

GCE

Biology A

H020/02: Depth in biology

AS Level

Mark Scheme for June 2022

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It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.
- 5. Work crossed out:

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed-out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed-out response where legible.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only one mark per response)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add SEEN to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**

If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.

9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response questions on this paper are 1(c)(ii) and 5.

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11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Marking Annotations

Annotation	Use
BOD	Benefit of Doubt
CON	Contradiction
×	Cross
ECF	Error Carried Forward
GM	Given Mark
~~~	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)
I	Ignore
	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
NBOD	Benefit of the doubt not given
<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	Tick
<b>^</b>	Omission Mark
BP	Blank Page
и	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question
L2	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question
L3	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	Alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
✓	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

#### 13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

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0	Quest	ion	Answer	Mark	Α	Guidance
					0	
1	(a)		any two I marks and matching <b>R</b> marks: If an I mark is just missed (e.g. for <b>I1</b> answer says weight instead of mass) can still give the matching reason mark <b>R1</b>	4 max	AO 3.3	ALLOW cubes / discs / cylinders / strips / rectangles / chips / samples / beetroot, for 'pieces' throughout ALLOW betalain for 'pigment' throughout
			<b>I1</b> same, number / size / mass / volume (of pieces) $\checkmark$			I1 ALLOW cork borer cylinders of same length I1 IGNORE weight for 'mass'
			<b>R1</b> to control / same, surface area $\checkmark$			<b>R1 ALLOW</b> same, surface area to volume ratio / SA:V <b>ALLOW I1</b> 'same <u>surface area</u> ' <b>+ R1</b> ' <u>surface area</u> affects rate of pigment loss' for 2 marks
			<ul> <li>I2 pieces from same beetroot OR pieces from same, part / depth / variety, of beetroot √</li> <li>R2 to control / same, pigment concentration √</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>I2 ALLOW plant for 'beetroot'</li> <li>I2 ALLOW species for 'variety'</li> <li>R2 ALLOW idea of pigment concentration varies / AW</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>I3 rinse / wash / wipe / dry, pieces ✓</li> <li>R3 to remove pigment released by, cutting / cell damage √</li> </ul>			<b>R3 ALLOW</b> to avoid artificially high absorbance reading
			l4 use, one / new, flask / tube, per, temperature / repeat $\checkmark$			<b>I4 ALLOW</b> add pieces when temperature reached <b>I4 ALLOW</b> different / new / fresh, pieces for each,
			<b>R4</b> to, test effect of / get absorbance for, one / single, temperature $\checkmark$			temperature / repeat <b>R4 ALLOW</b> so pieces experience a single temperature / so pieces not affected by previous temperature <b>OR</b> as used / old, pieces damaged by high temperatures / AW
1	(b)		temperature √	1	AO 3.3	DO NOT ALLOW room temperature
1	(c)	(i)	<ul> <li>1 linear scales using half of grid or more AND x axis labelled temperature (°C) AND y axis labelled (mean) absorbance (%) √</li> <li>2 points plotted correctly for mean absorbance √</li> </ul>	3	AO 2.4	<ul> <li>1 ALLOW solidus before unit (instead of brackets)</li> <li>2 ALLOW to <u>+</u>1 small square</li> <li>2 IGNORE figures plotted from trial 1, 2 or 3</li> <li>2 DO NOT ALLOW bars</li> </ul>
			<b>3</b> all points joined with curved line $\checkmark$			<ul> <li>3 DO NOT ALLOW ruled lines between points</li> <li>3 ALLOW one data point outside of curved line of best fit</li> <li>3 IGNORE line extended beyond first or last point</li> <li>3 ALLOW ECF for data plot from trial 1, 2 or 3</li> </ul>

H	H020/02		Mark Scheme	June 2022							
