

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)

Monday 13 May 2024

Morning (Time: 1 hour 45 minutes)

Paper
reference

1ET0/01

English Literature

PAPER 1: Shakespeare and Post-1914 Literature

You must have:

Questions and Extracts Booklet (enclosed)

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer the question on **one** text from Section **A** and **one** text from Section B.
- You should spend about 55 minutes on Section A.
- You should spend about 50 minutes on Section B.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- This is a closed book exam.
- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The marks available for the accuracy of your writing are clearly indicated.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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(Section A continued)

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Do not return this Booklet with the Answer Booklet.

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Answer the question on ONE text from Section A and ONE text from Section B.

The extracts for use with Section A are in this question paper.

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SECTION A

Shakespeare

Answer the question on ONE text from this section.

You should spend about 55 minutes on this section.

You should divide your time equally between parts (a) and (b) of the question.

Macbeth – from Act 5 Scene 8, lines 3 to 34

In this extract, Macbeth encounters Macduff on the battlefield.

Enter MACDUFF.

MACDUFF Turn, hell-hound! Turn!

MACBETH

Of all men else I have avoided thee. –

But get thee back, my soul is too much charged
With blood of thine already.

5

MACDUFF

I have no words:

My voice is in my sword – thou bloodier villain
Than terms can give thee out!

They fight.

MACBETH

Thou lovest labour.

As easy may'st thou the intrenchant air
With thy keen sword impress, as make me bleed.
Let fall thy blade on vulnerable crests:
I bear a charmed life, which must not yield
To one of woman born.

10

MACDUFF

Despair thy charm! –

And let the angel whom thou still hast served
Tell thee: Macduff was from his mother's womb
Untimely ripped.

15

MACBETH

Accursèd be that tongue that tells me so! –
For it hath cowed my better part of man.

And be these juggling fiends no more believed
That palter with us in a double sense –

20

That keep the word of promise to our ear,
And break it to our hope! – I'll not fight with thee.



MACDUFF

Then yield thee, coward –

And live to be the show and gaze o' th' time.

We'll have thee, as our rarer monsters are,

Painted upon a pole, and underwrit,

'Here may you see the tyrant'.

25

MACBETH

I will not yield

To kiss the ground before young Malcolm's feet,

And to be baited with the rabble's curse.

Though Birnam wood be come to Dunsinane,

And thou opposed being of no woman born –

Yet I will try the last. Before my body

I throw my warlike shield. Lay on, Macduff! –

And damned be him that first cries 'Hold, enough!'

30

Exeunt, fighting on. Noise of battle comes to a climax, then fades. They re-enter still fighting, and MACBETH is killed.

Exit MACDUFF, dragging away the body.

- 1 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents the relationship between Macduff and Macbeth in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

- (b) In this extract, the meeting between Macduff and Macbeth becomes violent.

Explain the importance of violence **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer, you **must** consider:

- where violence is shown
- the effects violence has within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 1 = 40 marks)

The Tempest – from Act 3 Scene 1, lines 1 to 31

In this extract, Ferdinand is being held captive and forced to carry logs for Prospero.

FERDINAND

(Putting down the log) There be some sports are
painful, and their labour

Delight in them sets off. Some kinds of baseness

Are nobly undergone, and most poor matters

Point to rich ends. This my mean task

Would be as heavy to me as odious, but

5

The mistress which I serve quickens what's dead,

And makes my labours pleasures. O, she is

Ten times more gentle than her father's crabbed –

And he's composed of harshness! I must remove

Some thousands of these logs, and pile them up,

10

Upon a sore injunction. My sweet mistress

Weeps when she sees me work, and says such baseness

Had never like executor. I forget –

(He picks up the log again)

– But these sweet thoughts do even refresh my labours,

Most busiest, when I do it.

Enter MIRANDA – and PROSPERO, who watches from a distance, unseen.

MIRANDA

Alas now, pray you

15

Work not so hard! I would the lightning had
Burnt up those logs that you are enjoined to pile!

Pray, set it down, and rest you. When this burns,

'Twill weep for having wearied you. My father

Is hard at study. Pray, now, rest yourself.

20

He's safe for these three hours.

FERDINAND

O most dear mistress,

The sun will set before I shall discharge

What I must strive to do.

MIRANDA

If you'll sit down.

I'll bear your logs the while. Pray give me that:

I'll carry it to the pile.

FERDINAND

No, precious creature.

25

I had rather crack my sinews, break my back,

Than you should such dishonour undergo,

While I sit lazy by.



MIRANDA

It would become me
As well as it does you – and I should do it
With much more ease, for my good will is to it,
And yours it is against.

