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Q1: Give a definition of active transport.

A= movement against a concentration gradient from a low concentration to a high concentration.

Q2: What is the difference between active transport and osmosis?

A= 1 mark awarded for each point.

- Osmosis moves molecules with the concentration gradient
- Active transport moves molecules against the concentration gradient

Q3: What proteins do cells use to move molecules across the concentration gradient in active transport?

A= Carrier Molecules (Carrier proteins)

Q4: i) How do plants make use of active transport in ion uptake?

A= Take ions from low concentrations of soil

(1 mark)

ii) Why do plants require ions?

A= Healthy Growth/ chlorophyll production/ proteins/ cell division

(1 mark)

(2 marks)

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

Q5: The human body also uses active transport to move sugar molecules. Where does the body get sugar molecules from and why are they needed?

A= 1 mark for Diet/ Gut/ Intestine/ Digestive System

1 mark for, Respiration/Energy

(2 marks)

Q6: Explain the differences and similarities between osmosis, diffusion and active transport.

A=1 mark awarded for each point (max 6)

- Osmosis Water
 - High Concentration to low concentration
 - Passive / Doesn't use energy
- Diffusion All Molecules apart from Water
 - High Concentration to low concentration
 - Passive / Doesn't use energy
- Active Transport In cells
 - Low Concentration to high concentration
 - Molecules move across the cell membrane
 - Proteins/ carriers used.
 - Uses energy

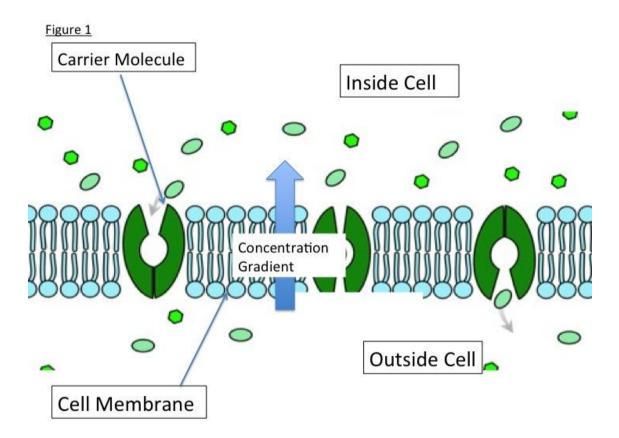
(6 marks)

Q7: What method is used to carry glucose into the blood stream?

A= Active Transport

(1 mark)

Q8: Figure 1 shows the process of active transport. Fill in the following labels and show the correct movement of molecules. Include inside and outside of the cell as two of your answers.



A= 1 mark awarded for each correct label.

(4 marks)
Q9: What part of the plant takes up ions from water in the soil?
A= Root cell hairs

(1 mark)
Q10: Give an example of human cells that use active transport.

A= Accept one of the following

Villi/ intestinal cell
Epithelial Cells

• Red Blood Cell

(1 mark)