1	(c)	(ii)*	In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recogn Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the highe Statement (shown in italics): <ul> <li>award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has</li> <li>award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication State</li> </ul> <li>The science content determines the level.</li>	$_{\odot}$ award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has been met. $_{\odot}$ award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement have been missed.							
			The Communication Statement determines the mark within a level Level 3 (5–6 marks)	e <i>i.</i> 6	AO	Indicative points may include:					
			Full and detailed description of how the phospholipids in the cell	Ŭ	1.2	Explanation of results					
			membrane are affected by temperature, causing the structure of the		AO	At 20°C, membrane intact / impermeable / least permeable					
			plasma membrane to become disrupted with reference to the results		2.3						
			between 20°C and 70°C.		AO	At, low temperature / 30°C / 40°C / 50°C, pigment escapes					
			There is a well developed line of more miner which is also and		3.1	Through gaps between (moving) phospholipids					
			There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and			As temperature increases kinetic energy increases More, phospholipid movement / gaps					
			substantiated.			More, prospholipid movement / gaps					
						More, pigment loss / betalain release / colour in flask					
			Level 2 (3–4 marks)			Higher absorbance figure					
			A detailed description of how the phospholipids in the cell membrane			Graph curves upwards					
			are affected by temperature, causing the structure of the plasma								
			membrane to become disrupted with reference to the results between			At high temperature / 60°C / 70°C, membrane disrupted					
			20°C and 70°C.			Phospholipid, arrangement / bilayer, breaks down / melts					
			There is a line of responsing presented with some structure. The			Membrane, leaky / very permeable Large increase in, pigment loss / betalain release / AW					
			There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The			Large increase in absorbance figure					
			information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.			Graph curves up more steeply					
			Level 1 (1–2 marks)								
			A description of some of the effects on phospholipids in the cell			Structure of phospholipids					
			membrane of either high or low temperature with reference to the			Phosphate (and glycerol) head					
			results between 20°C and 70°C.			(Two) fatty acid / hydrocarbon, tails					
						Properties of phospholipids					
			There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The			Heads, are hydrophilic / face out / face aqueous medium					
			information is in the most part relevant.			Tails, are hydrophobic / face inwards / in centre of bilayer					
			0 marks			Phospholipids form bilayer					
			No response or no response worthy of credit.			Form barrier to, water / water-soluble molecules					
						IGNORE ref. proteins / cholesterol					

H	020/0	)2	Mark Scheme	Э		June 2022
1	(d)		1 percentage / absorbance / mean, higher √	2	3.3	
			2 water / ice, expansion, breaks / damages, membrane <b>OR</b> ice crystals, puncture / damage, membrane √			

	Question		Answer		Α	Guidance		
					0			
2	(a)	(i)	<ol> <li>(named) protein, synthesis / made √</li> <li>(named) organelle, replication / synthesis √</li> <li>energy stores increase √</li> <li>(replicated / new) DNA checked for errors √</li> </ol>	1 max	AO 1.2	<ol> <li>e.g. tubulin</li> <li>e.g. mitochondria</li> <li>ALLOW G2 checkpoint to ensure enough organelles</li> <li>ALLOW G2 checkpoint to ensure enough energy stores</li> </ol>		
2	(a)	(ii)	<ul> <li>5 DNA repair √</li> <li>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 3 award 1 mark</li> <li>3 √</li> </ul>	1	AO 2.2	ALLOW answer given on Fig. 2.1 ALLOW an answer anywhere between 2 and 4		

	H020	)/02		Mark Scheme	;						June 2022
2	(a)	(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINEIf answer = 18 (mm year $^{-1}$ ) award 2 marks $110 - 21$ OR $89$	2	AO 2.2	(cha	ange i rect ar	n <i>y</i> axis ÷ ch nswer alone f	for 2 marks	). E.g. workin	e growth rate ig & answer <b>OR</b>
			$\frac{110-21}{6-1} \text{ or } \frac{33}{5} \sqrt{18}$			If an ALI	nswer LOW I LOW ( year 0 1 3 6	given to mor ECF from car calculations f length (mm) 2 or 4 20.5 56.5 109.5 6 and 1) 110 109	$ \frac{56 - 21}{2} = 17.5 $ $ \frac{110 - 21}{5} = 17.8 $ To 3 signification of the second s	fig. <b>max 1 ma</b> (ii) figure for y axis readings 5 and 89.5 ÷ 5 5 and 88.5 ÷ 5	year 0 s as shown: 5 = 17.9 <b>OR</b> 5 = 17.7