30

- 2 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents the relationship between Ferdinand and Miranda in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

- (b) In this extract, Ferdinand is determined to be with Miranda and is prepared to suffer any hardship.

Explain the importance of determination **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer, you **must** consider:

- how determination is presented
- the effects determination has within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 2 = 40 marks)

Romeo and Juliet – from Act 3 Scene 5, lines 136 to 167

In this extract, Lord Capulet loses his temper with Juliet when she refuses to marry Paris.

CAPULET

How now, wife?

Have you delivered to her our decree?

LADY CAPULET

Ay, sir – but she will none, she gives you thanks.

I would the fool were married to her grave!

CAPULET

Soft! – take me with you, take me with you, wife.

140

How will she none? Doth she not give us thanks?

Is she not proud? Doth she not count her blest,

Unworthy as she is, that we have wrought

So worthy a gentleman to be her bride?

JULIET

Not proud you have, but thankful that you have.

145

Proud can I never be of what I hate –

But thankful, even for hate that is meant love.

CAPULET

How, now! How, now – chop-logic? What is this?

'Proud', and 'I thank you', and 'I thank you not' –

And yet 'Not proud'? – mistress minion, you!

150

Thank me no thankings, nor proud me no prouds! –

But fettle your fine joints 'gainst Thursday next,

To go with Paris to Saint Peter's Church –

Or I will drag thee on a hurdle thither.

Out, you green-sickness carrion! Out, you baggage!

155

You tallow-face!

LADY CAPULET

(To her husband) Fie, fie! What, are you mad?

JULIET

(Kneeling) Good father, I beseech you on my knees –

Hear me with patience but to speak a word.

CAPULET

Hang thee, young baggage! Disobedient wretch!

160

I tell thee what: get thee to church o' Thursday,

Or never after look me in the face!

Speak not, reply not, do not answer me!

My fingers itch. Wife, we scarce thought us blest

That God had lent us but this only child –

165

But now I see this one is one too much,

And that we have a curse in having her.

Out on her, hilding!



3 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents the character of Lord Capulet in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

(b) In this extract, Lord Capulet is angry with Juliet for refusing to marry Paris.

Explain the importance of anger **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer, you **must** consider:

- how anger is presented
- the reasons for anger within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 3 = 40 marks)

Much Ado About Nothing – Act 2 Scene 3, lines 202 to 231

In this extract, Benedick begins to reconsider his feelings for Beatrice after overhearing that she is in love with him.

BENEDICK

(Coming forward) This can be no trick. The conference was sadly borne. They have the truth of this from Hero. They seem to pity the lady: it seems her affections have their full bent. Love me? Why, it must be requited. I hear how I am censured: they say I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the love come from her. They say, too, that she will rather die than give any sign of affection. I did never think to marry. I must not seem proud: happy are they that hear their detractions and can put them to mending. They say the lady is fair – 'tis a truth, I can bear them witness; and virtuous – 'tis so, I cannot reprove it; and wise – but for loving me. By my troth, it is no addition to her wit, nor no great argument of her folly – for I will be horribly in love with her. I may chance have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me, because I have railed so long against marriage. But doth not the appetite alter? A man loves the meat in his youth that he cannot endure in his age. Shall quips and sentences and these paper bullets of the brain awe a man from the career of his humour? No: the world must be peopled. When I said I would die a bachelor, I did not think I should live till I were married. Here comes Beatrice. By this day, she's a fair lady! I do spy some marks of love in her.

205

210

215

220

225

Enter BEATRICE.

BEATRICE

Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner.

BENEDICK

Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

BEATRICE

I took no more pains for those thanks than you take pains to thank me. If it had been painful I would not have come.

230

BENEDICK

You take pleasure then in the message?



4 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents the character of Benedick in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

(b) In this extract, Benedick realises his feelings for Beatrice have changed.

Explain the importance of change **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer you **must** consider:

- how change is presented
- the effects change has within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 4 = 40 marks)

Twelfth Night – from Act 2 Scene 4, lines 1 to 35

In this extract, Duke Orsino is giving Viola/Cesario advice about relationships.

A room in the Duke's palace.

Enter DUKE, VIOLA, CURIO and others.

DUKE

Give me some music. Now, good morrow, friends.
Now, good Cesario, but that piece of song,
That old and antique song we heard last night;
Methought it did relieve my passion much,
More than light airs and recollected terms 5
Of these most brisk and giddy-pacéd times.
Come; but one verse.

CURIO

He is not here, so please your lordship, that
should sing it.

DUKE

Who was it? 10

CURIO

Feste, the jester, my lord; a fool that the lady
Olivia's father took much delight in. He is about
the house.

DUKE

Seek him out, and play the tune the while.

