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

0 2 . 5

CF reduces the amount of oxygen that can enter the blood from the alveoli.

Explain how a reduced amount of oxygen entering the blood will affect the human body.

[3 marks]

14

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



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A student investigated three types of bread.

For each type of bread, the student:

- put a square piece of bread into their mouth
- did **not** chew the bread
- recorded the time taken for the bread to taste sweet.

Table 2 shows the results.

Table 2

| Type of bread | Time taken for bread to taste sweet in seconds |
|---------------|--|
| Brown | 43 |
| White | 35 |
| Wholemeal | 57 |

0 3 . 2 What was the dependent variable in the investigation?

[1 mark]

0 3 . 3 Give **one** control variable the student should have used in the investigation.

[1 mark]



0 3 . 4 During the investigation, the bread began to taste sweet in the student's mouth.

Explain why the bread tasted sweet.

[3 marks]

0 3 . 5 Suggest **one** reason why the results of the investigation were **not** valid.

Do **not** refer to control variables in your answer.

[1 mark]

12

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



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| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | 4 |
|---|---|

Plants contain many different tissues.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 4 | . | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|

Complete the sentences.

[3 marks]

The leaf tissue that contains the most chloroplasts is

the _____ .

The leaf tissue that contains many air spaces is

the _____ .

The plant tissue that can differentiate throughout the life of the plant is

the _____ .

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 4 | . | 2 |
|---|---|---|---|

Xylem tissue transports water through a plant.

The walls of xylem cells contain cellulose.

Name **one other** substance that strengthens xylem tissue.

[1 mark]

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 4 | . | 3 |
|---|---|---|---|

Phloem tissue transports dissolved sugars around a plant.

Name the process that transports dissolved sugars around a plant.

[1 mark]

Question 4 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



Figure 3 shows two plant cells.

Figure 3

Figure 3 cannot be reproduced here due to third-party copyright restrictions.

It is a photograph showing two cells from phloem tissue from page numbers 111-120 of the following publication:

Cytochemical Localization of Adenosine Triphosphatase in the Phloem of *Pisum sativum* and its Relation to the Function of Transfer Cells, *Planta* Vol. 2 by B J Bentwood and J Cronshaw

0 4 . 4 Name part **Y** in **Figure 3**.

[1 mark]