_	H020	/02	Mark	Scheme	e					June 2022
2	(b)	(i)	(position / arrangement, of) chromosomes visible ✓	1	AO 2.7	with rest of a ALLOW to, ALLOW OF	cell / show up identify / dist A 'otherwise omatids / ge	different colou o / stand out, f inguish, chror we could not netic material	for 'visible' nosomes see chromo	somes'
2	(b)	(ii)	chromosomes lined up at, equator / metaphase plate $\checkmark$	1	AO 3.1	ALLOW mid	dle (of cell) f	for 'equator' hromatids for	'chromosom	nes'
2	(b)	(iii)	all columns with informative headings $\checkmark$	2	AO 3.2	IGNORE da	ta in table.			
			stages of mitosis in correct order $\checkmark$		0.2	Stage (	of	Number of	cells (counte	ed)
						mitosi		ent 1 Stu	dent 2	Student 3
						Propha	se 3		5	2
						Metapha	ase 1		0	5
						Anapha	se 3		4	0
						Telopha	ise 0		1	3
						OR				
								ber of cells (a	it stage of m	itosis)
						Student	Prophase	Metaphase	Anaphase	Telophase
						1	3	1	3	0
						2	5	0	4	1
						3	2	5	0	3
						ALLOW Am ALLOW Ph	al / test, for 'S ount for 'Nur ase for 'Stag dent 1, stude	nber'	3 on left in 2	nd table

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2	(C)		any three similarities from:	4	AO	
			S1 chromosomes consist of two (sister) chromatids $\checkmark$	max	2.5	
			S2 chromosomes / chromatids, condense $\checkmark$			S2 ALLOW nucleolus disappears
			S3 nuclear, envelope / membrane, breaks down √			
			S4 centrioles move to opposite, poles / ends of the cell $\checkmark$			S4 ALLOW centrosomes for 'centrioles'
			<b>S5</b> spindle (fibres) form(s) $\checkmark$			
			any three points unique to meiosis (differences):			
			<b>D6</b> meiosis has, prophase 1 and 2 / two prophases $\checkmark$			
			D7 homologous chromosomes pair / bivalents form / synapsis occurs, in prophase (1) √			
			<b>D8</b> crossing over occurs / chiasma(ta) form, in prophase (1) $\checkmark$			D8 DO NOT ALLOW crossing over between sister chromatids
			<b>D9</b> in prophase 2 chromatids are genetically different $\checkmark$			-

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	Quest		Answer	Mark	AO		Guidance			
3	(a)	(i)	glycosidic (bond)	2	AO 1.1	<b>IGNORE</b> numbers <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> condensation / water produced <b>ALLOW</b> description OH joins, one sugar / galactose, and H joins, the other / glucose (plus O from glycosidic bond)				
3	(a)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 (undigested) lactose lowers the water potential √</li> <li>2 water enters (the large intestine) by osmosis √</li> </ul>	2	AO 2.6	glucose / galacto	ria break down the lact ose, lower ψ ψ gradient for 'osmosi			
3	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>1 more than one, C=C / double bond (between carbons) √</li> <li>2 more than one, kink / bend √</li> <li>3 fewer H atoms √</li> </ul>	1 max	AO 1.1	1 ALLOW has de 2 ALLOW has, k	carbons)			
3	(b)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 (yes because) both fall 2006-2012 / 2006-2016 / 2002-2012 / 2002-2016√</li> <li>2 (no because) 1994-2002 / 1994-2006 / 2012-2016,</li> </ul>	3 max	AO 3.4	ALLOW (22-44 year olds / people) with high blood cholestero         with the condition, for 'hypercholesterolemia'         MPs 1 and 2 IGNORE single years (look for ranges)         time frame       change in % hypercholesterolemia         change in % hypercholesterolemia       change in CVD deaths				
			hypercholesterolemia rises but (CVD) deaths fall / two				in 20-44 age group	per 100 000		
			factors show opposite trends <b>OR</b>			1994 → 2002	13 → 16	270 → 220		
			2002-2006 / 2012-2016 /1994-2016, hypercholesterolemia does not change but (CVD) deaths fall <b>OR</b>			2002 → 2006	16 → 16	220 → 185		
			no positive correlation in 1994-2006 and 2012-2016 $\checkmark$			2006 → 2012	16 → 12	185 → 150		
						2012 → 2016	12 → 13	150 → 145		
			<ul> <li>3 % hypercholesterolemia figure and CVD deaths figure per 100 000 people for two named years √</li> <li>4 correlation does not (necessarily) imply causation √</li> <li>5 other (named) factor affects death rate (from CVD) √</li> </ul>			<b>3 ALLOW</b> proce <b>5</b> e.g. obesity, ph	nysical inactivity, alcoh factors, other (named)	VD figs <u>+</u> 10 12 CVD decreases by 35 ol use, nicotine use, othe health problems, medica		