Exit CURIO

Music

Come hither, boy: if ever thou shalt love, 15
In the sweet pangs of it remember me;
For such as I am all true lovers are,
Unstaid and skittish in all motions else
Save in the constant image of the creature
That is beloved. How dost thou like this tune? 20

VIOLA

It gives a very echo to the seat
Where Love is throned.

DUKE

Thou dost speak masterly.
My life upon 't, young though thou art, thine eye
Hath stayed upon some favour that it loves;
Hath it not, boy?

VIOLA

A little, by your favour. 25



DUKE

What kind of woman is 't?

VIOLA

Of your complexion.

DUKE

She is not worth thee, then. What years, i' faith?

VIOLA

About your years, my lord.

DUKE

Too old, by heaven. Let still the woman take
An elder than herself, so wears she to him,
So sways she level in her husband's heart;
For, boy, however we do praise ourselves,
Our fancies are more giddy and unfirm,
More longing, wavering, sooner lost and worn,
Than women's are.

30

5 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents Duke Orsino in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

(b) In this extract, Duke Orsino sends for Feste to sing him a song to relieve his sadness.

Explain the importance of sadness **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer, you **must** consider:

- how sadness is presented
- the effects sadness has within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 5 = 40 marks)

The Merchant of Venice – from Act 2 Scene 6, lines 26 to 57

In this extract, Jessica is talking to Lorenzo from a window at Shylock's home.

JESSICA

Who are you? Tell me, for more certainty –
Albeit I'll swear that I do know your tongue.

LORENZO

Lorenzo, and thy love.

JESSICA

Lorenzo, certain, and my love indeed –
For who love I so much? And now who knows 30
But you Lorenzo whether I am yours?

LORENZO

Heaven and thy thoughts are witness that thou art.

JESSICA

Here – catch this casket (**throwing down a small box**)
– it is worth the pains.
I am glad 'tis night – you do not look on me –
For I am much ashamed of my exchange. 35
But love is blind, and lovers cannot see
The pretty follies that themselves commit;
For if they could, Cupid himself would blush
To see me thus transformèd to a boy.

LORENZO

Descend, for you must be my torch-bearer. 40

JESSICA

What, must I hold a candle to my shames?
They in themselves, good sooth, are too too light.
Why – 'tis an office of discovery, love,
And I should be obscured.

LORENZO

So are you, sweet,
Even in the lovely garnish of a boy. 45
But come at once –
For the close night doth play the runaway,
And we are stayed for at Bassanio's feast.

JESSICA

I will make fast the doors, and gild myself
With some more ducats, and be with you straight. 50

Exit above.

GRATIANO

Now, by my hood, a gentle and no Jew!



LORENZO

Beshrew me but I love her heartily.
For she is wise, if I can judge of her,
And fair she is, if that mine eyes be true –
And true she is, as she hath proved herself.
And therefore like herself, wise, fair, and true,
Shall she be placèd in my constant soul.

55

- 6 (a) Explore how Shakespeare presents the relationship between Jessica and Lorenzo in this extract.

Refer closely to the extract in your answer.

(20)

- (b) In this extract, Jessica faces the challenge of running away with Lorenzo.

Explain the importance of challenges **elsewhere** in the play.

In your answer, you **must** consider:

- how challenges are presented
- the reasons for these challenges within the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(20)

(Total for Question 6 = 40 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 40 MARKS

SECTION B

Post-1914 Literature – British Play OR British Novel

Answer ONE question from this section, on EITHER a British Play OR a British Novel.

You should spend about 50 minutes on this section.

BRITISH PLAY

An Inspector Calls: J B Priestley

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

- 7 **Inspector:** ... *she'd used more than one name. But her original name – her real name – was Eva Smith.*

Explore how Eva Smith/Daisy Renton is significant in *An Inspector Calls*.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 7 = 40 marks)

OR

- 8 **Sheila:** *I got that girl sacked from Milwards. And now you've made up your mind I must obviously be a selfish, vindictive creature.*

In what ways is selfishness important in the play?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 8 = 40 marks)



Hobson's Choice: Harold Brighouse

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

- 9 Hobson:** *Look here, Maggie, you're talking straight and I'll talk straight and all. When I'm set I'm set. You're coming here.*

How is conflict important in the play?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 9 = 40 marks)

OR

- 10 Stage direction:** *He is a lanky fellow, about thirty, not naturally stupid but stunted mentally by a brutalized childhood.*

Explain the significance of Willie Mossop in *Hobson's Choice*.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 10 = 40 marks)

Blood Brothers: Willy Russell

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

11 Edward: *If you loved me you'd let me go out with Mickey because he's my best friend. I like him more than you.*

Mrs Lyons: *Edward. Edward, don't say that. Don't ever say that.*

Explain how the relationship between Mrs Lyons and Edward/Eddie is significant in the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 11 = 40 marks)