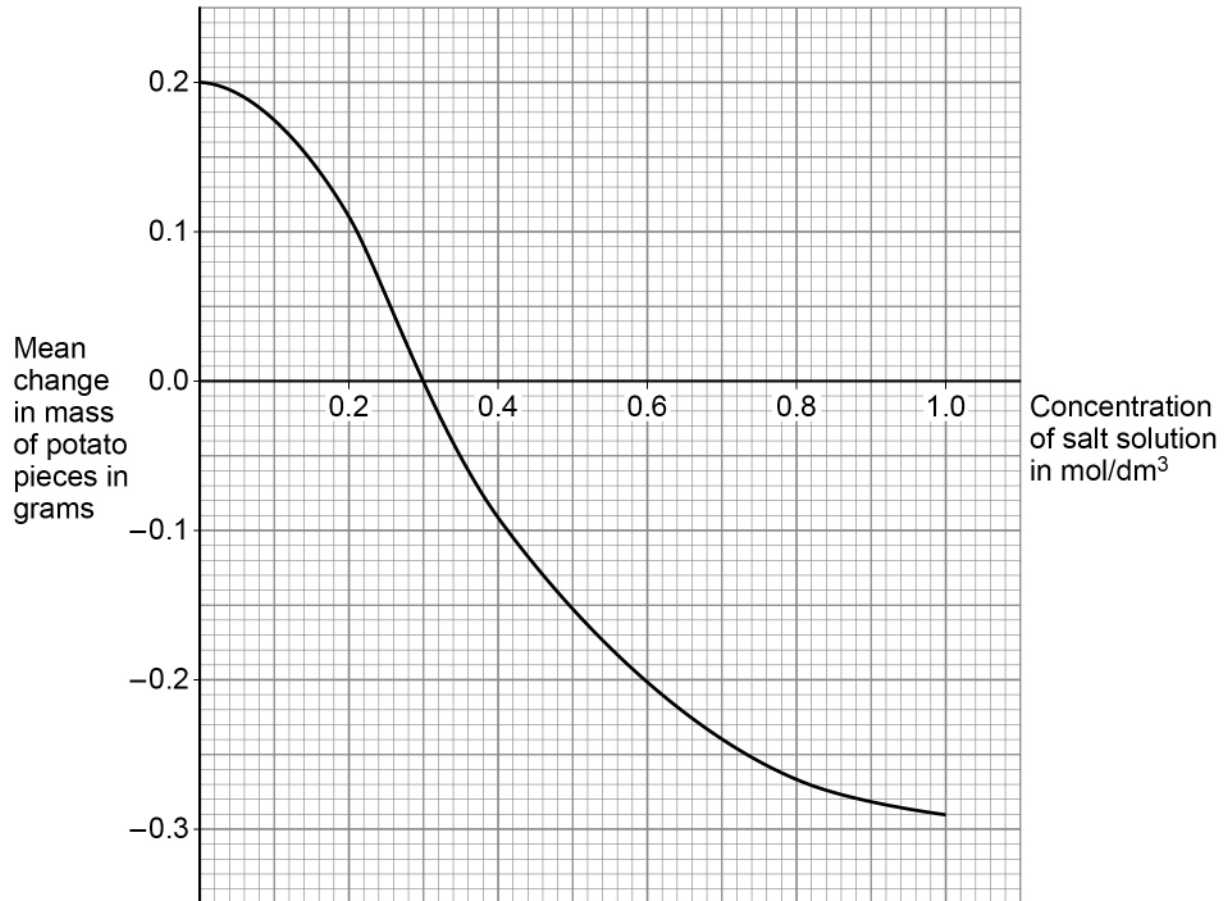


0 5

A student investigated the effect of concentration of salt solution on the mass of uncooked potato pieces.

Figure 4 shows the results.

Figure 4



0 5 . 1

Plan a method that could be used to obtain the results in Figure 4.

[6 marks]



0 5 . 2Explain the result for the potato pieces in the 0.6 mol/dm^3 salt concentration.**[3 marks]**

0 5 . 3Explain why the result for the potato pieces at 1.0 mol/dm^3 was different from the result at 0.6 mol/dm^3 .**[2 marks]**



0 6

This question is about pathogens.

A scientist investigated antibiotic resistance in bacteria.

0 6

. 1

Name **one** antibiotic.

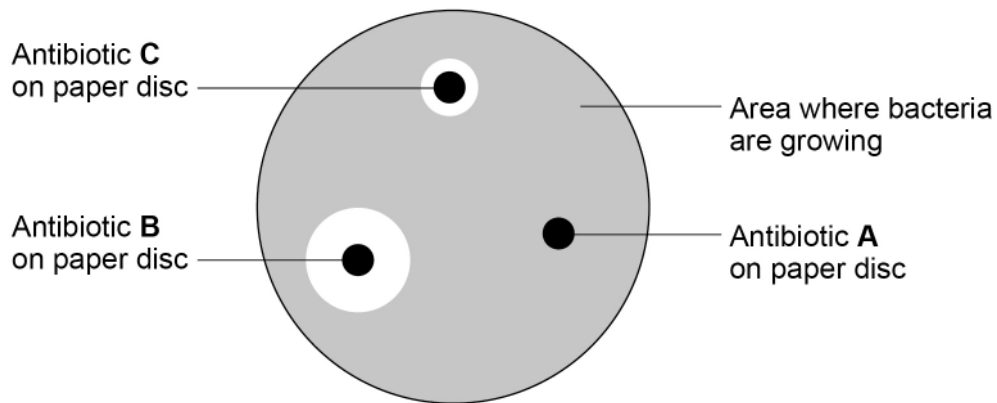
[1 mark]

The scientist grew one type of bacterium on agar in a Petri dish.

The scientist placed paper discs each containing a different antibiotic on the agar.

Figure 5 shows the appearance of the Petri dish after 2 days.

Figure 5



0 6 . 2 A student said:

‘The bacterium is resistant to antibiotic **C**.’

Explain how the results in **Figure 5** show that the student is **not** correct.

[2 marks]

0 6 . 3 Suggest why doctors are concerned about antibiotic resistance.

[2 marks]

Question 6 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



Diseases caused by viruses **cannot** be treated using antibiotics.

0 6 . 4 Suggest why viruses **cannot** be grown on agar.

[1 mark]

0 6 . 5 Why is it difficult for scientists to develop drugs to destroy viruses?

[1 mark]

0 6 . 6 Which disease is caused by a virus that damages white blood cells?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

AIDS

Gonorrhoea

Measles

Salmonella

8



0 7

A student investigated the effect of different factors on photosynthesis.

The student used three leaves growing on the same plant.

Each leaf was treated in a different way.

After 48 hours the student tested each leaf for starch.

Table 3 shows the results.

Table 3

| Leaf tested | Treatment | Result after 48 hours |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | Upper and lower surfaces covered with black paper | No starch present |
| 2 | Upper and lower surfaces covered and sealed with transparent plastic | No starch present |
| 3 | Not covered | Starch present |

0 7 . 1

Explain the results for the three leaves.

