



GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2017

**GCSE
MATHEMATICS - COMPONENT 2 (FOUNDATION)
C300U20-1**

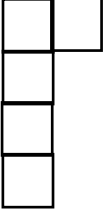
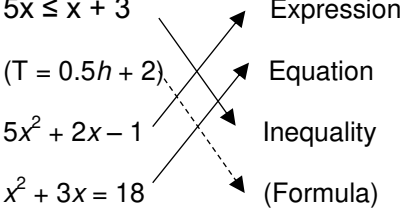
INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

Eduqas GCSE Mathematics Autumn 2017 Component 2 Foundation Tier	Mark	Comment																								
1. (a) (£) 36	B1																									
1. (b) $17.50 \times 7 - 110$ (=122.5(0) - 110) = (£) 12.5(0)	M1 A1																									
1. (c) (i) $19.50 \times 6 - 115$ = (£) 2	M1 A1	Allow 115 - 19.50 x 6 Do not allow -2 as a final answer without interpretation.																								
1. (c) (ii) explaining that it is (£2) cheaper (to pay for a week.)	E1 (6)																									
2. (a) $28 \times 7.50 + 30$ = (£) 240	M1 A1																									
2. (b) (i) Suitable explanation e.g. '£100 - £30 is £70 which does not divide by 7.50 to give a whole number of hours', or ' $9 \times £7.50 = £67.50$ and $£67.50 + £30 = £97.50$ ', and ' $10 \times £7.50 = £75$ and $£75 + £30 = £105$ ', (so £100 can't come from a whole number multiple of £7.50), or 'No multiple of $£7.50 + 30$ makes £100', or 'The pay for 9 hours is £97.50, another £7.50 makes £105, so £100 not possible', or ' $9\frac{1}{3}$ hours makes £100, but the company only pays for whole number of hours', or 'There is no whole number that multiplies by £7.50 to give £70'.	E1																									
2. (b) (ii) 9 (hours).	B1 (4)																									
3. <table border="1" data-bbox="213 1346 643 1487"> <tr> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> <td>15</td> <td>27</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Prime</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Multiple 3</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Factor 30</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		1	3	5	15	27	Prime		✓	✓			Multiple 3		✓		✓	✓	Factor 30	✓	✓	✓	✓		B3 (3)	Award B1 for each correct row.
	1	3	5	15	27																					
Prime		✓	✓																							
Multiple 3		✓		✓	✓																					
Factor 30	✓	✓	✓	✓																						
4. (a) Complete the cards with 3 odd and 3 even numbers.	B1																									
4. (b) Explains that there needs to be more even numbers than odd, e.g. 'change one of the odd numbers for an even number'.	E1 (2)	Allow explaining by giving an example or demonstration, including reference to 'their (a)'																								

<p>5.</p>  <p>indicated</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>(1)</p>	<p>Accept any indication</p>
<p>6. (a) (i) 3.21</p>	<p>B2</p>	<p>B1 for 3.2(087.....) OR B1 for correct rounding of incorrect answer, provided a decimal with more than 2 decimal places seen.</p>
<p>6. (b) $\frac{5}{100}$ indicated</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>(3)</p>	<p>Accept any indication.</p>
<p>7.</p> <p>$5x \leq x + 3$</p> <p>$(T = 0.5h + 2)$</p> <p>$5x^2 + 2x - 1$</p> <p>$x^2 + 3x = 18$</p> <p>Expression</p> <p>Equation</p> <p>Inequality</p> <p>(Formula)</p> 	<p>B1</p> <p>(1)</p>	<p>CAO</p>
<p>8. (a) $\frac{2}{5}$</p>	<p>B2</p>	<p>B1 for a fraction with a numerator of 2 OR denominator of 5. If no marks awarded then SC1 for $\frac{5}{2}$.</p>
<p>8. (b) 40 (%)</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>(3)</p>	<p>FT 'their $\frac{2}{5}$' converted correctly.</p>
<p>9. (a) 200 (g)</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>9. (b) 1 pear $600 \div 5 (=120(g))$ $2 \times 200 + 2 \times 600 \div 5$ $= 640 (g)$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>(4)</p>	<p>FT 'their 200' used correctly throughout.</p>
<p>10. (a) $4a + 7b$ or equivalent</p>	<p>B2</p>	<p>B1 for $4a$ or $7b$ For B2, an expression must be given.</p>
<p>10. (b) $3x + 15$</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>10. (c) No AND an acceptable explanation, e.g. 'if $c = 5$ then $5c^2 = 125$. $c^2 + 4c = 45$. (They are not the same)', or 'c and c^2 are different and cannot be added', or 'Can only collect like terms'</p>	<p>E1</p>	
<p>10. (d) (i) $\frac{f}{2}$, or $\frac{1}{2}f$</p>	<p>B1</p>	<p>Allow $f \div 2$ or $0.5f$</p>
<p>10. (d) (ii) $\frac{f}{2} + 5$ or $\frac{1}{2}f + 5$ or $(f + 10)/2$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>(6)</p>	<p>FT 'their $\frac{f}{2}$' + 5 provided it is using algebra.</p>

