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Q1: Explain how plants store glucose.	
A= Starch	
	(1 mark)
Q2: Give 2 ways plants use the glucose produced by photosynthesis.	
A= Any 2 of the following:	
 Make lipids Make cellulose Make amino acids 	
	(2 marks)
Q3: Discuss the ways a plant can store starch.	(
A= Any 2 of the following:	
 Cells in leaves Tubers 	
 Bulbs 	(2 marks)
Q4: i) Explain how the presence of starch in a plant can be measured.	
A= 1 mark for each of the following:	
Heat to remove waxy cuticleHeat in ethanol to remove colour	
 Rinse in hot water to soften 	
Add iodine solution	
 If starch present – blue/ black 	(5 marks)
ii) Why must the colour be removed before testing with iodine?	(o mano)
A= Masks colour change.	(1 mark)
Q5: Explain how plants use glucose to make amino acids.	
A= Combine sugars and nitrate ions	<i>(</i> 7 – 1)

Q6: Discuss why some plants can live in poor nitrate soils and give an example of a soil type and a plant that has adapted to poor nitrate soil.

A= 1 mark environment, 1 mark example:

- Environment Bogs/ Peat bogs
- Plant example Carnivorous plants accept any eg Venus flytrap.

1 mark for each point:

Cant grow minerals too low
Survival – take minerals from insects – digestive enzymes

Q7: Give an example of a lipid store in plants.

A= Seeds (1 mark) Q8: Why are some algal cells being considered as a biofuel? A= Rich in oil

(1 mark)

(4 marks)