[5 marks]

Question 7 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



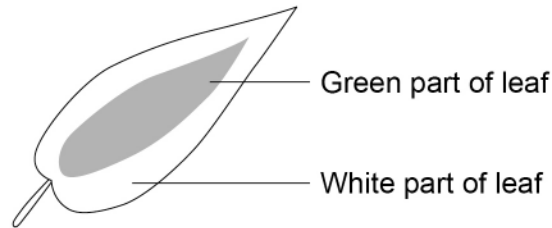
In another investigation the student used a different type of plant.

The plant was left uncovered in the light for 48 hours.

After 48 hours the student tested a leaf from the plant for starch.

Figure 6 shows the leaf before it was tested for starch.

Figure 6



07.2

Complete **Table 4** to show the results you would expect for the starch test on the leaf in **Figure 6**.

[1 mark]

Table 4

| Part of leaf tested | Result after 48 hours |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Green | |
| White | |

07.3

Explain the results you gave in Question **07.2**.

[2 marks]



In some leaves, the green parts become yellow because of an ion deficiency.

0 7 . 4 Which ion is deficient in a plant with yellow leaves?

[1 mark]

0 7 . 5 Give the scientific term that describes the yellow colour of the leaves.

[1 mark]

0 7 . 6 The rate of photosynthesis is affected by different factors.

How could the oxygen produced during photosynthesis be used to measure the **rate** of photosynthesis?

[1 mark]

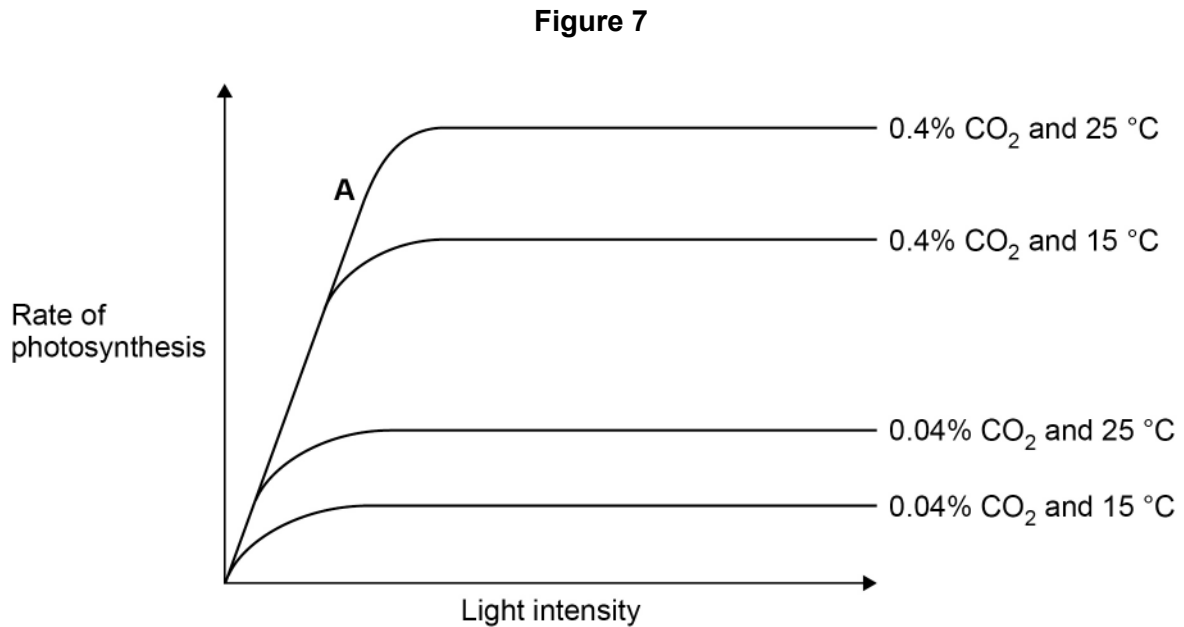
Question 7 continues on the next page

Turn over ►



Light, carbon dioxide and temperature are limiting factors of photosynthesis.

Figure 7 shows how the rate of photosynthesis is affected by light, carbon dioxide and temperature.



0 7 . 7 At point **A** on **Figure 7**, light is a limiting factor.

What is meant by a 'limiting factor'?

[1 mark]



07.8

Explain the effect of increasing temperature and increasing carbon dioxide concentration on the rate of photosynthesis shown in **Figure 7**.

[4 marks]

07.9

Photosynthesis investigations often use a light source.

The spreading out of light from a source obeys the inverse square law.

The inverse square law links light intensity to distance from the light source.