11. (a) explaining that Rita could have been correct because $3 \times 20 = 60$.	E1	Can ignore any reference to cars staying less than 30 mins.								
11. (b) 24 cars for up to 4 hrs (£2.50) OR 75 cars for up to 1 hr. (80p) OR any other arrangement totalling £60	B2 (3)	Award B1 for a clear attempt at an arrangement totalling £60 with errors.								
12. (Area of wall =) $7 \times 3 - 2 \times 1 - 1.6^2 \times 2$ (m^2) $= 13.88$ or 13.9 or 14 (m^2) 3 (tins needed as $3 \times 6 = 18$ or $13.88 \div 6 = 2.3(13\dots)$)	M2 A1 B1 (4)	Award M1 for sight of two correct areas used. FT 'their 13.88' used provided at least M1 awarded.								
13. (a) (i) Explains that congruent means (the triangles are) exactly the same shape and size.	E1									
13. (a) (ii) Correct translation of triangle A. i.e. 3 squares right and one square down.	B2	B1 for a correct horizontal or vertical translation Correct coordinates are (7,6),(7,3) & (9,3)								
13. (b)(i) Right-angled (scalene) triangle	B1	Accept 'right-angled' or 'scalene'								
13. (b)(ii) Correct enlargement by scale factor 3.	B2 (6)	Award B1 if correct enlargement using another scale factor.								
14. (a) $12+12+5+14+12+8+6$ or equivalent $= 69$ (hours)	M1 A1	Allow one error, including a repeated error. CAO								
14. (b) (i) Sight of 7.5 hours or 7h 30m <i>Alternatives</i> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"><tr><td style="width: 25%;">(M-F 8am-)</td><td style="width: 12.5%;">8:30pm</td><td style="width: 12.5%;">9:00pm</td><td style="width: 12.5%;">9:30pm</td></tr><tr><td>(Sat 9am -)</td><td>11pm</td><td>8:30pm</td><td>6pm</td></tr></table>	(M-F 8am-)	8:30pm	9:00pm	9:30pm	(Sat 9am -)	11pm	8:30pm	6pm	B1 B2	FT 'their derived 7.5' Award B1 for a clear attempt to increase the opening times by 7.5 hours. If no marks awarded, SC1 for a 'correct' solution using 'their 7.5'. Note that other answers are possible, including those who do not work with whole or half hours.
(M-F 8am-)	8:30pm	9:00pm	9:30pm							
(Sat 9am -)	11pm	8:30pm	6pm							
14. (b)(ii) $7.5 \times 24 \times 8.50$ OR $82.5 \times 24 \times 8.50 - 75 \times 24 \times 8.50$ OR $75 \times 24 \times 8.50 \times 0.1$ $= (£) 1530$ Assumptions including 'all the 24 workers are doing the extra time', 'all the workers doing the extra time are paid the mean pay' or 'there is no increased overtime rate'. Impact statement – e.g. 'the weekly pay increase calculated is higher than it is likely to be' OR 'weekly pay may be higher if they have to pay overtime at a higher rate'	M2 A1 E1 E1 (10)	FT 'their 7.5' x 24 x 8.50 M1 for 24×8.50 OR 7.5×8.50 OR 7.5×24 Any alternative calculations must be accounted for in their assumption in (b)(ii). Their impact must match 'their assumption'								