OR

12 Kid Three: *'Ey, Mother, I'm starvin' an' there's nothin' in. There never bloody well is.*

In what ways are problems important in *Blood Brothers*?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 12 = 40 marks)



***Journey's End*: R C Sherriff**

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

13 Mason: *You see, sir, I know the captain can't stand the sight of apricots. 'E said next time we 'ad them 'e'd wring my neck.*

In what ways is Mason significant in the play?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 13 = 40 marks)

OR

14 Hardy: *Oh, you each have an earwig, and start 'em in a line. On the word 'Go' you dig your earwig in the ribs and steer him with a match across the table.*

Explore the different ways of coping with life in the trenches in *Journey's End*.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 14 = 40 marks)

The Empress: Tanika Gupta

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

15 Hari: *I wish I was a wealthy man. Then we could be married and you wouldn't need to work as a servant for English families. (talking to Rani)*

Explain how Hari Sharma is significant in the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 15 = 40 marks)

OR

16 Gandhi: *So we need reform the system. And to get some representatives in the Imperial Parliament.*

How is ambition important in *The Empress*?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 16 = 40 marks)



Refugee Boy: Benjamin Zephaniah (adapted for the stage by Lemn Sissay)

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

17 Mr Kelo: *Blood sprays from her mouth in an arch and lands like fine dust on my face.*

In what ways is aggression significant in *Refugee Boy*?

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 17 = 40 marks)

OR

18 Mustapha: *Father? 'Father' ... yeah, all our dads'll be here soon, man.*

Explore how Mustapha is important in the play.

You **must** refer to the context of the play in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 18 = 40 marks)



BRITISH NOVEL

***Animal Farm*: George Orwell**

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

19 *We pigs are brain-workers. The whole management and organization of this farm depend on us. (Squealer)*

In what ways is the pigs' control of the farm significant in the novel?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 19 = 40 marks)

OR

20 *His answer to every problem, every setback, was 'I will work harder!' – which he had adopted as his personal motto. (Narrator describing Boxer)*

Explore how determination is important in *Animal Farm*.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 20 = 40 marks)



Lord of the Flies: William Golding

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

- 21** *There had grown up tacitly among the biguns the opinion that Piggy was an outsider, not only by accent, which did not matter, but by fat, and ass-mar, and specs.*

In what ways is Piggy different from the rest of the boys in the novel?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 21 = 40 marks)

OR

- 22** *'Nobody killed, I hope? Any dead bodies?'*

'Only two. And they've gone.' **(Naval officer and Ralph)**

Explain the significance of death in *Lord of the Flies*.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 22 = 40 marks)

Anita and Me: Meera Syal

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

23 *Men in vests and braces, with rumpled hair who clutched half-read papers.*

How are the male characters important in the novel?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 23 = 40 marks)

OR

24 *I could see children riding their bikes, screeching in and around the parked cars and lines of washing, practising noisy manoeuvres.*

Explain the significance of childhood in *Anita and Me*.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 24 = 40 marks)



The Woman in Black: Susan Hill

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

25 *I had seen the ghost of Jennet Humfrye and she had had her revenge. (Kipps)*

In what ways are people affected by Jennet Humfrye's revenge in the novel?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 25 = 40 marks)

OR

26 *And above the whinnying and struggling of the pony, the child's cry, that rose and rose to a scream of terror and was then slowly choked and drowned.*

Explore the use of tension in *The Woman in Black*.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 26 = 40 marks)

Coram Boy: Jamila Gavin

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

27 *'Once my voice has broken, that will be the end of my musical life,' he had said with anguish. (Alexander)*

Explore how Alexander is important in the novel.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 27 = 40 marks)

OR

28 *'Get that lunatic out of here!' Mr Gaddarn's voice was deadly. 'Put him in the map room – the boy too. Lock the door and guard it.'*

How is anger significant in *Coram Boy*?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 28 = 40 marks)



Boys Don't Cry: Malorie Blackman

Your response will be marked for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation.

EITHER

29 *Mel wasn't even nineteen yet. How could she have been stupid enough to have a kid at our age?* (**Dante**)

Explain how teenage parenthood is important in *Boys Don't Cry*.

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 29 = 40 marks)

OR

30 *Josh and I had been mates since we'd both started secondary school, me at ten and Josh at eleven.* (**Dante**)

How is Josh significant in the novel?

You **must** refer to the context of the novel in your answer.

(includes 8 marks for the range of appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures, and accurate use of spelling and punctuation)

(Total for Question 30 = 40 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 40 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS

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Refugee Boy, Benjamin Zephaniah, Bloomsbury, 2001
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