Which of the following shows the inverse square law?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

light intensity $\propto \frac{1}{\text{distance}^2}$

light intensity $\propto \text{distance}^2$

$\frac{1}{(\text{light intensity})^2} \propto \text{distance}^2$

$\frac{1}{(\text{light intensity})^2} \propto \frac{1}{\text{distance}^2}$

17

Turn over ►

0 8

Cancer is caused by changes in cells that result in uncontrolled cell division.

0 8 . 1

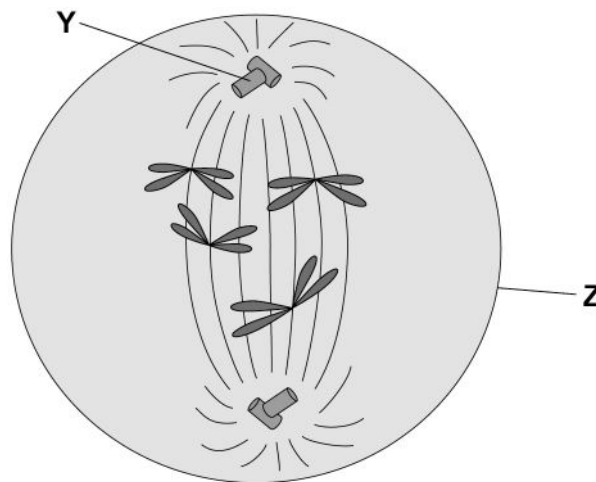
Before a cell begins to divide, its DNA replicates to form two copies of each chromosome.

Describe **one other** change that occurs in a cell **before** the cell begins to divide.

[1 mark]

Figure 8 shows a cell during one of the stages of cell division.

Figure 8



0 8 . 2

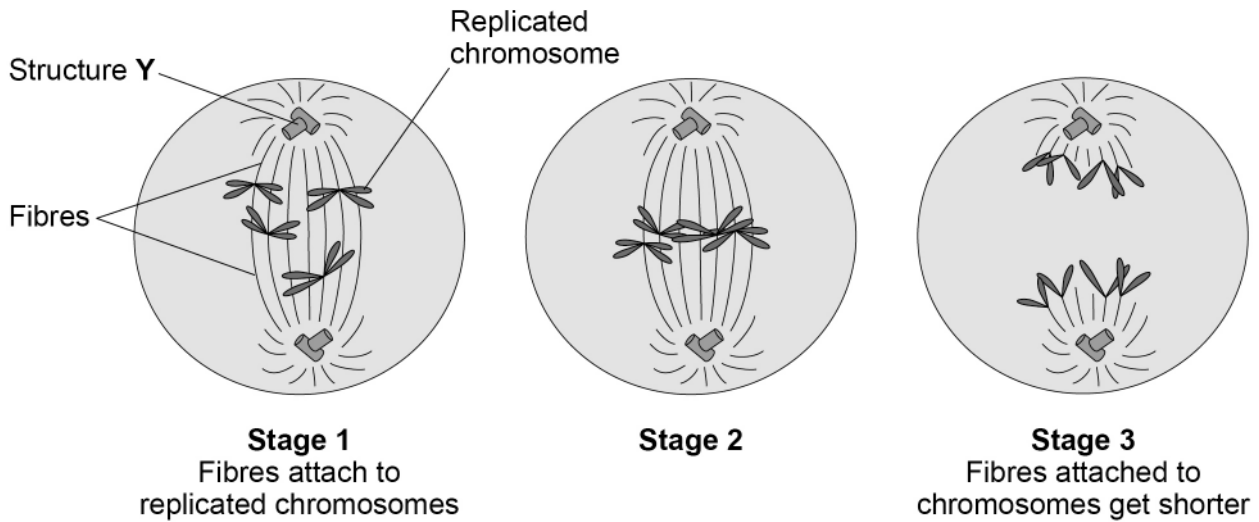
Name structure **Z** in **Figure 8**.

[1 mark]



Figure 9 shows some of the stages of cell division.

Figure 9



Some cancer drugs prevent cell division.

Drug X prevents the fibres from attaching to the replicated chromosomes in **stage 1**.

0 8 . 4

Explain why a cell **cannot** complete division when affected by drug X.

[2 marks]



0 8 . 5

Give the reason why a drug that stops cell division helps to treat cancer.

[1 mark]

0 8 . 6

New cancer drugs are tested in clinical trials.

Preclinical testing happens before clinical trials.

What is involved in preclinical testing of drugs?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) **one** box.

Testing the drugs for side effects

Testing the drugs on live tissues in a laboratory

Testing the drugs to find the optimum dose

Testing the drugs with chemicals in a laboratory

12

END OF QUESTIONS



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