19. (a) $\frac{1}{2} (8 \times 5.5)$ = 22 (cm ²)	M1 A1	
19. (b) $(22 \times 4.5) = 99$ (cm ³)	B1	FT 'their 22' correctly evaluated.
19. (c) Explains that 50mm is bigger than 4.5cm, the other measurements have not changed so the volume must be bigger. Or equivalent.	E1 (4)	
20. (a) explaining that 0.8 is incorrect. e.g 'It is not 0.8, it should be 0.08' or equivalent.	B1	Accept any indication that 0.8 is incorrect e.g. 'the first line is 198.4 not 1984'.
20. (b) $2480 \times 0.08 + 2480$ OR $198.4(0) + 2480$ = (£) 2678.4(0)	M1 A1	
20. (c) 1.08	B1 (4)	
21. (a) 165 (g) Butter 165 (g) Sugar 270 (g) Flour 6 tablespoons mincemeat	B2	B2 for all correct B1 for 3 correct or sight of 1.5 as scale factor.
21. (b) $315 \div 180$ or $315 \div 270$ x 8 or x 12 = 14 (servings)	M1 M1 A1 (5)	CAO <i>Alternative method:</i> Extra 45g $180/45 = 4$ or $270/45 = 6$ M1 $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 = 2 or $\frac{1}{6}$ of 12 = 2 M1 (12 + 2) = 14 (servings) A1
22. Use of Pythagoras Theorem $7^2 + 12^2 = (\text{hypotenuse})^2$ (Hypotenuse =) 13.89 (m) Conclusion stated or implied that he is not correct, e.g. 'Sid's walls do not meet at right angles' or equivalent.	M1 A1 E1 (3)	Only award E1 provided M1 previously awarded. Alternative method 1: $7^2 + 12^2$ B1 193 AND $14^2 = 196$ B1 No because they are not the same. E1 Alternative method 2: $14^2 - 12^2 = 196 - 144 (= 52)$ B1 52 AND $7^2 = 49$ B1 $52 \neq 49$, so no. E1
23. $2 \times 330 \div 15$ (£)44	M1 A1 (2)	For a full method although may be seen in stages

24.(a) 2	B1	
24.(b) 'Yes' selected or unambiguously implied AND a reason, e.g. 'Yes, 4 + 5', 'Yes it is possible to score 9'	B1	Ignore further irrelevant statements
24(c) States or implies that the list to score 5 is incomplete, e.g. 'Ryan has missed 4+1 and 3+2 States or implies that $\frac{\text{number of ways of scoring 5}}{\text{the number of outcomes}}$ is a correct method 4/20 (= 1/5)	M1 M1 A1 (5)	Accept sight of $\frac{4}{10}$ 'their number of outcomes', provided 'their number of outcomes > 10, or sight of 1/5 ISW. Depends on M1, M1 previously awarded <i>If no marks, allow SC1 for an answer of 2/20 or equivalent</i>
25. 3000×1.025^7 (£)3566(.0572...) (£)434	M1 A1 B1 (3)	Or equivalent full method. Use of 25% in the calculation is <u>not</u> a misread CAO Provided at least 6 years of correct calculations, with incorrect interpretation of the number of years, allow MR-1, then possible M1, A1 but B0
26.(a) Midpoints 2, 5, 8, 12 $2 \times 4 + 5 \times 14 + 8 \times 10 + 12 \times 2$ $\div 30$ 6(.0666...mm)	B1 M1 m1 A1	FT 'their midpoints' provided these are at the bounds or within the groups (8 + 70 + 80 + 24 = 182)
26.(b) Explanation, e.g. 'Hightown is only an estimate', 'Hightown mean was calculated using midpoints', 'more of the Hightown results might be below the midpoints'	E1 (5)	Accept a suitable example
27.(a) $11x - 9x = 25 + 3$ $2x = 28$ or $x = 28/2$ $x = 14$	B1 B1 B1	FT until 2 nd error
27.(b) $5x(x + 2)$	B2 (5)	B1 for a correct partially factorised answer, or $5x(x \dots)$ or $5x(\dots + 2)$

<p>28. Density $\frac{1538}{4/3 \times \pi \times 3.6^3}$ (g/cm³)</p> <p>7.86(... g/cm³) or 7.87 (g/cm³) AND states 'iron'</p>	<p>M3</p> <p>A2</p> <p>(5)</p>	<p>M2 for $\frac{1.538}{4/3 \times \pi \times 3.6^3}$ or with other place value error OR M1 for 'digits 1538' 'their volume' provided 'their volume' is dimensionally correct OR M1 for sight of $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 3.6^3$</p> <p>CAO A1 for 7.86(...(g/cm³)) or 7.87 (g/cm³)</p>
<p>29.(a) $y = 4 - 3x$</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>29.(b) $y = 2x + 4$</p>	<p>B2</p> <p>(3)</p>	<p>B1 for $y = 2x \pm \dots$ or $y = \dots x + 4$</p>