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3 (c)		3 max	AO 3.4	ALLOW max 1 mark for 2 errors identified without corrections OR for 2 corrections without errors OR for 1 error + 1 (different) correction
	<ol> <li>(A) it is not atrioventricular node (AVN), it is sino-atrial node (SAN) √</li> <li>(B) atrioventricular valve doesn't open, it closes √</li> <li>(B) the pressure in the aorta doesn't fall, it rises √</li> <li>(C) semilunar valve doesn't open, it closes √</li> </ol>			<ul> <li>2 ALLOW in <u>B</u> it is not the atrioventricular valve that opens it is the semi-lunar valve</li> <li>4 ALLOW it is not the semi-lunar valve that opens it is the, atrioventricular / bicuspid / mitral, valve</li> </ul>

0	Quest	ion	Answer	Mark	Α	Guidance
					0	
4	(a)	(i)	phagocyte / neutrophil ✓	1	AO	ALLOW (non-human) macrophage
					1.1	IGNORE leucocyte / white blood cell
4	(a)	(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE	2	AO	
			lf answer = 14 or 15 (μm) award 2 marks		2.8	
			14mm ÷ 950 = 0.0147mm ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> answer given to <b>3 significant figures for 2 marks</b> e.g. 13.7 / 14.2 / 14.7μm
			0.0147 x 1000 = 15µm ✓			If answer given to more than 3 sig. fig. max 1 mark
			ο.ο.++ x 1000 - 10μm ν			ALLOW (13 000 ÷ 950) = 13.7µm for 2 marks
						ALLOW (13 500 ÷ 950) = 14.2µm for 2 marks
						If final answer incorrect <b>award 1 mark</b> for <b>two clearly shown</b> correct steps in working (other than 1 plus 4). <b>IGNORE</b> crossed-out working.
						<pre>steps in working: 1 (diameter with units =) 13 / 13.5 / 14mm OR 1.3 / 1.35 / 1.4cm 2 divide by 950 2 convert FITUER original diameter OR encours to um</pre>
						<ul> <li>3 convert EITHER original diameter OR answer to μm (mm → μm x 1000, cm → μm x 10 000)</li> <li>4 round to 2 significant figures</li> </ul>
4	(a)	(iii)	made up of different cells / not made up of different tissues $\checkmark$	1	AO 1.1	IGNORE differentiated cells ALLOW two or more named blood cells for 'different'

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4	(b)	(i)	artificial active (immunity) ✓	1	AO 1.1	
4	(b)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 low shallow hump labelled 'primary' first and higher steeper hump labelled 'secondary' later √</li> <li>2 primary starts at 5-10 days and secondary at 25-28 days √</li> </ul>	2	AO 2.1	<ul> <li>1 IGNORE timing</li> <li>1 ALLOW curve that plateaus and does not come back down</li> <li>2 ECF missing label</li> </ul>
4	(b)	(iii)	<ol> <li>(memory cells) divide to form plasma cells √</li> <li>plasma cells, produce / release, antibodies (rapidly) √</li> <li>antibodies, bind to / disable / destroy, antigen / virus √</li> </ol>	2 max	AO 1.2 AO 2.1	<b>3 ALLOW</b> pathogen for 'virus'
4	(c)		<ul> <li>1 phagocyte engulfs pathogen in a, vesicle / phagosome / endosome ✓</li> <li>2 lysosomes combine with, phagosome / vesicle / endosome ✓</li> <li>3 (lysosyme) enzymes, break down / digest / destroy, pathogen ✓</li> </ul>	3	AO 1.1	<ul> <li>1 ALLOW encloses / traps / captures / AW for 'engulfs'</li> <li>1 ALLOW vacuole for 'vesicle'</li> <li>2 ALLOW fuse with / join to / attach to / bind to, for 'combine'</li> <li>3 IGNORE combat / fight / attack, for 'destroy'</li> <li>3 DO NOT ALLOW lysozymes for 'enzymes'</li> </ul>
4	(d)	(i)	<ul> <li>1 CO₂ + water form carbonic acid √</li> <li>2 carbonic acid dissociates giving, H+ / protons √</li> <li>3 H⁺ / protons, bind to Hb √</li> <li>4 so CO₂ can be carried as HCO₃⁻ √</li> </ul>	2 max	AO 2.5	
	(d)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 more CO₂ during exercise so curve shifts to right √</li> <li>2 at same PO₂ Hb has a lower % saturation of oxygen √</li> <li>3 so oxygen, dissociates / is released, from Hb more readily √</li> <li>4 more oxygen (provided / needed) for, muscles / aerobic respiration √</li> </ul>	2 max	AO 1.2 AO 2.5	<ul><li>2 ALLOW haemoglobin's affinity for oxygen is decreased</li><li>4 ALLOW to help supply sufficient oxygen to muscles</li></ul>

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Question	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance				
5*	<ul> <li>Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.</li> <li>In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.)</li> <li>Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which of the level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.</li> <li>Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, according to the Communication Statement (shown in italics): <ul> <li>award the higher mark where the Communication Statement has been met.</li> <li>award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement have been missed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The science content determines the level.</li> <li>The Communication Statement determines the mark within a level.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Level 3 (5–6 marks) A full and detailed account of the changes that take place during inspiration and the similarities and differences between the apparatus and the ventilation system in mammals, including correct reference to volume and pressure changes. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) A detailed account of the changes that take place during inspiration, and some of the similarities and differences given between the apparatus and the ventilation system in mammals. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) An account of some of the changes that take place during inspiration. Must mention at least one correct comparison with the apparatus in and the ventilation system in mammals. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.</li></ul>	6	AO 1.1 AO 2.1 AO 2.3	Indicative points can include: How used: Pull down, elastic sheet / button, at base to make balloons expand + Models diaphragm muscle contracting / diaphragm flattening Volume in bell jar, gets bigger / increases + Models thorax volume increase Pressure in bell jar, gets lower / decreases + Models thorax pressure decrease Air pressure outside now higher than in bell jar + Models higher pressure outside lungs Air pushed into balloons / balloons fill + Models air, pushed into / inflating, lungs Appropriateness: + Glass tubing represents trachea + Two balloons to model two lungs + Elastic sheet represents diaphragm - Sides of bell jar cannot change shape - Cannot model rib cage, expanding / moving up and out - Cannot model contraction of external intercostal muscles IGNORE expiration, elastic sheet stretching DO NOT CREDIT steps in model or mammal process in reverse sequence				
	<b>0 marks</b> No response or no response worthy of credit.			(+ = similarity, – = difference)				

H020/02		)2			June 2022			
	Question		Answer			Mark	AO	Guidance
6	(a)	(i)	(look larger) to, scare / deter, predators $\checkmark$ protection $\checkmark$			1 max	AO 1.1	IGNORE attract mates / camouflage
6	(a)	(ii)	<u>Uraba</u>			1	AO 1.1	
6	(a)	(iii)	Taxonomic descriptionPhylum ArthropodaOrder LepidopteraKingdom AnimaliaClass Insecta	Hierarchical position 2 4 1 3		1	AO 2.1	
6	(b)		<ul> <li>1 (pale and) dark / colour difference, due to, genetic variation / (different) alleles / (random) mutation √</li> <li><i>in, industrial / polluted / urban / lichen-free, area:</i></li> <li>2 pale, selected against / eaten / less likely to survive OR dark, selected for / not eaten / more likely to survive √</li> <li>3 (more) dark, reproduce / pass on <u>allele</u> / pass on mutation OR fewer / no, pale, reproduce / pass on their <u>allele</u> √</li> <li>4 <u>frequency</u> of <u>allele</u> for, dark colour increases / pale colour decreases √</li> </ul>			4	AO 1.2 AO 2.1	<ul> <li>1 look for statement</li> <li>ALLOW REVERSE ARGUMENTS in, non-industrial / unpolluted / rural / lichen-rich, area:</li> <li>2 pale, selected for / not eaten / more likely to survive OR dark, selected against / eaten / less likely to survive</li> <li>3 (more) pale, reproduce / pass on their <u>allele</u> OR fewer / no, dark, reproduce / pass on <u>allele</u> / pass on mutation</li> <li>4 frequency of <u>allele</u> for, pale colour increases / dark colour decreases</li> </ul>
6	(c)		<ul> <li>1 not closely related / no (recent) common ancestor / evolved separately, as, in different (named) families OR live / evolved, in different parts of the world √</li> <li>2 adapted / evolved, similarly / for same niche / for soil, as, both have / share, streamlined shape / modified fore limbs / velvety fur / diet of grubs and worms √</li> </ul>			2	AO 1.2 AO 2.6	<ul> <li><b>1 ALLOW</b> different (named), countries / continents for 'parts of the world'</li> <li><b>2 ALLOW</b> developed to suit, same environment / same diet / soil, for 'adapted similarly' idea</li> </ul>

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